



# MR. CURTIS SLATER

## Trainer/Coach/Speaker and Full Time Consultant



Teach. Inspire. Learn. Listen. 360

*TILL 360*

TRAINER STATS:

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- 30 Years of Public Education experience
- 2018 National Distinguished Principal of Year
- Trainer for University of Minnesota IM4
- Trained over 600 schools in MTSS/PBIS/SEL
- Interesting Facts: I love to take pictures of the walls in schools, homes and community places check it out our #schoolwallstalk



UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

**TILL** 360

**till** 360

I would **LOVE** to learn with You!

Social Media # and Contact Information:

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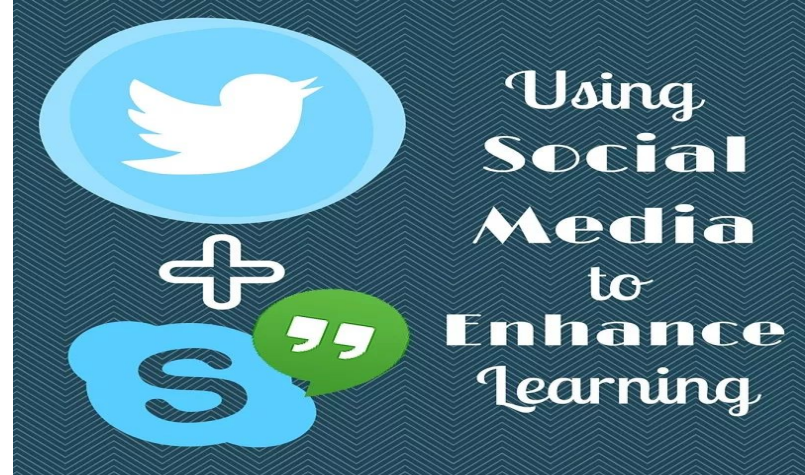
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**#TILL360**

**#MASE2021**



The logo for Till360, featuring the word 'till' in a bold, black, sans-serif font, with '360' in a smaller, black, sans-serif font to its right. The logo is set against a green triangular background.

# Who is telling your school/classroom Story?



# *Enthusiasm is Contagious!*

SHOWCASE THE AMAZING LEARNING HAPPENING IN YOUR SCHOOLS

BLOGGING



@TWITTER



INSTAGRAM



TERS



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#WeAreBremerton

till  
360

***Successful individual student  
and staff behavior is linked to  
host environments.***

***Do You Agree with that statement?***

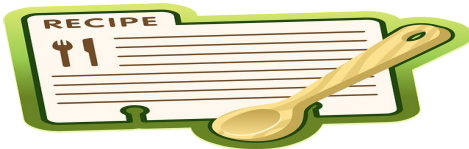


# Metaphor

## Tier 1 as a Baking Recipe

Recipe is about combining **core active ingredients**

- An active ingredient is a **component** of a recipe that **helps achieve its desired outcome**
- Single **ingredients are insufficient** to produce the desired outcome



=

# What is a recipe?

a set of guidelines and instructions about how to combine ingredients together to produce an outcome.





# What are ingredients?

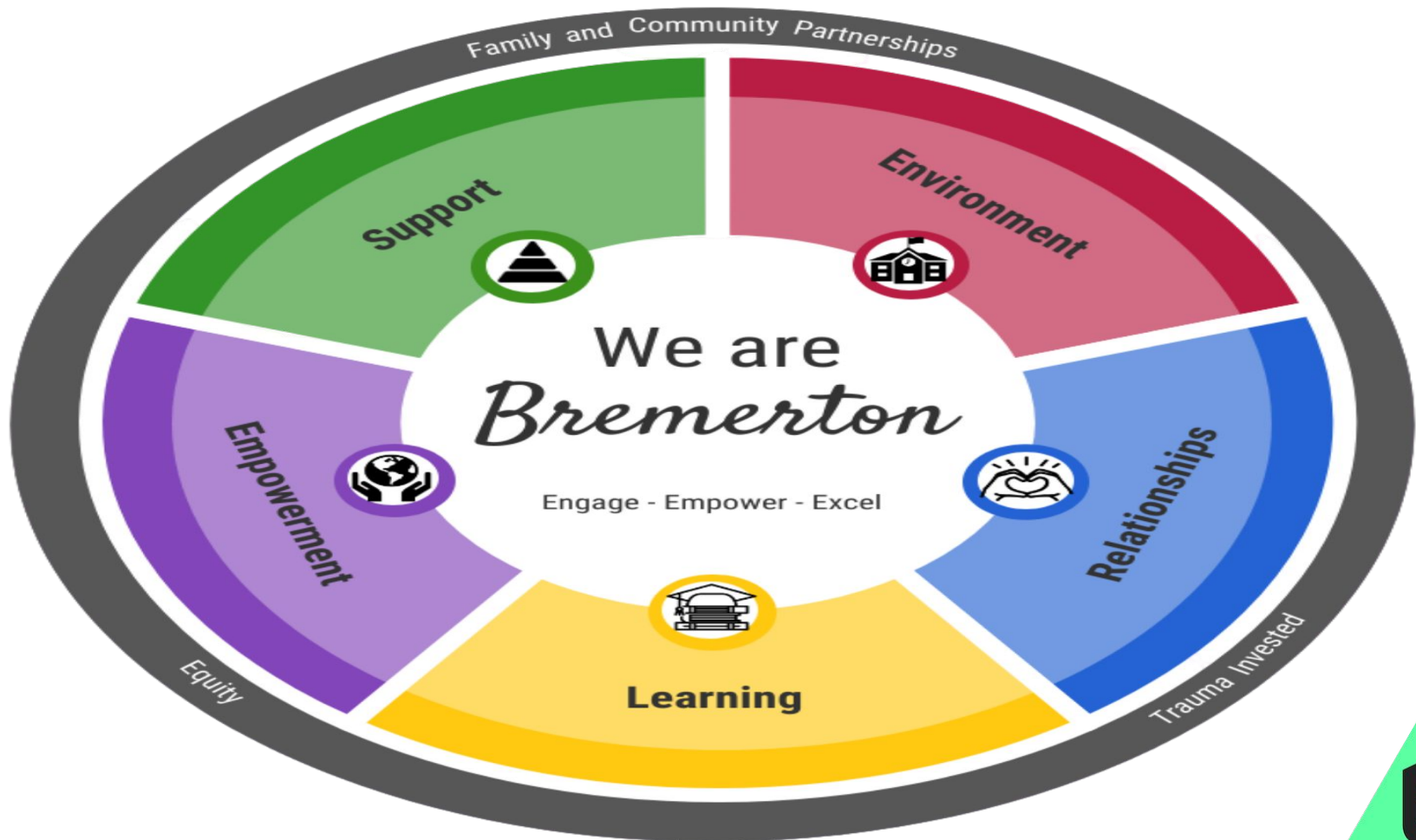
- Single ingredients alone are insufficient to produce the outcomes of interest.
- Ingredient is a component of an overall recipe to promote specific outcomes of interest
- Ingredients inform the selection of specific 'things' (that is, programs, practices, procedures) that schools will implement to address the recognized problem/need
- Bringing to the life the ingredient will always be an important priority for the school system—not a trend or fad that will come and go.
  - Imagine – will this ingredient still be relevant and important as a priority in the year 2150?

# The Recipe for Success



What are the ingredients?

Ingredient	Description	Example
Environment	Safe, predictable, and positive school culture and environment that optimizes engagement and performance	School-wide Positive Behavior Supports Classroom Management Strategies
Relationships	Everyone (staff and students) feels a sense of belonging and like a valued and respected member of the school	Establish-Maintain-Restore Method (EMR) Restorative Practices
Teaching & Learning	Quality instruction to support the acquisition and use of social, emotional, and academic competencies necessary to meet the demands of home, work, & civic life	Social-emotional learning curriculum that is fully integrated as part of teaching and learning
Agency/Sense of Purpose	Students supported to be motivated, have a sense of purpose and develop positive dispositions about themselves and their future	Purposeful interactions with adults, exploration of self in curricula, connectedness to environment
Family and community partnerships	Ongoing partnerships established with families and community to improve support of students inside and outside of school.	Collaboration, training, and opportunity for involvement in created systems
Needs-driven, continuum of services	A continuum of intensifying supports are available to provide students with early, timely access to intervention based on need	Menu of acquisition and performance-based interventions



# “The Blame Game”

[Brene Brown on Blame](#)

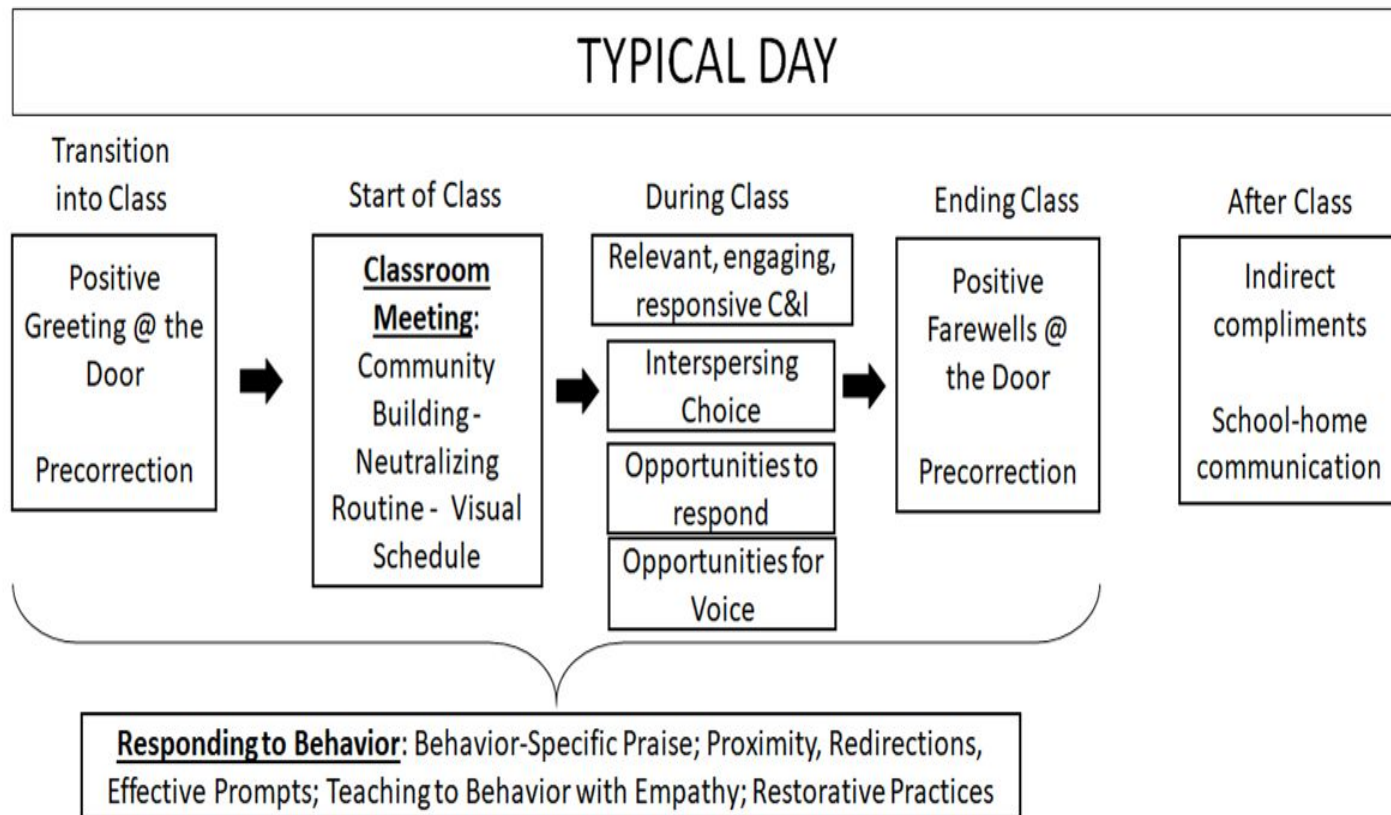
What responses do you have to the video?

What connections to the previous slides do you make?



### Setting Up Class (Teaching)

- Routines
- Behavioral Agreement / Expectations
- How to Access Help
- Social-Emotional Skills to Regulate Self

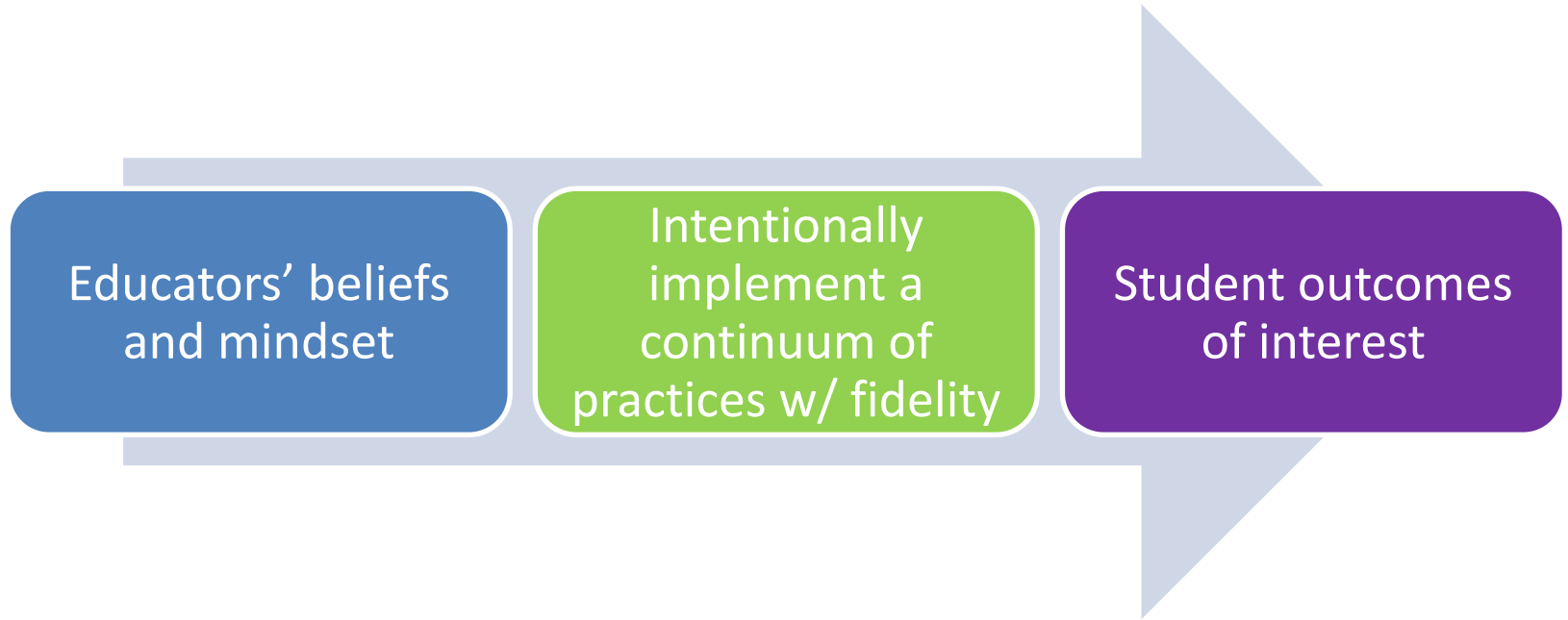




**Relationships** are at the heart of everything we do and we know students and staff thrive when they feel a strong sense of belonging to their school.



# The What: Beliefs, Practices, and Outcomes



# Implementation Process

## EXPLORATION

- Recognition of a problem and need to change
- Defining 'IT' through a multi-tiered system of support
- Selection decision of 'THING(S)' to address the problem/need

## PREPARATION

- Establish readiness through a dissemination plan to increase stakeholder awareness, knowledge, and commitment to implement
- Secure resources necessary to support implementation
- Development of implementation plan

## IMPLEMENTATION

- Support initial adoption through training and technical assistance
- Support fidelity through ongoing data assessment and continuous improvement
- Prioritizing implementation

## SUSTAINMENT

- Continued fidelity assessment
- Maintenance of expectations and supports to sustain implementation
- Onboarding new leadership and staff

# Preconditions

## **ALL MEANS ALL:**

All kids can learn and we have the ability to create an influential context that enables kids to achieve important social, emotional, and academic outcomes

## **WARM DEMANDING:**

Deep understanding of the importance of reciprocal and supportive accountability that provides both high support and high expectations for behavior and academic performance

**RACIAL EQUITY, DIVERSITY, and INCLUSION (REDI):** Understanding of one's own identity and cultural background and valuing diverse identities, perspectives, and ideas. Commitment to anti-racism and promoting racial equity in opportunities and outcomes. Maintaining a commitment to inclusiveness to work towards ensuring each student feels welcomed, supported, and like they belong.

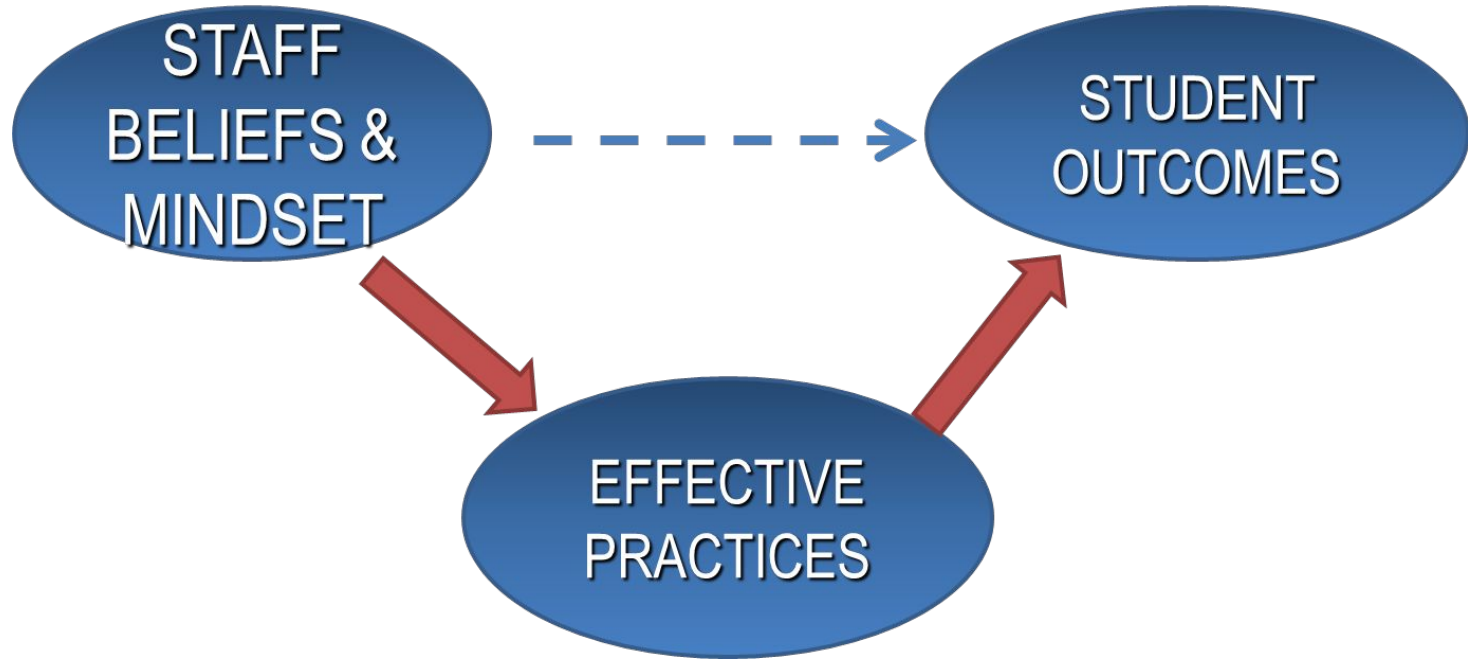
**WHOLE CHILD (DEVELOPMENT & NEEDS):** Understanding of the unique developmental and whole child needs of students, and how educators must be responsive to the social-emotional, physical, and neural needs of students as enablers to their academic and life success

## **TRUST & COLLABORATION:**

Striving to co-create the conditions that establish trust and enable people to engage in authentic collaboration with one another, and ultimately feeling comfortable enough to be vulnerable with others and skillfully advocate for self when things are not working.

**EMOTIONAL WELLBEING/WELLNESS:** Understanding and maintaining a commitment to promote the emotional wellbeing of self and others in order to optimize professional functioning and contribute to a healthy culture and climate.

# Staff Knowledge, Beliefs and Mindset



The fundamental purpose classroom management is to make schools more **effective** and **equitable** learning environments.

**Predictable**

**Consistent**

**Positive**

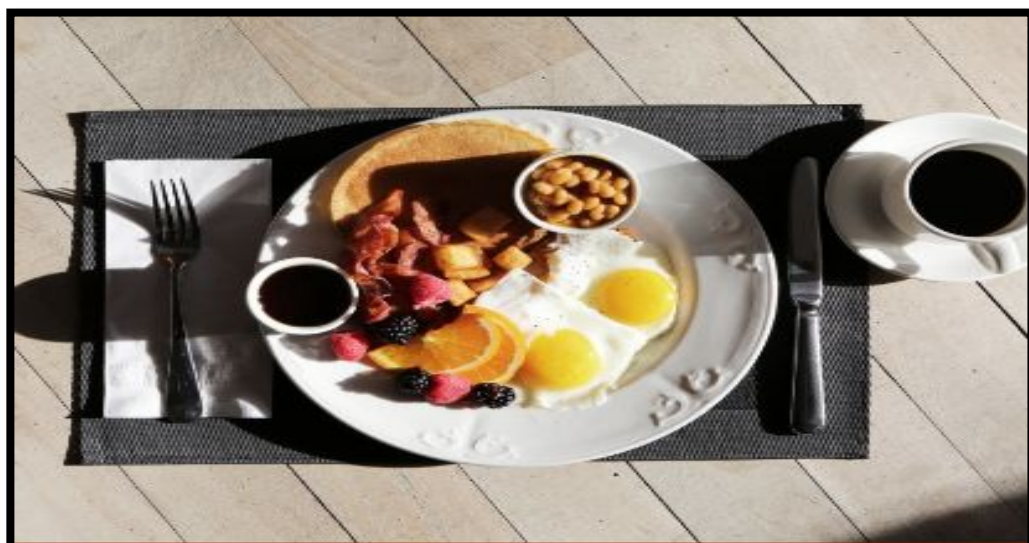
**Safe**



Interacting with  
students

Managing student  
behavior

Responding to  
student needs



The work is already  
on our plates. This  
represents an  
opportunity to be  
more intentional,  
proactive, and  
effective with what  
is on our plates.

# Reflect

Which of the Essential Behavior Basics is the most difficult for you to digest?  
What makes this one difficult for you?



1. Staff behavior is learned and serves a specific purpose. It is communicative.
2. Staff behavior is related to the context within which it occurs.
3. It is easier to focus on what is going wrong.
4. Misbehavior is an opportunity to teach lagging or missing skills.
5. Staff will learn new skills when they feel safe and connected to the supervisors, and supported by their peers.
6. What we focus on is what we get more of.

# Our School Walls Are Telling A Story

## **LOCKER ROOMS**

**NO SMOKING**

**WALK-FLOOR SLIPPERY WHEN WET**

**TAKE SOAP SHOWER**

**KEEP STREET SHOES IN LOCKER ROOM**

**WEAR SWIMS SUITS ONLY IN POOL**

**DO NOT USE GLASS BOTTLES**

**NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR LOST  
OR STOLEN ARTICLES.**

# Effective Management is...

 80% Prevention



 20% Intervention & Response

Johansen, Little and Akin-Little (2011)

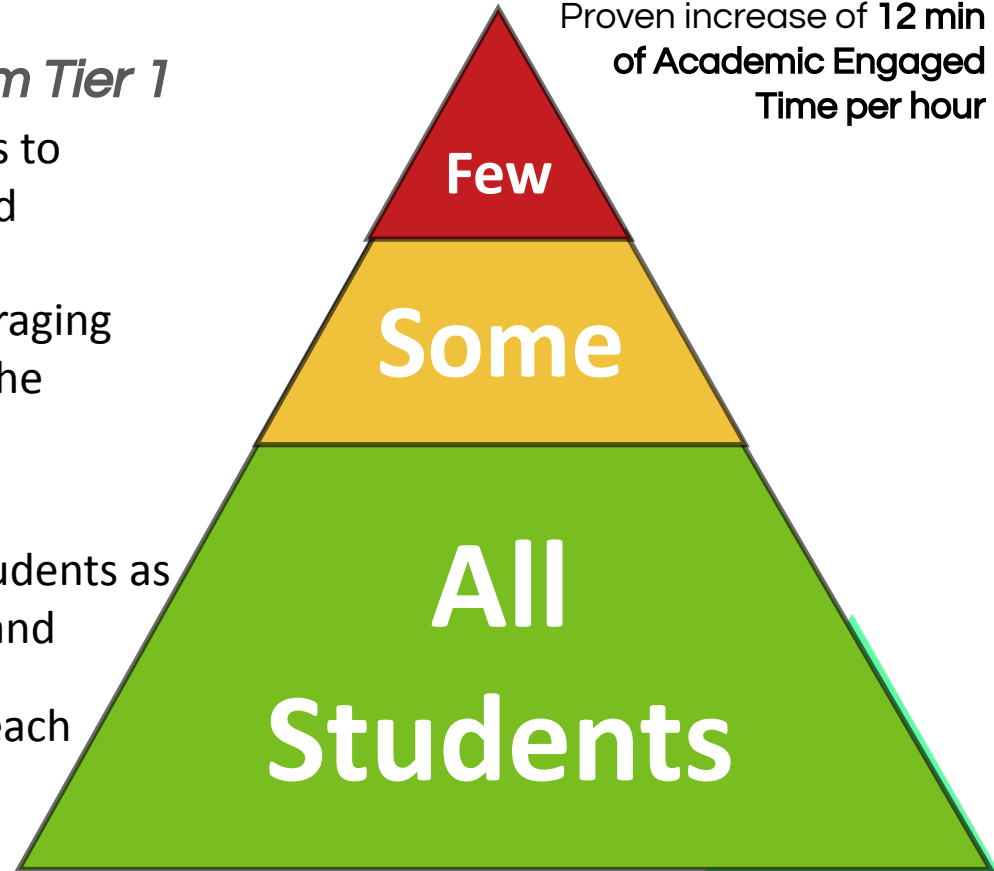
# Positive Greetings at the Door (PGD)

Method:  
Classroom-wide Intervention

Dr. Clay Cook's Research:  
Proven increase of **12 min**  
of **Academic Engaged**  
Time per hour

Four (4) components – *layered up from Tier 1*

4. **Behavior-specific praise** statements to certain students to reinforce desired behavior,
3. **Privately pre-correcting** and encouraging individual students who struggled the previous day,
2. **Pre-corrective statements** for all students as they transition into the classroom, and
1. **Specific positive interactions** with each student as he or she enters room.





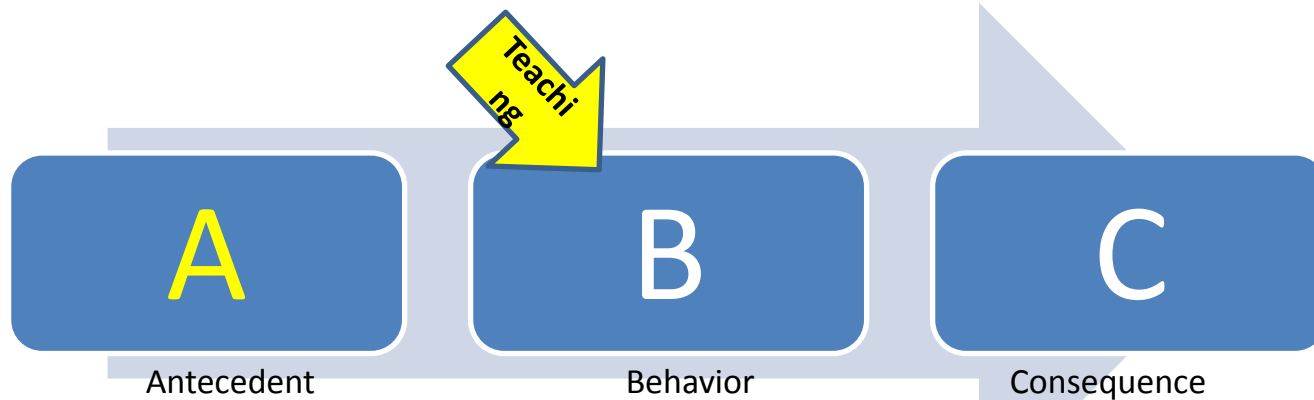
# Activity: Error Correction Response

*With an elbow partner, rephrase each of the non-examples so that it is an appropriate error correction response*

Non-examples	Error Correction
Didn't I just tell you to get your work done?	1. Respectfully address student
What do you think you are doing?	2. Describe inappropriate behavior
Don't you think you should be using your time better?	3. Describe expected behavior/rule
What's going to happen if I call your mother?	4. Link to school-wide expectation on Matrix
	5. End with encouragement



# What is establishing, teaching, posting and reinforcing ?

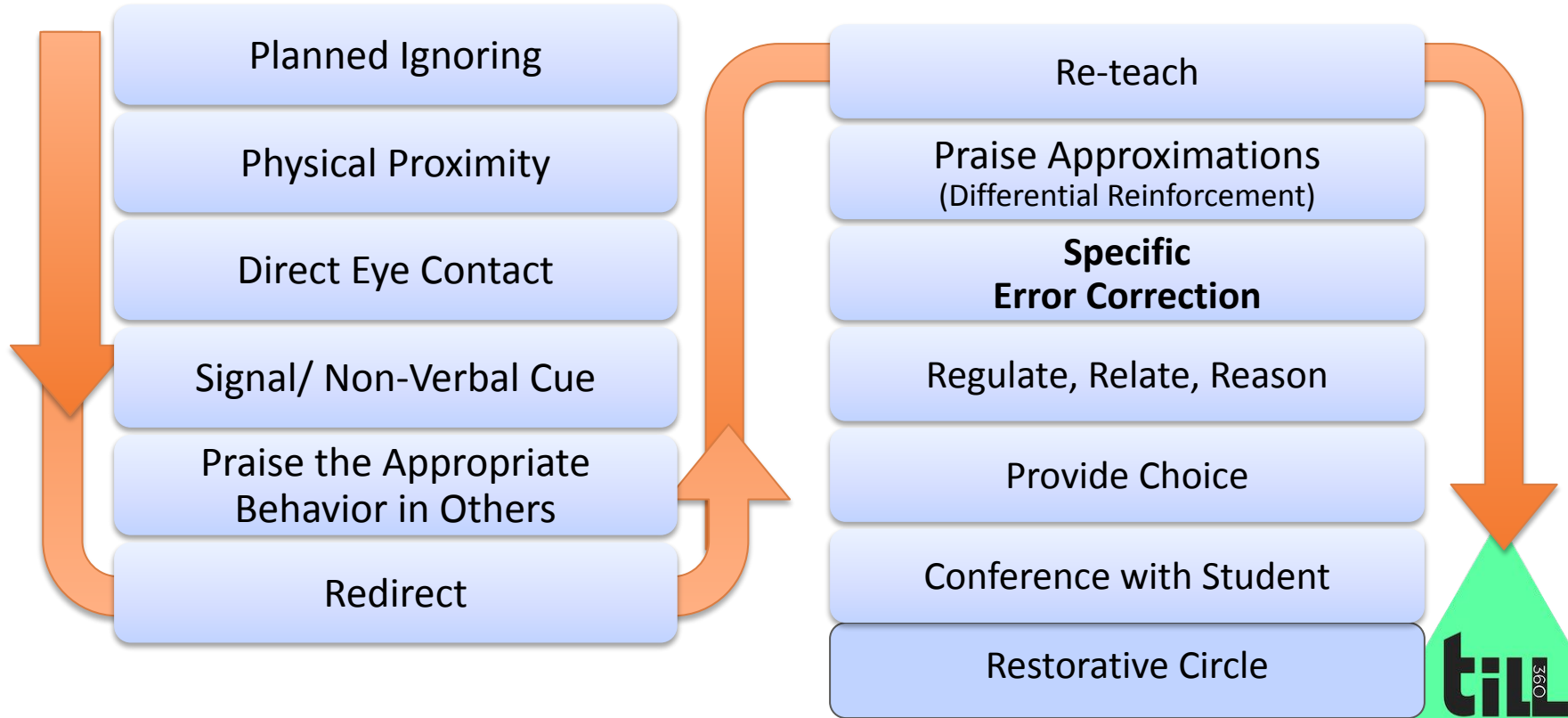


Teaching behavioral expectations on an ongoing basis so students are crystal clear about the behaviors they need to exhibit in order to be successful

# ***Responding to Problem Behavior***



# Develop a Continuum of Strategies to Respond to Inappropriate Behavior



# Restore Practice Categories:

Goal is reconnect with the student to skillful communicate to restore the relationship

## Categories of Restorative Practices

### Letting Go Conversation

Student who feel  
like adult will hold  
a grudge

### Taking ownership

Student who  
needs to hear they  
are not solely at  
blame and adults  
make mistakes too

### Mutual problem-solving

Student who want  
voice and input in  
the process and  
collaborate on  
solution

### Statement of care

Student who  
needs to know you  
still care for them

# Curt, NOT MY JOB!



# Reflect on Your Learning



- What is one thing that is sticking with you from this training ?
- What is one question you would like answered before the training is over?



**"We're going to sit here until all of you settle down, and I don't care how long it takes."**



# Definitions of Strategies

<b>Planned Ignoring</b>	Ignore student behaviors when their motivation is attention, and continue instruction without stopping.
<b>Physical Proximity</b>	Using teacher proximity to communicate teacher awareness, caring, and concern.
<b>Direct Eye Contact</b>	The "teacher look" to get attention and non-verbally prompt a student.
<b>Signal/Non-Verbal Cue</b>	Teacher gestures to prompt a desired behavior, response, or adherence to a classroom procedure and routine.
<b>Praise the Appropriate Behavior in Others</b>	Use Behavior Specific Praise with a different student or group to remind all students of the expected rule/expectation.
<b>Redirect</b>	Restate the desired behavior as described on the teaching matrix.
<b>Re-teach</b>	State and demonstrate the matrix behavior. Have the student demonstrate. Provide immediate feedback.

# Definitions of Strategies (con't)

<b>Praise Approximations (Differential Reinforcement)</b>	Reinforcing one behavior and not another. For example praise the positive behavior while ignoring the student's inappropriate behavior.
<b>Specific Error Correction</b>	Specific feedback that inform the student to stop the undesired behavior, and to engage in the desired behavior connected to the school-wide expectation.
<b>Regulate, Relate, and Reason</b>	Strategies helping a student regulate, or “quiet” their stress response, relate to an empathetic adult, and reason to think logically.
<b>Provide Choice</b>	Give appropriate alternative choices to lead to the same target outcome. Examples: accomplish the task in another location, change the order of task completion, use alternate supplies to complete the task, or offer a different type of activity that accomplishes the same instructional objective.
<b>Conference with Student</b>	Ask the five restorative questions. Describe the problem and the alternative behavior. Provide rationale. Practice and give feedback.
<b>Restorative Circle</b>	Inclusive circle format and processes to address specific incidents that have occurred, and connect learning to school-wide expectations.

# Fix It Plans

Problem: Write who, what, why and how the problem occurred \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

What was the result? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Write two better ways to solve the problem:

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

How could I have prevented the problem:

\_\_\_\_\_

In the future I will \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## Five Restorative Questions

1. What happened?
2. What were you thinking of at the time?
3. What have you thought about since?
4. Who has been affected by what you have done?
  - a. In what way have they been affected?
5. What do you think you need to do to make things right?

# Reflect on Your Learning



- What is one thing that is sticking with you from this presentation ?
- What is one question you would like answered before the week is over?

# Leading with Lollipops



By Drew Dudley

- <https://youtu.be/hVCBrkrFrBE>



**Thank you for choosing this  
profession and doing what you  
do to promote the best  
possible outcomes for  
students!!**