#### A Time for Transformation: Exploring Diversity and Inclusion Initiatives in the Pennsylvania Psychological Association

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Pronouns: She/Her/Hers



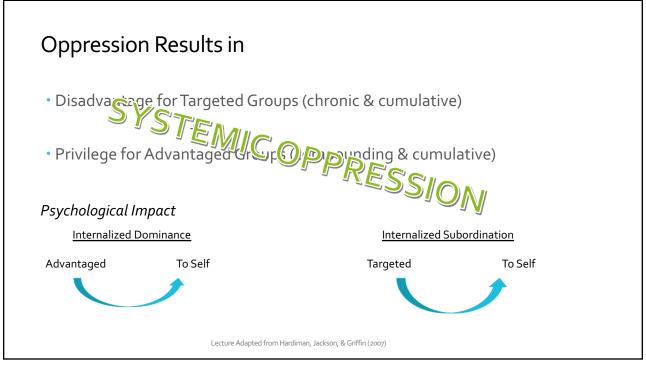
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#### Goals For Today

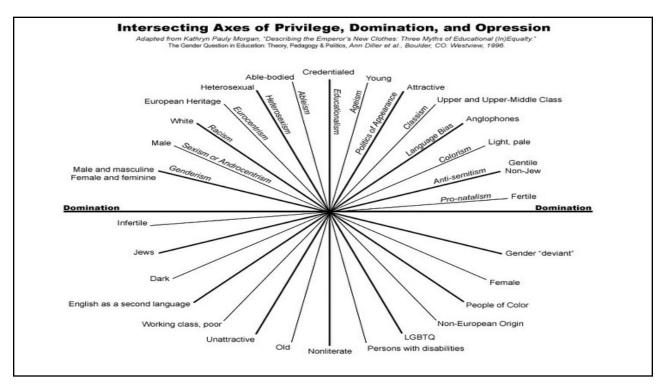
- Define Diversity/Inclusion, Equity, & Antiracism
- Describe the current state of affairs of DEI work in psychology (APA)
- Describe DEI Framework Model
- · Discuss PPA's antiracism efforts and needs assessment
- Describe ways PPA will begin to actively incorporate antiracist practices into the organization



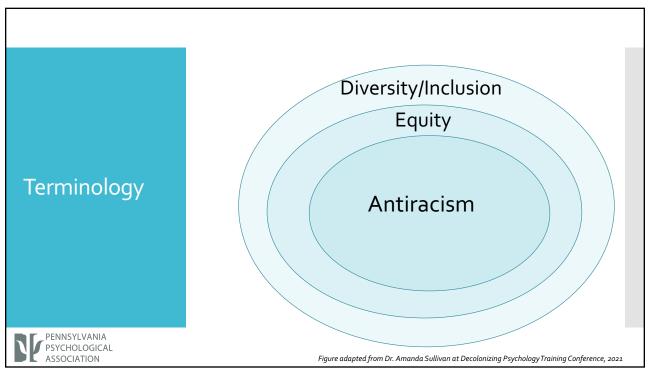












What is antiracism work in psychology?

"An anti-racist approach is not merely a political or racialized stance but <u>an</u> <u>epistemological grounding that recognizes that the structures, systems</u> <u>and processes of society</u> at every level are established on a belief that non-whites are inferior. <u>Anti-racism work battles the 500-year appropriation</u> of every intellectual strategy, political ideology, artistic expression, spiritual tenet, and philosophical treatise molded <u>to form a reality that often goes</u> <u>unquestioned and violently punishes</u> those that do question it...Anti-racist <u>question the very fabric of knowledge and knowledge production and</u> <u>challenges the very givens of the known world."</u> (Yearwood, 2021)

https://www.anthropology.pitt.edu/anthropology-and-anti-racism

# Antiracism work involves changes to the foundation

Quote reference from Dr. Amanda Sullivan at Decolonizing Psychology Training Conference

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#### **APA Efforts**



# Development of various practice guidelines (Sexual Orientation, Transgender, Elderly, Children, Disabilities, etc.) Multicultural Guidelines & Layered Ecological Model (2017) APA Resolutions (2021) EDI Framework EDI Framework

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# APA's Resolutions Released in February 2021 PENNSYLVANIA PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION



#### Gender Identity Change Efforts (2021)

- Refers to the range of techniques used by mental health professionals and non-professionals with the goal of changing gender identity, gender expression, or associated components of these to be in alignment with sex assigned at birth (SAMHSA, 2015)
- ...Evidence supports psychologists in their professional roles to use affirming and culturally relevant approaches with individuals of diverse gender expressions and identities.

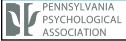


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# Harnessing Psychology to Combat Racism: Adopting a Uniform Definition and Understanding

- ...[P]sychologists should consider the following four levels of racism in designing and implementing antiracist research, education, training, policy, and clinical applications through the lens of intersectionality.
  - Structural racism
  - Institutional racism
  - Interpersonal racism
  - Internalized racism





#### APA, Psychology, and Human Rights

Five Connection Framework

- 1. Psychologist possess human rights by virtue of being human as well as specific rights essential to their professional and discipline
- 2. Psychologist apply their knowledge and methods to the greater realization of human rights
- Psychologist respect human rights and oppose the misuse of psychological science, practice, and applications and their negative impact on human rights
- 4. Psychologist advance equal access to the benefits of psychological science and practice
- 5. Psychologist advocate for human rights.

...[W]hile human rights are guaranteed to all in theory, the degree to which they are actualized is dependent upon power and privilege, often denied to those with marginalized identities...



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#### Sexual Orientation **Change Efforts**

- · ...Psychologists are aware of and respect cultural, individual, and role differences, including those based on gender, gender identity, sexual orientation and other individual differences.
- · ...APA encourages psychologist to use an affirming, multicultural, and evidence-based approach with individuals of all sexual orientations and identities, and to be aware of multiple and intersecting cultural factors, such as those associated with ability, age, class, education, ethnicity, race, and spirituality in conceptualization, treatment, research, and teaching about sexual minorities who are questioning their sexual orientation or experience conflict related to sexual orientation.

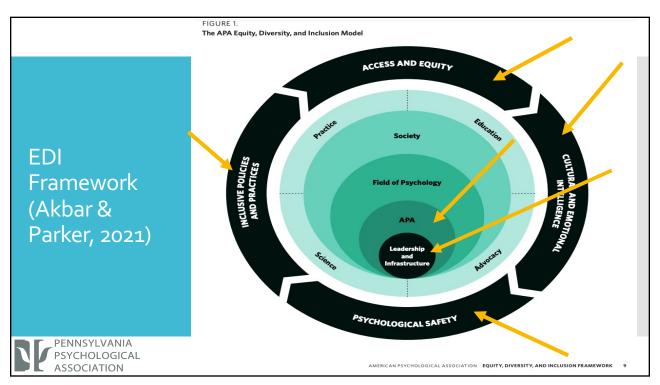


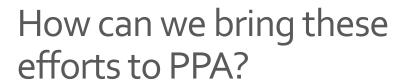
# Equity, Diversity, & Inclusion Framework

American Psychological Association Change Efforts
Dr. Maysa Akbar & APA's Equity, Diversity, and Inclusion Office



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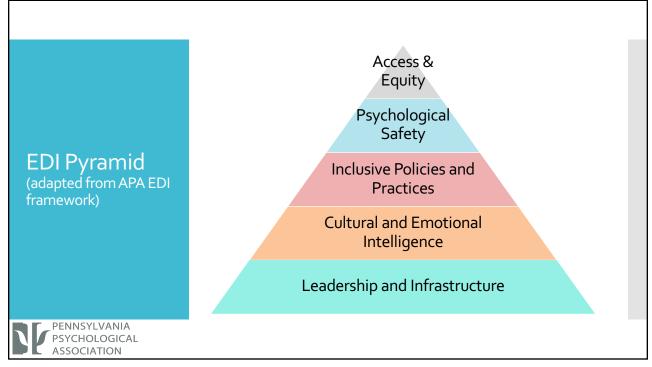




Adapted from APA's Equity, Diversity, and Inclusion Framework



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#### Leadership & Infrastructure

• **<u>Definition:</u>** Maintenance, further creation, and implementation within PPA of structures (e.g., offices, committees), job positions, policies, procedures, and practices that support leadership for EDI and build and support an infrastructure for EDI influence

#### · Plan:

- · Leadership (executive committee, board, committee chairs, general assembly) training and accountability
- Development of mission statement to include diversity/inclusion initiatives
- Support of initiatives around diversity/inclusion



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#### Cultural and **Emotional** Intelligence

• **Definition:** Education and training of all members, volunteer leaders, and staff to enhance their knowledge, skills, and capability to adapt in diverse environments with confidence, and to make informed judgements based on observations and evidence as opposed to stereotypes and biases. Focuses on centering the values, beliefs, and attitudes of people from different cultures, while responding with informed empathy and real understanding.

#### Plan:

- "We don't know what we don't know"
- Focused work on self-reflection and self-awareness
- Development of common language around diversity and inclusion



#### Multicultural Orientation Framework

(Hook, Davis, Owen, & DeBaere, 2017)

- Assumptions
  - · Co-create cultural expressions
  - Way of being with clients vs. a way of doing therapy
  - Attention to cultural processes leads to connection
  - A strong multicultural orientation enhances knowledge of self and other
- Three Pillars
  - Cultural Humility
  - Cultural Opportunities
  - · Cultural Comfort

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#### Inclusive Polices and Practices

- <u>Definition</u>: Maintenance, further creation, and implementation of inclusive polices, procedures, and practices within the organization.
- · Plan:
  - Evaluation of mission statement
  - Following and adjusting the strategic plan



# Psychological Safety:

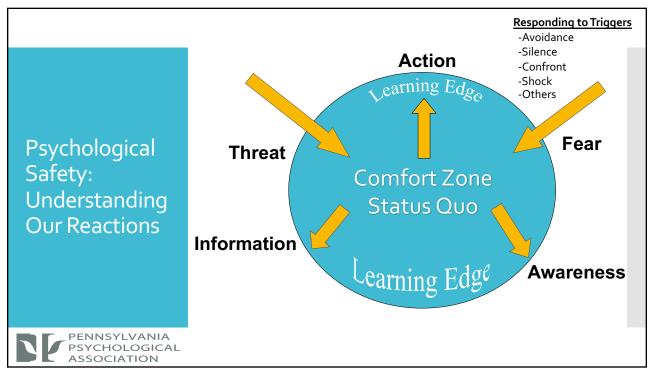
• <u>Definition:</u> A psychologically safe environment – among staff, members, volunteers, committees,; and at all gatherings (in-person or virtual), such as conventions, meetings, that foster the full inclusion and safe engagement of people of all social identities and social identity intersections, prioritizing those who are societally marginalized and/or underrepresented.

#### • Plan:

- Delineating comfort vs. safety
- · Comfort zones, learning edges, triggers
- Acknowledge and address metacommunications
- · Engage in and manage difficult conversations



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Yesterday's ODI Taskforce Meet-up

I hold back because...



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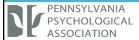
## Access & Equity

- <u>Definition:</u> Continue to promote diversity, social justice, and equity within the organization. Prioritizes its commitment to fostering the engagement and participation in PPA of marginalized groups and groups that have been historically underrepresented in our society.
- Plan:
  - Inclusion and support of special interest groups
  - · Advocacy and legislation
  - Membership dues and rates
  - Others?



#### Plan for Implementation

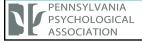
- Assessment Phase
  - What has PPA been doing?
  - Needs assessment with a focus on strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, & threats
- ODI Taskforce
- Individual accountability
- · Workshops, trainings, & special interest groups



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#### Assessment Phase: Current PPA Efforts

- Creation of Diversity and Inclusion Officer position
- ODI appointed member on Nominations and Awards Committee
- Virtual meet-ups for BIPOC, LGBTQ
- Board of Directors reading "How to be an Antiracist" by Dr. Ibram Kendi
- PPAGS Diversity Series
- PA Psychologist focus on themes of antiracism
- Others?



#### Needs Assessment

- Meetings w/committee chairs & board directors
  - Focus on strengths, weaknesses, opportunities & threats
- Strengths
  - Openness to change
  - Commitment to the process and journey
  - Current efforts in PPA
- Weaknesses
- Opportunities
- Threats



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#### Needs Assessment

- Meetings w/committee chairs & board directors
  - Focus on strengths, weaknesses, opportunities & threats
- Strengths
- Weaknesses
  - Struggles with representation
  - "We don't know what we don't know"
  - Meaning of allyship
- Opportunities
- Threats



#### Needs Assessment

- Meetings w/committee chairs & board directors
  - Focus on strengths, weaknesses, opportunities & threats
- Strengths
- Weaknesses
- Opportunities
  - Increase in graduate student membership
  - Advocacy efforts
  - COVID-19 has opened the door to new policy and change
  - Racial injustices now have a spotlight
- Threats



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#### Needs Assessment

- Meetings w/committee chairs & board directors
  - Focus on strengths, weaknesses, opportunities & threats
- Strengths
- Weaknesses
- Opportunities
- Threats
  - Loss of momentum
  - Moving plan to action
  - Avoidance of difficult conversations



#### **ODITaskforce**

- Serves as a "Think Tank"
- · Assists in implementation of proposed plan
- Serves as appointees on committees as needed
- Develop workshops and trainings for leadership

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# Implicit Bias, Metacommunications, & Microaggressions

Individual Accountability: Knowing ourselves and self-reflection



#### **Implicit Bias**

- Attitudes or stereotypes that affect our understanding, actions, and decisions in an unconscious manner
- Often used in negative manner but bias simply means an evaluation of a belief
- Our thoughts are operating outside of our conscious awareness



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# Dynamics of Communication

- Conscious communication
  - · No guess work
  - Communications are happening within one's consciousness
- Metacommunication
  - Outside the level of awareness of the perpetrator
  - Must explicitly acknowledge metacommunication in order to begin to evoke change
- Example: "You are so well spoken?"
  - What is the conscious communication?
  - · What is the metacommunication?



#### Manifestation of Implicit Bias: Microaggressions



- Involve explicit and intentional acts of racism, prejudice, or discrimination
- Microinvalidations
  - Deny the experience of a cultural group
- Microinsults
  - Subtle, often unconscious messages that put down an individual's cultural group



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### Thought Questions:

- How many times have you when sitting with a colleague or client had one of these experiences where you found yourself automatically rationalizing the behavior of another?
  - What might be the impact on your colleague and/or client?
  - How might it impact your ability to work with your colleague and/or diagnose and conceptualize your client's concerns?
- How many have had these types of experiences and not felt heard when you tried to share them?



#### Dynamic Interpersonal and Intrapersonal Process

• Who are the players in these interactions?

#### Targeted Group

- Marginalized individuals who are objects of prejudice and discrimination expressed through the microaggression.
- The individuals are often left to feel that they caused the problem.
- They may also oscillate between internal (survival and self-care) and external (confronting the source) objectives in dealing with bias and discrimination.



Sue et al., 2019

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#### Impact of Microaggressions: Target

- · Feelings of isolation
- Depression
- Intrusive thoughts
- · Anger and/or irritable behavior
- Hypervilgilance
- · Low self-esteem
- Avoidance
- · Exaggerated negative beliefs about the world
- Exaggerated stress response (fight, flight, or freeze)
- Mistrust of systems



Sue et al., 2019

# Allies & Bystanders



#### Allies

- Individuals who belong to a dominant social group who actively work toward the eradication of prejudicial practices they witness in both their personal and professional lives.
- Involves internal and painful self-reckoning, and commitment to external action
- Understanding to ways systems reinforce oppression and privilege

#### Bystander

- Anyone who is aware of and/or witnesses unjust behavior or practices that are worthy of comment or action.
- Superficially developed or a nebulous awareness of biased behaviors, and of institutional polices and practices
- Difficulty labeling a biased active and may provide a rationalization for the behavior

Sue et al., 2019

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#### Psychological Impact of Acknowledging Privilege

- Anger
- Fear
- Guilt
- Shame
- Dissonance
- Silence
- Denial
- Others?





# Thought Questions

- Where do you get your narratives?
- What stories were you told?
- What stories do you need to challenge?



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#### Individual Accountability

Importance of knowing ourselves and self-reflection



#### Reflection Exercise: My Life Map

- A visual representation of your socialization process as it relates to your individual experiences.
- Use pictures, words, blurbs, or symptoms to create your map.
- Thinking about your life's journey in relationship to the social identities within the ADDRESSING (Hays, 2016) model.
- Growing up, what message(s) were you given about your social identities?
- How do these messages impact your perceptions and behavior today?
- · How do these messages impact your clinical work?
- How do these messages impact your comfort/discomfort with difficult conversations?

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# How do I intervene & hold myself accountable?

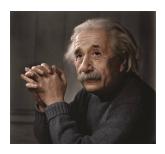
Engage in self-reflection and increase self-awareness



### Silence/Inaction is Collusion

"The world is a dangerous place to live, not because of the people who are evil, but because of the people who don't do anything about it"

~Albert Einstein



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Sue, Alsaidi, Awad, Glaeser, Calle, & Mendez (2019)

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# Strategies for Intervention

#### **Four Major Goals**

- Make the "Invisible" Visible
- · Disarm the Microaggression
- Educate the Perpetrator
- Seek External Reinforcement and Support



Sue, Alsaidi, Awad, Glaeser, Calle, & Mendez (2019)

#### Make the "Invisible" Visible

- Develop mental perception and understanding
- · Name the innuendo to disempower it
- Make the meta-communication explicit
- Challenge the stereotype
- Broaden the ascribed trait to a universal human behavior
- Ask for clarification
- · Run your observations by allies who can relate



Sue, Alsaidi, Awad, Glaeser, Calle, & Mendez (2019)

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# Disarm the Microaggression

- Express disagreement
- State values and set limits
- Describe what is happening
- Use an exclamation
- Use non-verbal communication
- Interrupt and redirect



Sue, Alsaidi, Awad, Glaeser, Calle, & Mendez (2019)

## Educate the Offender

- Point out the commonality
- · Appeal to the offender's values and principles
- Differentiate between intent and impact
- Promote empathy
- Point to how they benefit



Sue, Alsaidi, Awad, Glaeser, Calle, & Mendez (2019)

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# Seek External Intervention

- Alert authorities
- Report the act
- Seek therapy/counseling
- Seek support through spirituality/religion/community
- Set up a buddy system
- Attend support groups



Sue, Alsaidi, Awad, Glaeser, Calle, & Mendez (2019)

#### Final Thoughts: Individual Accountability

- Spheres of influence
- Stay on top of your biases
- Using one's privilege
- Acknowledging intent vs. impact
- · Speak up, even when you are uncomfortable
- Evaluate your beliefs, values, and morals
- What are you willing to give up?
- Who will you hold accountable? How?
- · Leaders need to lead by example
- It takes a village



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#### What's next?

- Continued assessment of needs
- Focused workshops on making the invisible visible
- Education of leadership
- · Evaluating issues of access and equity
- Special interest groups (SIGS)



