

### Key Policies Impacting Access to Abortion Care\*

- ✗ **Abortion care is banned at 12 weeks and later**, with exceptions to save the pregnant person's life or health and in cases of rape or incest
- ✗ **24-hour waiting period** between mandatory in-person counseling and abortion care
- ✗ **State Medicaid and private insurance coverage of abortion care is banned** except in limited circumstances
- ✗ **Parental consent** is required for minors



Protective  
Policy



Somewhat  
Protective Policy



Restrictive  
Policy

### Current Efforts to Change Access to Abortion Care

**Legislative:** Use our [interactive map](#) to see what policies have been introduced in the state legislature that would impact access to abortion care.

**Ballot Measure:** On Election Day in November, Nebraska voters will decide two ballot measures:

- The [Protect the Right to Abortion initiative](#) would establish protections for abortion care up until fetal viability as determined by clinicians, with exceptions for the life or health of the pregnant person.
- The [Protect Women and Children initiative](#) would ban abortion care in the second and third trimesters, with exceptions for medical emergencies, rape, or incest.

\*Policy information from [Abortion Finder](#) and [Guttmacher Institute](#)