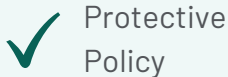


Key Policies Impacting Access to Abortion Care*

- **Abortion care is banned at “fetal viability,”** with exceptions to save the pregnant person’s life or health (including mental health)
- ✓ **No waiting period or mandated counseling**
- ✓ **A shield law** protects abortion care providers from investigations by other states; may cover patients and support organizations
- ✓ **State Medicaid covers abortion care**, as does private insurance
- ✓ **No parental notice requirement**



Protective
Policy



Somewhat
Protective Policy



Restrictive
Policy

Current Efforts to Change Access to Abortion Care

Legislative: Use our [interactive map](#) to see what policies have been introduced in the state legislature that would impact access to abortion care.

Ballot Measure: On Election Day in November, New York voters will decide on [Proposition 1, or the Equal Rights Amendment](#), which would establish constitutional protections against discrimination based on one’s “ethnicity, national origin, age, disability, and sex—including their sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, pregnancy and pregnancy outcomes, reproductive healthcare and autonomy.”

*Policy information from [Abortion Finder](#) and [Guttmacher Institute](#)