Maine Drinking Water Program

Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

PWSID#: ME0006513 Water System Name: Pines Mobile Home Park LLC

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Distribute copies of your Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to all users served by your public water system by JULY 1ST.
- 2. Use the checklist below to check off which methods you use to distribute your CCR- you MUST select AT LEAST ONE option from EACH of the two columns below.
- 3. Please complete the certification section below and submit it, along with a copy of the CCR you distributed to customers, to the Maine Drinking Water Program before OCTOBER 1ST.

Primary Method of Distribution (you MUST use at least one (1) of these methods)

CHECK IF USED	METHOD	ADDITIONAL INFO
M	Mail hard copy	
	Hand deliver	
	Mail notice that CCR is available on website- MUST include a direct URL (CCR MUST open when url is clicked)	Provide url:
		Attach copy of notice (i.e. bill)
	Email the direct URL	Attach copy of email
	Email the CCR as a file attachment	Attach copy of email
	Email CCR in message	Attach copy of message

AND

Secondary Method of Distribution (you <u>MUST</u> use at least one (1) of these methods*)

Good Faith Effort to reach non-bill-paying consumers

CHECK IF USED	METHOD	ADDITIONAL INFO
	Do a postal patron mailing with service area	Provide zip codes used in postal patron mailing
	Deliver multiple copies to single bill addresses serving several people- i.e. apartment buildings, businesses, large private employers	Provide list of business/facilities receiving copies
	Posting on internet at URL	Provide url:
	Post the CCR in public places	Provide a list of where posted
	Publication of CCR in local newspaper	Provide copy of newspaper notice
	Advertising availability of CCR in news media	Provide copy of announcement
	Deliver to community organizations	Provide list of facilities
	Availability of paper copy	Provide method of sharing this info
XX	Population <500-complete delivery by 1 st method	Only if you provided 100% distribution to all consumers by your 1st method & population served is below 500

xx	Population <500-complete delivery by 1 st method	Only if you provided 100% distribution to all consumers by your 1 st method & population served is below 500
I certify that the in	Distribution and Accuracy of Consumer Confidence Restribution in the attached CCR contains all data and requirinking Water Program and that the CCR was distributed	ired language found in the Fillable CCR
Name of licensed	designated operator: David L Sawyer	
Signature:	Please print Date: 5/10 Please print Date: 5/10 ODO NOT PRE-1	
		,
	CR, COMPLETED CERTIFICATION & ACCOMPANYING DOCS TO	

2023 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Pines Mobile Home Park LLC

Wiscasset, Maine PWSID ME0006513

We are pleased to present to you our Annual Drinking Water Quality Report, also known as the Consumer Confidence Report. This report, a requirement of the 1996 amendments to the Safe Drinking Water Act, is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

WATER SOURCE

Our water source is a drill 405-foot bedrock well. Currently our water does not require any treatment.

SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT

The Maine Drinking Water Program (DWP) has evaluated all public water supplies as part of the Source Water Assessment Program (SWAP). The assessments included geology, hydrology, land uses, water testing information, and the extent of land ownership or protection by local ordinance to see how likely our drinking water source is to being contaminated by human activities in the future. Assessment results are available at public water suppliers, town offices, and the DWP. For more information about the SWAP, please contact the DWP at telephone 207-287-2070.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water system, please contact David Sawyer or Sheila Sawyer at 20 Hooper Street, Wiscasset, Maine 04578 or phone number 207-242-9406. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water system. If you want to learn more, please contact us about the time and place of regularly scheduled meetings.

WATER QUALITY

Pines Mobile Home Park LLC routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The following table shows any detection resulting from our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2023.

In 2021, due to efforts to protect the water supply, our system was granted a 'Synthetic Organics Waiver.' This is a three-year exemption from the monitoring/reporting requirements for the following industrial chemical(s): herbicides, carbamate pesticides, toxaphene/chlordane/PCB and semivolatile organics. This waiver was granted due to the absence of these potential sources of contamination within a half mile radius of the water source.

The sources of drinking water include rivers, lakes, ponds and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and radioactive material and can pick up substances resulting from human or animal activity. All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.

Pesticides and herbicides may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.

Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems. Radioactive contaminants can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and miningactivities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected through our water quality monitoring and testing. The presence of contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

Pines Mobile Home Park LLC. had no violations in 2023

TEST RESULTS Unless otherwise noted, testing was done in 2023.							
Contaminant	Level Detected	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination		
Microbiological Cont	aminants						
Total Coliform Bacteria	0 positive	Highest monthly # of positive samples	0 positive	1 pos/mo or 5% (e. coli)	Naturally present in the environment		
Radioactive Contami	nants						
Combined Radium (-226 & -228) (12/30/19)	2.2	pCi/L	0	5	Erosion of natural deposits.		
Combined Uranium (7/6/23)	12.5	ppb	0	30	Erosion of natural deposits.		
Radium-226 (12/30/19)	0.6	pCi/L	0	5	Erosion of natural deposits.		
Radium-228 (12/30/19)	1.6	pCi/L	0	5	Erosion of natural deposits.		
Inorganic Contamina	nts						
Barium (6/16/22)	0.0089	ppm	0	10	Discharge of drilling wastes. Discharge from metal refineries. Erosion of natural deposits.		
Copper* (1/1/19-12/31/21)	0.11 Range (0.006-0.12)	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems.		
Fluoride (6/16/22)	0.4	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits. Water additive which promotes strong teeth. Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.		
Lead* (1/1/19-12/31/21)	0.8 Range (0-0.8)	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems.		
Nitrate (10/16/23) * = Reported results are the	0.25	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use. Leaching from septic tanks, sewage. Erosion of natural deposits.		

Note: The state allows us to monitor for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Not all contaminants are tested for every year due to monitoring waivers and therefore we must use the most recent round of sampling. Some of our data is more than one year old, however, is limited to no older than 5 years.

Definitions:

Action Level (AL) - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow. Locational Running Annual Average (LRAA) - A 12 month rolling average of all monthly or quarterly samples at specific sampling locations. Calculation of the RAA may contain data from the previous year.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfection Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfection Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Not Applicable (N/A) - Does not apply

Running Annual Average (RAA) – A 12 month rolling average of all monthly or quarterly samples at all locations. Calculations of the RAA may contain data from the previous year.

Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level (SMCL)

Treatment Technique (TT) - A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water (e.g. treatment technique for turbidity). Variances, Exemptions, and Waivers - State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL, a treatment technique or test for a given contaminant under certain conditions.

Units:

ppm = parts per million or milligrams per liter (mg/L) ppb = parts per billion or micrograms per liter (µg/L) pCi/L = picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity) ppt = parts per trillion or nanograms per liter (ng/L)

pos = positive samples. MFL = million fibers per liter

Notes

Arsenic - While your drinking water may meet EPA's standard for Arsenic, if it contains between 5 to 10 ppb you should know that the standard balances the current understanding of arsenic's possible health effects against the costs of removing it from drinking water. EPA continues to research the health effects of low levels of arsenic, which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems. Quarterly compliance is based on running annual average.

E. Coli - E. coli are bacteria whose presence indicates that the water may be contaminated with human or animal wastes. Human pathogens in these wastes can cause short-term effects, such as diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms. They may pose a greater health risk for infants, young children, the elderly, and people with severely-compromised immune systems.

Fluoride - For those systems that fluoridate, fluoride levels must be maintained between 0.5 to 1.2 ppm. The optimum level is 0.7 ppm.

Gross Alpha - Action level over 5 pCi/L requires testing for Radium 226 and 228. Action level over 15 pCi/L requires testing for Uranium. Compliance is based on Gross Alpha results minus Uranium results = Net Gross Alpha.

Lead/Copper - Action levels (AL) are measured at consumer's tap. 90% of the tests must be equal to or below the action level.

Nitrate - Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 ppm is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. High nitrate levels in drinking water can cause blue baby syndrome. Nitrate levels may rise quickly for short periods of time because of rainfall or agricultural activity. If you are caring for an infant you should ask advice from your health provider.

PFAS -The degree of risk depends on the level of chemicals and duration of exposure. Laboratory studies of animals exposed to high doses of PFAS have shown numerous negative effects such as issues with reproduction, growth and development, thyroid function, immune system, neurology, as well as injury to the liver. Research is still relatively new, and more needs to be done to fully assess exposure effects on the human body.

Radon - The State of Maine adopted a Maximum Exposure Guideline (MEG) for Radon in drinking water at 4000 pCi/L, effective 1/1/07. If Radon exceeds the MEG in water, treatment is recommended. It is also advisable to test indoor air for Radon.

Total Coliform Bacteria - Reported as the highest monthly number of positive samples, for water systems that take less than 40 samples per month. TTHM/HAA5 - Total Trihalomethanes and Haloacetic Acids (TTHM and HAA5) are formed as a by-product of drinking water chlorination. This chemical reaction occurs when chlorine combines with naturally occurring organic matter in water. Compliance is based on running annual average.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets all Federal and State requirements.

All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

For most people, the health benefits of drinking plenty of water outweigh any possible health risk from these contaminants. However, some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Center of Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791) or at https://www.epa.gov/ccr/forms/contact-us-about-consumer-confidence-reports.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for thirty (30) seconds to two (2) minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

We, at Pines Mobile Home Park LLC, work hard to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect and preserve our drinking water resources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life, and our children's future. Please contact us with any questions. Thank you for working together for safe drinking water.

Be sure to contact us at 207-242-9406 if you have any leaks within or on the exterior of our home as we will work with you to correct these problems. Should problems go unreported it may cause problems for everyone within the park as we have a single water supply.

Also, as requested prior please DO NOT put any type of wipes down the flush as they will clog our septic system and in turn that will cause problems for all tenants.

We appreciate all your help in keeping this property a wonderful place to live.

David & Skeela Sauger

Sincerely,

David and Sheila Sawyer, Co-Managers

Pines Mobile Home Park LLC

20 Hooper Street

Wiscasset, ME 04578

The following is a list of the occupants of the homes in the Pines Mobile Home Park, Egypt Road, Damariscotta, ME 04543 at this time who have been mailed a copy of the 2023 Consumer Confidence Report.

Robert McDaniel-3 South

Clancy Morton-4 South

Vacant-5 South—no documents sent

Shawn Arborgast-6 South

Eric and Krista Dolloff-7 South

Kenny Thomas-8 South

Harold Morton-9 South

Carol Genthner-10 South

Tabitha Tardiff-11 South

Timothy Thompson-12 South

Vacant-13 South—no documents sent

Margaret McLellan-14 South

Caitlyn Newbegin-15 South as well as her tenants-Mackenzie Gamage and Lewis Taylor—2 copies mailed

Earl and Wendy Follett-16 South

Breanna McKay-3 North

Michael and Susan Smerdon tentnts of property owned by Duane Goud-5 North

Barrett Maxcy-7 North

Shawn and Holli Higgins-9 North

Brand new tenant coming in this week- David Hudson-11 North

Brian Eugley-13 North

20 Units in total

Sincerely

Sheila Sawyer, Co-Manager

Pines Mobile Home Park LLC