SUPPORT IN ADOL	TING LONG TE ESCENTS	RM RECOV	Ö X Ö Ery	*	(ÖX

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YOUNG PEOPLE AGES 12-20 MAKE UP 11% OF ALCOHOL CONSUMED IN THE US

68% OF all 12 graders have consumed alcohol

21% REPORTED BINGE DRINKING WITHIN THE PRIOR 30 DAYS

22% REPORT DRIVING IN A CAR WITH AN INTOXICATED PERSON

10% DROVE INTOXCIATED

MOST REPORT OBTAINING ALCOHOL IS EXTREMELY EASY

HAND SANITIZER CAN BE DISTILLED AND DRANK, THIS IS EXTREMELY DANGEROUS AS THE ABV IS EXTREMELY HIGH

ADOLESCENTS WHO REPORT ALCOHOL USE REPORT BINGE DRINKING AS MOST COMMON WAY THEY DRINK

VAPING

Extremely common and accepted among teens

Specifically marketed to teens with candy flavors and fun looking devices

No perceived risk by teens

Extremely easy to obtain

No idea what is actually in the vape (level of nicotine)

Makes moving to dab pens/THC vaping an easy transition

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IN SURVEY COMPLETED IN 2020, MORE HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS REPORTED SMOKING THC THAN CIGARETTES

OVERALL PERCEPTION OF TEENS IS THE HAS MINIMAL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH USE

10% OF "A" STUDENTS REPORT USE OF THC, 48% OF "D and F" STUDENTS REPORT USE

13% OF THOSE WHO BEGIN USE AS A TEEN BECOME DEPENDENT ON THC 3.300 TEENS TRY THE FOR THE FIRST TIME EACH DAY

35% OF12TH GRADERS HAVE SMOKED WEED IN THE PAST YEAR

21% HAD SMOKED IN THE LAST MONTH

6% ADMITTED TO DAILY USE

81% STATED IT IS EASY TO OBTAIN WEED

32% OF 12TH GRADERS FEEL REGULAR USE IS HARMFUL

DELTA 8

THIS IS A HEMP DERIVATIVE (MINOR CANNABANOID)
FULLY LEGAL (AT THIS TIME) IN ALL STATES DUE TO LOOPHOLE IN THE FARM BILL
CHEMICALLY ONLY ONE DOUBLE BOND SEPARATES IT FROM DELTA 9 THC
CAN BE BOUGHT AT MOST ALL VAPE SHOPS
IS CONSIDERED TO BE THIC "LIGHT" AND IS INTOXICATING
PRODUCES FEELINGS OF EUPHORIA WITH LOWER PSYCHOACTIVE IMPACT THAN DELTA 9 THC
THE HIGH IS REPORTED TO BE A LESS INTENSE HIGH
BECOMING MORE POPULAR DUE TO EASY ACCESS AND LEGALITY
THERE IS NO REGULATION OF DELTA 8 THC
MUST BE 21 TO PURCHASE

THC AND THE TEEN BRAIN

MAY TEST POSITIVE FOR THC ON DRUG TESTS

DABS AND EDIBLES HAVE NO SCENT OR MINIMAL SCENT, MAKING DETECTION DIFFICULT

DABS ARE BECOMING VERY POPULAR WITH TEENS

THE CONCERN IS THE EXTREMELY HIGH CONCENTRATION OF THC

IMPACT: RAPID ADDICTION CYCLE

CAN TRIGGER PSYCHOSIS AND MOOD DISORDERS

HIGH LEVEL THC PRODUCTS CAN TRIGGER VOMITING SYNDROME, SEVERE INSOMNIA, LOSS OF APPETITE, REBOUND ANXIETY AND DEPRESSION

LOSS OF APPETITE, REBOUND ANXIETY AND DEPRESSION THIS IS A NEW ISSUE AND MORE RESEARCH IS NEEDED

LONG TERM IMPACT ON BRAIN DEVELOPMENT BEARS MUCH MORE RESEARCH

BRAIN DEVELOPMENT	
DRAIN DEVELOTMENT	
THE TEEN BRAIN IS A BUSY PLACE (EVEN THOUGH IT MAY NOT SEEM LIKE IT!)	
HUNDREDS OF MILLIONS OF CONNECTIONS ARE MADE EVERY YEAR	
THE BRAIN IS VERY PLASTIC DURING THIS TIME	
EASILY ABLE TO LEARN, ADAPT, AND CHANGE	
ALSO VERY VULNERABLE TO DAMAGE VERY DIFFERENT FROM THE ADULT BRAIN (IS FULLY FORMED AND NO LONGER MALLEABLE)	
NEO CORTEX IS DEVELOPING	
BRAIN IS NOT DEVELOPED, VERY IMPULSIVE	
TEEN BRAINS ARE BIOLOGICALLY VERY SUCCEPTABLE TO DAMAGE BY SUBSTANCES, SPECIFICALLY FROM BINGE DRINKING AND CANNABIS USE	
SPECIFICALLY FROM BINGE DRINKING AND CANNABIS USE	
OTHER CHRCTANCEC	
OTHER SUBSTANCES	
INHALANTS	
AMPHETAMINES	
ADDERALL/RITALIN	
OPIATES	
K2/SPICE	
TRANQULIZERS	
COUGH SYRUP/CORICIDIN/BENADRYL	
VICODIN	
LSD/ACID/SHROOMS/X (POPULAR AS IS HARD TO DETECT ON A DRUG TEST)	
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COMPONENT CHARTENIA	
SCHOOL AND SUBSTANCES	
2 FO/ OF SENHORS ADMIT TO COCAINE LISE THIS NUMBER IS CROSS/INC AND	
2.5% OF SENIORS ADMIT TO COCAINE USE, THIS NUMBER IS GROWING AND REPRESENTS OVER A MILLION TEENS USING COCAINE	
THE AVERAGE AGE OF HEROIN ADDICTS IN TREATMENT IS 23, AGE OF FIRST USE	
AVERAGES 16	
44% OF SENIORS IN HIGH SCHOOL KNOWS A CLASSMATE WHO DEALS	
91% REPORTED THEY KNEW WHERE TO OBTAIN THC IN SCHOOL	
24% REPORTED THEY COULD EASILY OBTAIN PRESCRIPTION DRUGS IN SCHOOL	
9% REPORTED THEY COULD EASILY OBTAIN COCAINE IN SCHOOL	-
7% REPORTED THEY COULD EASILY OBTAIN HALLUCINOGINS IN SCHOOL	

SOCIAL MEDIA AND SUBSTANCES	
TEENS ARE VERY VULNERABLE TO INFLUENCES FROM SOCIAL MEDIA INSTAGRAM, SNAP CHAT, AND OTHER SOCIAL MEDIA OUTLETS EXPOSE TEENS TO	
FAMOUS AND "NORMAL" PEOPLE USING SUBSTANCES	
A study conducted by the National Center on Addiction and Substance Abuse at Columbia University found that teenagers who regularly use popular social media outlets were more likely to drink, use drugs, and buy tobacco than adolescents who either did not use social media or used it less frequently	
SOCIAL MEDIA DESENSITIZES TEENS TO SUBSTANCE USE AS THEY SEE IT DAILY	
OF 2000 TEENS SURVEYED IN THE COLUMBIA STUDY, 70% REGULARLY USE SOME FORM OF SOCIAL MEDIA DAILY	
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SOCIAL MEDIA AND SUBSTANCES	
TEENS WHO REGULARLY CHECK SOCIAL MEDIA COMPARED TO THOSE WHO DO NOT USE SOCIAL MEDIA WERE :	
5X MORE LIKELY TO BUY CIGARETTES 3X MORE LIKELY TO DRINK	
2X AS LIKELY TO USE THC SOCIAL MEDIA ALSO CONTRIBUTES TO DEPRESSION, ANXIETY, SLEEP	
DISTURBANCES AND DISORDERED EATING DUE TO COMPARING SELF TO CAREFULLY CURATED AND ALTERED CONTENT	
SOCIAL MEDIA USE IS ALMOST UNIVERSAL WITH 92% OF TEENS REPORTING CHECKING SOCIALS MORE THAN ONCE DAILY (FACEBOOK, INSTA, AND SNAP CHAT ARE MOST POPULAR)	
CHALLARE MOST POPULAR)	
	_
SOCIAL MEDIA AND SUBSTANCES	
SEEING FRIENDS PARTYING AND HAVING FUN ON THE SOCIALS CAN LEAD TO RISKY CHOICES IN AN ATTEMPT TO FIT IN	
FEELING LEFT OUT INCREASES RISK OF DEPRESSION AND ANXIETY, AND IN TURN, USING TO COPE WITH THE NEGATIVE EMOTIONS	
75% OF TEENS WHO SEE DRINKING/USING ON SOCIAL MEDIA REPORT IT ENCOURAGED THEM TO EXPERIMENT WITH SUBSTANCES	
90% OF TEENS, BEFORE THE AGE OF 16, ARE EXPOSED TO IMAGES OF PEERS AND CELEBRITIES USING SUBSTANCES	
TEENS REPORT THE PEOPLE IN THE PHOTOS "APPEAR TO BE HAVING A GOOD TIME"	1

SOCIAL MEDIA ALSO TARGETS ADS TO SPECIFIC POPULATIONS, AND TEENS REPORT OFTEN SEEING ADS RELATED TO TOBACCO AND ALCOHOL

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SOCIAL MEDIA AND SUBSTANCE USE	-
JOCIAL MEDIA AND JOBSTANCE OSE	
RESEARCH HAS SHOWN A STRONG LINK BETWEEN SOCIAL MEDIA USE, NEGATIVE	
MENTAL HEALTH, AND LOW SELF ESTEEM ALL OF WHICH HAVE BEEN PROVEN TO LEAD TO SUBSTANCE USE	
FREQUENT CHECKING OF SOCIAL MEDIA CAN LEAD TO FEELING OF ISOLATION	
AND LONELINESS 27% OF CHILDREN WHO USE SOCIAL MEDIA 3 OR MORE HOURS A DAY REPORT	
SYMPTOMS OF POOR MENTAL HEALTH	
TEENS OFTEN TURN TO ALCOHOL AND OTHER DRUGS TO COPE WITH NEGATIVE EMOTIONS	
(The Influence of Social Media on Teen Drug Use - Addiction Center)	-
CICNS OF SUBSTANCE USE/ADUSE IN TEENS	
SIGNS OF SUBSTANCE USE/ABUSE IN TEENS	
CHANGE IN PERPONDING OF DEEP CROUD	
CHANGE IN PEER GROUP (OR LOSS OF PEER GROUP) LACK OF ATTENTION TO PERSONAL GOOMING/HYGIENE	
DECLINE IN SCHOOL PERFORMANCE/SCHOOL ABANDONMENT	
SKIPPING CLASSES/TARDIES/SKIPPING SCHOOL	
ABANDONING FORMERLY IMPORTANT OR ENJOYABLE ACTIVITIES	
CHANGES IN EATING AND SLEEPING PATTERNS (STAYING UP ALL NIGHT) RELATIONSHIPS WITH FAMILY AND FRIENDS ARE DETERIORATING	
ISOLATION	
ANY OTHER CHANGE THAT IS OUT OF CHARACTER FOR THE CHILD	-
	7
OBTAINING SUBSTANCES	

SCHOOL: MORE THAN 20% OF HIGH SCHOOLERS REPORT HAVING BEEN SOLD, OFFERED, OR GIVEN DRUGS ON SCHOOL PROPERTY

FAKE IDS: 12.5% OF HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS REPORT OBTAINING A FAKE ID AND USING THIS TO PURCHASE ALCOHOL AND THE (IN STATES WHERE IT IS LEGAL) 32% OF COLLEGE SOPHOMORES REPORT USING A FAKE ID

AT HOME, PRENTS LOUGH CABINETS AND MEDICINE CABINETS ARE A STEADY SOURCE OF SUPPLY, THIS INCLUDES PRESCRIPTION MEDICATION AND OVER THE COUNTER MEDICATION SUCH AS BENADRYL OR COUGH MEDICINE, BOTH OF WHICH ARE ABUSED ONLINE DRUG SALES: THE DARK WEB, SOCIAL MEDIA ETC (THE TEENS I WORK WITH STATE THE MAIN SOURCE OF DRUGS FOR THEM IS SNAPCHAT)

ILLEGAL ONLINE PHARMACIES: IF THE MONEY IS THERE ANY PRESCRIPTION MEDICATION CAN BE OBTAINED

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	PREVENTION	
'	PREVENTING TEEN SUBSTANCE ABUSE IS A MULTI PRONG APPROACH WHICH BEGINS IN	-
	THE HOME SET A GOOD EXAMPLE BY NOT USING ILLEGAL SUBSTANCES YOURSELF	
	MODEL SAFE DRINKING, DISPLAY DRINKING IN MODERATION TAKE AND PROVIDE ALL PRESCRIPTION MEDICATION ONLY AS PRESCRIBED	
	SECURE ALL MEDICATION/THROW AWAY MEDICATION THAT IS EXPIRED HAVE OPEN AND NON JUDGEMENTAL CONVERSATIONS ABOUT SUBSTANCES ACKNOWLEDGE THE IMPACT OF PEER PRESSURE AT SCHOOL/SOCIAL MEDIA CLOSELY OBSERVE THE TEEN'S ACTIVITIES	
	WATCH FOR THE SIGNS OF SUBSTANCE USE	
		J
		_
	WHEN DOES EXPERIMENTING CHANGE TO SOMETHING MORE SERIOUS	
	JOMETHING MORE JERIOUS	
	WHEN THE USING BEGINS TO NEGATIVELY IMPACT THE ABILITY TO PERFORM	
	BASIC DAILY DUTIES FAILING SCHOOL, DEPRESSION INCREASING, INCREASED ANXIETY	
	RISKY BEHAVIORS ARE INCREASING (DRIVING INTOXICATED OR HIGH ETC) NEGATIVELY IMPACTING ONE OR MORE FACET OF LIFE (FAILING SCHOOL,	
	CONFLICT AT HOME, LOSS OF FRIENDS) ATTEMPTING TO STOP USING WITH MINIMAL OR NO SUCCESS	
	RETURNING TO USING IN SPITE OF THE NEGATIVE CONSEQUENCES	-
		_
	THINGS TO REMEMBER	
	ADDICTION IS A RELAPSE PRONE AND ULTIMATELY DEADLY DISEASE, MAJOR	
1	CHANGES HAVE OCCURRED IN THE BRAIN CREATING A MENTAL AND PHYSICAL DEPENDENCE	
	ADDICTION OFTEN DEVELOPS AS A RESULT OF THE TEEN ATTEMPTING TO MANAGE	
	OR CONTROL AN UNDERLYING MENTAL HEALTH ISSUE (DEPRESSION, ANXIETY, BI POLAR, AND UNRESOLVED TRAUMA AS EXAMPLES)	
	EFFECTIVE TREATMENT ADDRESSESS ALL ASPECTS OF HEALING AND APPROACHES	
	TREATMENT FROM A HOLISITC PERSPECTIVE (BODY, MIND, SOUL)	

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WHEN IC TREATMENT INDICATED?	
WHEN IS TREATMENT INDICATED? USE OF LARGER AMOUNTS OVER LONGER PERIODS OF TIME	
UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPTS TO CUT DOWN OR STOP USE DESPITE A DESIRE TO DO SO	
LARGE AMOUNTS OF TIME SPENT FINDING, USING, AND RECOVERING FAILURE TO MEET OBLIGATIONS (FAMILY, SCHOOL, WORK, RELATIONSHIPS)	
CONTINUING TO USE DESPITE NEGATIVE CONSEQUENCES	
DISCONNECTING FROM SOCIAL, WORK, AND RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES TO USE USING IN DANGEROUS SITUATIONS (DRIVING ETC)	
TOLERANCE WITHDRAWL	
	-
TREATMENT OPTIONS FOR TEENS	
TREATMENT OPTIONS FOR ADOLESCENTS ARE VERY LIMITED IN OKLAHOMA	
MOST TEENS IN NEED OF TREATMENT GO OUT OF STATE TO OBTAIN LONG TERM TREATMENT (30- 90 DAYS) BEST OUTCOMES RESULT FROM STAYS OVER 90 DAYS	
AVERAGE COST OF TREATMENT RANGES FROM \$6,000 TO \$20,000 PER MONTH IF DETOX IS NEEDED, FIVE DAYS OF MEDICALLY SUPERVISED DETOX IS BETWEEN \$1500-\$4,000 ON TOP OF THE MONTHLY RATE	-
TOP OF THE MONTHLY RATE TRAVEL EXPENSES FOR THE FAMILIES ARE NOT INCLUDED (MOST TREATMENT CENTERS HAVE A REQUEED FAMILY COMPONENT)	
IF A TRANSPORTER IS NEEDED THIS ADDS UP TO \$5,000 TO COST INSURANCE RARELY PAYS MORE THAN 30 DAYS OF TREATMENT, AND OFTEN WILL ONLY PAY A	
PERCENTAGE THE INVESTMENT OF TIME, HOPE, AND LOVE IS GREAT AS IS THE FINANCIAL INVESTMENT	
THE GOAL IS LONG TERM RECOVERY FOR THE TEEN AND FAMILY	
30/45/90 DAYS	
30/45/70 DATS	
STUDIES HAVE SHOWN THE HIGHEST EFFICACY AND LONGER TERM RECOVERY RESULTS FROM 90 OR MORE DAYS IN TREATMENT	
ADOLESCENTS ARE NOT KNOWN FOR BEING SUPER HAPPY TO BE IN TREATMENT AND ARE OFTEN VERY RESISTANT INITIALLY	
IT TAKES UP TO 30 DAYS FOR THE TEEN TO COME TO ACCEPT THEIR PRESENCE IN TREATMENT, AND FOR THEIR BRAIN TO CLEAR FROM THE EFFECTS OF SUBSTANCES	
THE SECOND 30 DAYS OFTEN INVOLVES ACCEPTANCE OF THEIR ADDICTION, AND BEGINNING TO APPLY THEMSELVES TO THE TREATMENT PROCESS	
THE NEXT 30 DAYS IS WHEN THE IMPACT OF TREATMENT IS GREATEST AND THE MOST CHANGE OCCURS	

SOME TREATMENT IS ALWAYS BETTER THAN NO TREATMENT

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	KEYS TO LONG TERM RECOVERY
	40%-60% OF THOSE TREATED FOR ALCOHOL OR OTHER CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY ISSUES RELAPSE WITHIN A YEAR OF DISCHARGE FROM TREATMENT
	IT IS CRITICAL TO VIEW RECOVERY AS THE MANAGEMENT OF A CHRONIC DISEASE
	AFTERCARE SHOULD INCLUDE PSYCHIATRIC MANAGEMENT OF UNDERLYING DISORDERS, REGULAR OUTPATIENT THERAPY, FITNESS AND HEALTH PROGRAMS, RECOVERY SUPPORT GROUPS (AA, NA, CODA, ALANON, CELEBRATE RECOVERY, SMART RECOVERY, RATIONAL RECOVERY/REFUGE RECOVERY) AS WELL AS DEVELOPING A SPIRITUAL LIFE
	A 5 YEAR STUDY BY COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY'S CENTER ON ADDICTION AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE SHOWED THOSE WHO PARTICIPATE IN A 12 STEP RECOVERY PROGRAM AFTER DISCHARGE ARE SIGNIFICANITY MORE LIKELY TO REMAIN ABSTINENT, ADDITIONAL SUPPORT SUCH AS SOBER LIVING AND PROGRAMS WHICH REQIRE REGULAR DRUG TESTING FURTHER INCREASE THE LIKELIEHOOD OF SUSTAINED ABSTINANCE

TEENS AND LONG TERM RECOVERY

ADDICTION IS A CHRONIC, RELAPSE PRONE DISORDER

TEENS ARE MOTIVATED BY CONSEQUENCES, BOTH POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE

SOCIAL SUPPORT FROM FAMILY AND FRIENDS IS A STRONG PREDICTOR FOR LONG TERM RECOVERY

FRIENDS SUPPORTIVE OF USE LEADS TO HIGHER LEVEL OF RELAPSE, FRIENDS SUPPORTIVE OF ABSTINANCE LEADS TO LONG TERM ABSTINANCE

12 STEP RECOVERY GROUPS (OR SIMILAR), FAMILY INVOLVEMENT AND SUPPORT, PEER GROUP, AND SPIRITUALTRY ARE KEY TO SUCCESS OR RELAPSE

HAVE TO CHANGE THE PLAYGROUND AND THE PLAYMATES

VERY DIFFICULT IF TEEN IS RETURNING TO THE SAME ENVIORNMENT

RECOVERY SUPPORT

Teens need mentors in the recovery community, and a natural mentor relationship is shown to be most impactful and long lasting

A caring community environment will produce thousands of micro interventions on the life and recovery path of the teen $\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{$

Three types of support: companionship (sharing time, meals, stories etc investing time simply to connect), emotional support (listening, acceptance, affirmation, offering thoughts and direction to the teen), and instrumental support (concrete assistance, skills development, providing growth opportunities and material resources via outpatient therapy/group therapy/organized therapeutic intervention).

Teens have the most success when the three types of support are offered in a cohesive support network $% \left\{ 1,2,...,n\right\}$

STRIKE WHILE THE IRON IS HOT
It is critical to not wait to obtain services once a teen has been discharged from
residential treatment
Door to door intervention is best for engagement Engaging in individual and family therapy/support as soon as possible is critical
There will be the initial phase of excitement, then the honeymoon phase, the testing phase, and the maintenance phase. The first two phases last a short time (two days to
a week) before the testing phase begins. Testing phase is where relapse lives
Having support in place prior to this phase will decrease chances this phase will lead
to long term using after relapse
WHERE TO FIND SUPPORT
For parents/guardians: Al Anon, Parents Helping Parents, CoDA, family therapy,
marital therapy, individual therapy
For teens: AA, NA, CA, MA, Al Anon, Young People in Alcoholics Anonymous (YPAA),
individual therapy, family therapy, sober coaches, random drug testing, etc
For families: family therapy, family support groups
WHAT IS A RECOVERY SCHOOL?
WHAT IS A RECUVERT SCHOOL!
One option local to OKC teens have is Mission Academy, a recovery focused private high
school for teens in recovery Academic support is offered by three certified teachers, students work on credit recovery and
academic success School is made up of teens 9th-12th grade who are willing to be in the school
All teens are regularly drug tested and there is a high level of accountability School counselor is on site and available for any issues or daily challenges
Lunch is eaten family style and prepared by staff and students
Summer school is offered for those students needing extra credit recovery Accredited by the state of Oklahoma
Accredited by the National Association of Recovery High Schools

	ALTERNATIVE PEER GROUP All students in the school are required to participate in the Alternative Peer Group (APG)	
	The APG meets 5-6 days per week and is led by two peer coaches who themselves have completed the school and APG program	
	Families attend family support meetings every Monday evening, teens attend a 12 step meeting during this time Throughout the week teens attend recovery skills groups, spirituality groups, education groups,	
	social activities and receive one on peer coaching each week. Community service is part of the APG, teens volunteer at the Humane Society, Regional Food	
	Bank, and Fertile Grounds There is a level system the teens progress through the program with. Three times per year there are retreats scheduled (New Mexico, Colorado, and Oklahoma	
	camping)	
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	APG CONTINUED Students are kept to a high level of accountability via peer coaches, teens in the	
	program, and random drug testing Relapses are viewed as an opportunity to learn and grow in recovery	
	Continual use of substances can result in placement in residential treatment Family contracts are strongly encouraged, as are weekly family meetings Families meet with counselor once a month, more if needed	
	The three components of support are offered: companionship, emotional, and instrumental support	
	Allows the teen to form a new peer group, provides social opportunities to combat loneliness and boredom, and provides a safe outlet to process struggles in daily recovery	
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	WHO IS AN APPROPRIATE REFERRAL?	
	WITO IS AN ATTROTRIATE RETERNAL:	
	Teens 8th-12th grade	
	Who want to be in recovery	
	And are willing to commit to the school and the APG	
	And have families willing to invest in the family component	

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Call Teen Recovery Solutions to schedule an assessment with the counselor

Once the level of issue has been determined recommendations will be made

If the teen is appropriate for TRS/Mission Academy/APG enrollment will be completed

If the teen requires residential treatment referrals will be made and assistance provided to find appropriate placement

If the teen does not score as experiencing an active substance use disorder, but there is an emerging problem, individual therapy will be recommended and referrals made

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