

Management of short cervix

in individuals without a history of spontaneous preterm birth

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- DIAGNOSIS OF SHORT CERVIX-

18 to 22-weeks

Assessment of cervical length (CI) should be done using either a transabdominal or transvaginal ultrasound (TVU)*

*insufficient data to recommend a specific threshold measurement that should trigger TVU



We recommend using a midtrimester CI of \leq 25mm for diagnosis in individuals with a singleton gestation and no prior history of spontaneous PTB



These individuals have a b-fold increased risk of preterm birth

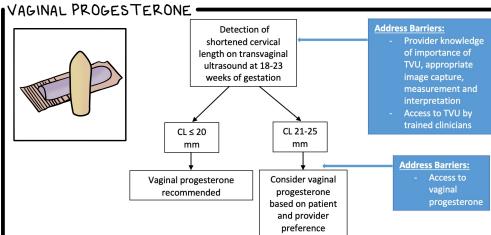


We recommend that all Cl measurements used to guide therapy be performed using TVU



Preterm birth (PTB) is the leading cause of perinatal morbidity and mortality in the United States

- INTERVENTIONS -



• insufficient data to recommend a specific formulation or dose

the most studied formulations are 90 mg (8%)
progesterone gel and 200 mg micronized
progesterone

Risks/Contraindications

- Many formulations contain peanut oil
 (gel formulations do not)
- Typical contraindications to progesterone hormonal therapy (eg hormone receptor-positive breast cancer)

CERVICAL CERCLAGE -



In individuals without a history of PTB and sonographic short cervix

recommend against cerclage placement in the absence of cervical dilation

consider exam to assess for cervical dilation & candidacy for exam-indicated cerclage

consider cerclage even in the absence of dilation, based on shared decision making

NOT RECOMMENDED



17-OHPC

We recommend that 17-OHPC, including compounded formulations, not be prescribed for the treatment of short cervix



CERVICAL PESSARY

We recommend that cervical pessary not be placed for the prevention of PTB in individuals with a singleton gestation and a short cervix

TWIN GESTATION

2

25

2

0



For an individual with a twin gestation, a diagnosis of short cervix, and no prior PTB:

We recommend against routine use of progesterone, pessary, or cerclage for treatment of cervical shortening in twin gestations outside the context of a clinical trial

