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Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) Plan

for

State/Territory

FFY 2019-2021

This Plan describes the Child Care and Development Fund program to be administered by the State or Territory for the period from 10/1/2018 to 9/30/2021, as provided for in the applicable statutes and regulations. The Lead Agency has the flexibility to modify this program at any time, including amending the options selected or described.

For purposes of simplicity and clarity, the specific provisions of applicable laws printed herein are sometimes paraphrases of, or excerpts and incomplete quotations from, the full text. The Lead Agency acknowledges its responsibility to adhere to the applicable laws regardless of these modifications.

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Introduction and How to Approach Plan Development

The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) program provides resources to state, territory, and tribal grantees that enable low-income parents to work or pursue education and training so that they can better support their families while at the same time promoting the learning and development of their children. The CCDF program also provides funding to enhance the quality of child care for all children. On November 19, 2014, the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act of 2014 was signed into law (Pub. L. 113-186). The law reauthorizes and significantly revises the purposes of the CCDF program and requirements for state and territory grantees. In September 2016, the final rule was released. The final rule makes regulatory changes to the CCDF program based on the CCDBG Act of 2014. These changes strengthen requirements to protect the health and safety of children in child care; help parents make informed consumer choices and access information to support child development; provide equal access to stable, child care for low-income children; and enhance the quality of child care and the early childhood workforce.

The Plan is the primary mechanism that the Administration for Children and Families (ACF) uses to determine state and territory compliance with the requirements of the law and rule. The Preprint provides a tool for states and territories to describe to ACF their progress on the following sections:

- 1. Define CCDF Leadership and Coordination With Relevant Systems
- 2. Promote Family Engagement Through Outreach and Consumer Education
- 3. Provide Stable Child Care Financial Assistance to Families
- 4. Ensure Equal Access to Child Care for Low-Income Families
- 5. Establish Standards and Monitoring Processes To Ensure the Health and Safety of Child Care Settings
- 6. Recruit and Retain a Qualified and Effective Child Care Workforce
- 7. Support Continuous Quality Improvement
- 8. Ensure Grantee Accountability

These organizational categories reflect key functions of an integrated system of child care for low-income working families. Although the Plan is divided into sections for reporting and accountability purposes, ACF encourages Lead Agencies to approach the Plan in a cross-cutting, integrated manner. The intention is that grantees and the federal government will be able to use this information to track and assess progress, determine the need for technical assistance (TA), and determine compliance with specific requirements and deadlines.

CCDF Plan Submission

States and territories will submit their Plans electronically through the ACF-118 electronic submission site. The ACF-118 site will include all language and questions included in the final CCDF Plan Preprint template approved by the Office of Management and Budget. Please note that the format of the questions on the ACF-118 site could be modified from the Word version of the document to ensure compliance with Section 508 policies regarding accessibility to electronic and information technology for individuals with disabilities. (See http://www.section508.gov/ for more information.)

In responding to questions, states and territories are asked to provide brief, specific summaries and/or bullet points only with specific language that responds to the question. Do not use tables or copy and paste charts, add attachments, or paste manuals into the Plan. All information and materials developed to support CCDF implementation and information reported in the CCDF Plan are subject to review by ACF as part of ongoing oversight and monitoring efforts.

1 Define CCDF Leadership and Coordination With Relevant Systems

This section identifies the leadership for the CCDF program in each Lead Agency and the entities and individuals who will participate in the implementation of the program. It also identifies the stakeholders that were consulted to develop the Plan and who the Lead Agency collaborates with to implement services. In this section respondents are asked to identify how match and maintenance-of-effort (MOE) funds are identified. Coordination with child care resource and referral (CCR&R) systems are explained, and Lead Agencies outline the work they have done on their disaster preparedness and response plans.

1.1 CCDF Leadership

The Governor of a state or territory must designate an agency (which may be an appropriate collaborative agency) or establish a joint interagency office to represent the state or territory as the Lead Agency. The Lead Agency agrees to administer the program in accordance with applicable federal laws and regulations and the provisions of this Plan, including the assurances and certifications appended hereto (658D; 658E(c)(1)).

1.1.1 Which Lead Agency is designated to administer the CCDF program?

a) Lead Agency or Joint Interagency Office Information:

Identify the Lead Agency or joint interagency office designated by the state or territory. ACF will send official grant correspondence, such as grant awards, grant adjustments, Plan approvals, and disallowance notifications, to the designated contact identified here (658D(a)).

Name of Lead Agency:

Street Address:

City:

State:

ZIP Code:

Web Address for Lead Agency:

Lead Agency or Joint Interagency Official Contact Information:

Lead Agency Official First Name:

Lead Agency Official Last Name:

Title:

Phone Number:

Email Address:

1.1.2 Who is the CCDF Administrator?

Identify the CCDF Administrator designated by the Lead Agency, the day-to-day contact, or the person with responsibility for administering the state's or territory's CCDF program. ACF will send programmatic communications, such as program announcements, program instructions, and data collection instructions, to the designated contact identified here. If there is more than

one designated contact with equal or shared responsibility for administering the CCDF program, please identify the Co-Administrator or the person with administrative responsibilities and include his or her contact information.

a)	CCDF Administrator Contact Information:
	CCDF Administrator First Name:
	CCDF Administrator Last Name:
	Title of the CCDF Administrator:
	Address for the CCDF Administrator (if different from the Lead Agency):
	Street Address:
	City:
	State:
	ZIP Code:
	Phone Number:
	Email Address:
b)	CCDF Co-Administrator Contact Information (if applicable):
	CCDF Co-Administrator First Name:
	CCDF Co-Administrator Last Name:
	Title of the CCDF Co-Administrator:
	Address of the CCDF Co-Administrator (if different from the Lead Agency):
	Street Address:
	City:
	State:
	ZIP Code:
	Phone Number:
	Email Address:
	Description of the role of the Co-Administrator:

1.2 CCDF Policy Decision Authority

The Lead Agency has broad authority to administer (i.e., establish rules) and operate (i.e., implement activities) the CCDF program through other governmental, non-governmental, or public or private local agencies as long as it retains overall responsibility for the administration of the program (658D(b)). Administrative and implementation responsibilities undertaken by agencies other than the Lead Agency must be governed by written agreements that specify the mutual roles and responsibilities of the Lead Agency and other agencies in meeting the program requirements.

1.2.1	Which of the following CCDF program rules and policies are administered (i.e., set or established) at the state or territory level or local level? Identify whether CCDF program rules and policies are established by the state or territory (even if operated locally) or whether the CCDF policies or rules are established by local entities, such as counties or workforce boards (98.16(i)(3)). Check one.						
	☐ So	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
	2.	Slid	State or territory Local entity (e.g., counties, workforce boards, early learning coalitions). If checked, identify the entity and describe the type of eligibility policies the local entity(ies) can set. Other. Describe:				
			State or territory Local entity (e.g., counties, workforce boards, early learning coalitions). If checked, identify the entity and describe the type of eligibility policies the local entity(ies) can set Other. Describe:				
	3.		State or territory Local entity (e.g., counties, workforce boards, early learning coalitions). If checked, identify the entity and describe the type of eligibility policies the local entity(ies) can set. Other. Describe:				
	4.		ner. List other program rules and policies and describe (e.g., quality rating and provement systems [QRIS], payment practices):				
1.2.2			CCDF program operated? In other words, which entity(ies) implement or perform services? Check all that apply.				
	a) Who conducts eligibility determinations?						
		Ter Oth Loc Chi	OF Lead Agency Inporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) agency Iter state or territory agency Italian government agencies, such as county welfare or social services departments It care resource and referral agencies Inmunity-based organizations Iter.				

	b) Who assists parents in locating child care (consumer education)?
	 □ CCDF Lead Agency □ TANF agency □ Other state or territory agency □ Local government agencies, such as county welfare or social services departments □ Child care resource and referral agencies □ Community-based organizations □ Other. □ Who issues payments?
	 □ CCDF Lead Agency □ TANF agency. □ Other state or territory agency. □ Local government agencies, such as county welfare or social services departments. □ Child care resource and referral agencies. □ Community-based organizations. □ Other.
1.2.3	What processes will the Lead Agency use to monitor administrative and implementation responsibilities performed by agencies other than the Lead Agency as indicated above, such as through written agreements or monitoring and auditing processes (98.11(a)(3))? Describe those processes and any indicators or measures used to assess performance.
1.2.4	Lead Agencies must assure that, to the extent practicable and appropriate, any code or software for child care information systems or information technology for which a Lead Agency or other agency expends CCDF funds to develop must be made available on request to other public agencies, including public agencies in other States, for their use in administering child care or related programs (98.15(a)(11)). Assure by describing how the Lead Agency makes child care information systems available to public agencies in other states to the extent practicable and appropriate.
1.2.5	Lead Agencies must have in effect policies to govern the use and disclosure of confidential and personally-identifiable information about children and families receiving CCDF assistance and child care providers receiving CCDF funds (98.15(b)(13)). Certify by describing the Lead Agency's policies related to the use and disclosure of confidential and personally-identifiable information.
1.3	Consultation in the Development of the CCDF Plan

The Lead Agency is responsible for developing the CCDF plan, which serves as the application for a 3-year implementation period. As part of the Plan development process, Lead Agencies must

consult with the following:

- (1) Appropriate representatives of units of general purpose local government—(658D(b)(2); 98.10(c); 98.12(b); 98.14(b)). General purpose local governments are defined by the U.S. Census at https://www.census.gov/newsroom/cspan/govts/20120301 cspan govts def 3.pdf.
- (2) The State Advisory Council (SAC) on Early Childhood Education and Care (pursuant to 642B(b)(I)(A)(i) of the Head Start Act) (658E(c)(2)(R); 98.15(b)(1)) or similar coordinating body pursuant to 98.14(a)(1)(vii).
- (3) Indian tribe(s) or tribal organization(s) within the state. This consultation should be done in a timely manner and at the option of the Indian tribe(s) or tribal organization(s) (658D(b)(1)(E)).

Consultation involves meeting with or otherwise obtaining input from an appropriate agency in

		vices under the CCDF program in question 1.4.1.
l.3.1	Des	scribe the Lead Agency's consultation in the development of the CCDF plan.
	a)	Describe how the Lead Agency consulted with appropriate representatives of general purpose local governments.
	b)	Describe how the Lead Agency consulted with the State Advisory Council.
	c)	Describe, if applicable, how the Lead Agency consulted with Indian tribes(s) or tribal organizations(s) within the state.
	d)	Describe any other entities, agencies, or organizations consulted on the development of the CCDF plan.
1.3.2	an (65 hea prio	scribe the statewide or territory-wide public hearing process held to provide the public with opportunity to comment on the provision of child care services under this Plan 8D(b)(1)(C); 98.16(f)). <i>Reminder:</i> Lead Agencies are required to hold at least one public aring in the state or territory, with sufficient statewide or territory-wide distribution of notice or to such a hearing to enable the public to comment on the provision of child care services der the CCDF Plan. At a minimum, this description must include:
	a)	Date(s) of notice of a public hearing. Reminder: Must be at least 20 calendar days prior to the date of the public hearing.
	b)	How was the public notified about the public hearing, including how notice was accessible for people with disabilities? Please include specific website links if used to provide notice.
	c)	Date(s) of the public hearing(s). Reminder: Must be no earlier than January 1, 2018, which is 9 months prior to the October 1, 2018, effective date of the Plan.
	d)	Hearing site(s) or method(s), including how geographic regions of the state or territory were addressed.
	e)	How the content of the Plan was made available to the public in advance of the public hearing(s).
	f)	How was the information provided by the public taken into consideration regarding the provision of child care services under this Plan?

1.3.3	Lead Agencies are required to make the submitted and final Plan, any Plan amendments, and any approved requests for temporary relief (i.e., waivers) publicly available on a website (98.14(d)).				
	a)		vide the website link to where the plan, any plan amendments, and/or waivers are ilable.		
	b)	am	cribe any other strategies that the Lead Agency uses to make the CCDF Plan and Plan endments available to the public (98.14(d)). Check all that apply and describe the stegies below, including any relevant website links as examples.		
			Working with advisory committees. Describe: Working with child care resource and referral agencies. Describe: Providing translation in other languages. Describe:		
			Sharing through social media (e.g., Twitter, Facebook, Instagram, email). Describe:		
			Providing notification to stakeholders (e.g., provider groups, parent groups). Describe: Other. Describe:		
1.4	Coor	dina	tion With Partners To Expand Accessibility and Continuity of Care		
	ext the inc	ent e fede lude	gencies are required to describe how the state or territory will efficiently, and to the practicable, coordinate child care services supported by CCDF with programs operating at eral, state/territory, and local levels for children in the programs listed below. This is programs for the benefit of Indian children, infants and toddlers, children with ties, children experiencing homelessness, and children in foster care (98.14(a)(1)).		
1.4.1	foll in e	owir early	e how the Lead Agency coordinates the provision of child care services with the ng programs to expand accessibility and continuity of care and to assist children enrolled childhood programs in receiving full-day services that meet the needs of working (658E(c)(2)(O); 98.12(a); 98.14(a)).		
	Age cor	encie ntinu	includes entities required by law or rule, along with a list of optional partners that Lead es potentially would coordinate with over the next 3 years to expand accessibility and ity of care and to assist children enrolled in early childhood programs in receiving full-vices.		
	Include in the descriptions the goals of this coordination, such as extending the day or year of services for families; smoothing transitions for children between programs or as they age into school; enhancing and aligning the quality of services; linking comprehensive services to children in child care settings; or developing the supply of quality care for vulnerable populations. Check who you will coordinate with and describe all that apply.				
		C	REQUIRED) Appropriate representatives of the general purpose local government, which an include counties, municipalities, or townships/towns. Describe the coordination goals and process:		

Ш	(REQUIRED) State Advisory Council on Early Childhood Education and Care (or similar coordinating body) (pursuant to 642B(b)(I)(A)(i) of the Head Start Act). Describe the
	coordination goals and process:
	☐ Does the Lead Agency have official representation and a decision-making role in the
	State Advisory Council (or similar coordinating body)?
	□ No
	□ Yes
	(REQUIRED) Indian tribe(s) and/or tribal organization(s), at the option of individual tribes.
_	Describe the coordination goals and process, including which tribe(s) was consulted:
	Describe the coordination goals and process, including which thise(s) was consulted.
	■ N/A—There are no Indian tribes and/or tribal organizations in the State.
	(REQUIRED) State/territory agency(ies) responsible for programs for children with special
ш	
	needs, including early intervention programs authorized under the Individuals with
	Disabilities Education Act (Part C for infants and toddlers and Section 619 for preschool). Describe the coordination goals and process:
	· —
	(REQUIRED) State/territory office/director for Head Start state collaboration. Describe the coordination goals and process:
ш	(REQUIRED) State agency responsible for public health, including the agency responsible for immunizations. Describe the coordination goals and process:
	(REQUIRED) State agency responsible for employment services/workforce development.
	Describe the coordination goals and process: (DECLUBED) State (targitary accepts responsible for public education, including
	(REQUIRED) State/territory agency responsible for public education, including
	prekindergarten (preK). Describe the coordination goals and process:
	(REQUIRED) State/territory agency responsible for child care licensing. Describe the
	coordination goals and process:
	(REQUIRED) State/territory agency responsible for the Child and Adult Care Food Program
	(CACFP) and other relevant nutrition programs. Describe the coordination goals and
	process:
	(REQUIRED) McKinney-Vento state coordinators for homeless education and other
	agencies providing services for children experiencing homelessness and, to the extent
	practicable, local McKinney-Vento liaisons. Describe the coordination goals and process:
	(REQUIRED) State/territory agency responsible for employment services and workforce
_	development. Describe the coordination goals and process:
	(REQUIRED) State/territory agency responsible for the Temporary Assistance for Needy
ш	Families program. Describe the coordination goals and process:
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(REQUIRED) Agency responsible for Medicaid and the state Children's Health Insurance
П	Program. Describe the coordination goals and process: (REQUIRED) State (territory agency responsible for montal health. Describe the
	(REQUIRED) State/territory agency responsible for mental health. Describe the
	coordination goals and process:

	(REQUIRED) Child care resource and referral agencies, child care consumer education organizations, and providers of early childhood education training and professional
	development. Describe the coordination goals and process:
	(REQUIRED) Statewide afterschool network or other coordinating entity for out-of-school
	time care (if applicable). Describe the coordination goals and process:
	(REQUIRED) Agency responsible for emergency management and response. Describe the
	coordination goals and process:
	<u> </u>
The f	ollowing are examples of optional partners a state might coordinate with to provide
-	ces. Check all that apply.
	State/territory/local agencies with Early Head Start – Child Care Partnership grants.
П	Describe:
	State/territory institutions for higher education, including community colleges. Describe:
	Other federal, state, local, and/or private agencies providing early childhood and school-
ш	age/youth-serving developmental services. Describe:
	State/territory agency responsible for implementing the Maternal and Child Home
ш	Visitation programs grant. Describe:
	Agency responsible for Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic, and Treatment. Describe:
	Agency responsible for Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic, and Treatment. Describe.
	State/territory agency responsible for child welfare. Describe:
	State/territory liaison for military child care programs. Describe:
	Provider groups or associations. Describe:
	Parent groups or organizations. Describe:
	Other. Describe:

1.5 Optional Use of Combined Funds, CCDF Matching and Maintenance-of-Effort Funds

Optional Use of Combined Funds: States and territories have the option to combine funding for CCDF child care services with funding for any of the required programs listed in 1.4.1. These programs include those operating at the federal, state, and local levels for children in preschool programs, tribal early childhood programs, and other early childhood programs, including those serving infants and toddlers with disabilities, homeless children, and children in foster care (658E(c)(2)(O)(ii)). Combining funds could include blending multiple funding streams, pooling funds, or layering funds together from multiple funding streams to expand and/or enhance services for children and families to allow for the delivery of comprehensive quality care that meets the needs of children and families. For example, state/territory agencies may use multiple funding sources to offer grants or contracts to programs to deliver services; a state/territory may allow a county/local government to use coordinated funding streams; or policies may be in place that allow local programs to layer CCDF funds with additional funding sources to pay for full-day, full-year child care that meets Early Head Start/Head Start or state/territory prekindergarten requirements in addition to state/territory child care licensing requirements.

As a reminder, CCDF funds may be used in collaborative efforts with Head Start programs to provide comprehensive child care and development services for children who are eligible for both programs. In fact, the coordination and collaboration between the Head Start and CCDF is strongly encouraged by sections 640(g)(1)(D) and (E); 640(h); 641(d)(2)(H)(v); and 642(e)(3) of the Head Start Act in the provision of full working day, full calendar year comprehensive services. To implement such collaborative programs, which share, for example, space, equipment, or materials, grantees may layer several funding streams so that seamless services are provided (Policy and Program Guidance for the Early Head Start – Child Care Partnerships: https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/occ/acf im ohs 15 03.pdf).

l.5.1		he Lead Agency choose to combine funding for CCDF services for any required early bood program (98.14(a)(3))?
	a) b) c)	s. If yes, describe at a minimum: How you define "combine" Which funds you will combine Your purpose and expected outcomes for combining funds, such as extending the day or year of services available (i.e., full-day, full-year programming for working families), smoothing transitions for children, enhancing and aligning quality of services, linking comprehensive services to children in child care or developing the supply of child care for vulnerable populations How you will be combining multiple sets of funding, such as at the State/Territory level,
	e)	local level, program level? How are the funds tracked and method of oversight
	also se coordi preK fu percer service certify	PreK for Maintenance of Effort: The CCDF final rule clarifies that public preK funds may erve as maintenance-of-effort funds as long as the state/territory can describe how it will nate preK and child care services to expand the availability of child care while using public unds as no more than 20 percent of the state's or territory's maintenance of effort or 30 at of its matching funds in a single fiscal year (FY) (98.55(h)). If expenditures for preK are used to meet the maintenance-of-effort requirement, the state/territory must that it has not reduced its level of effort in full-day/full-year child care services (h)(1); 98.15(a)(6)).
	under match	Private Funds for Match or Maintenance of Effort: Donated funds do not need to be the administrative control of the Lead Agency to qualify as an expenditure for federal. However, Lead Agencies do need to identify and designate in the state/territory Plan the ed funds given to public or private entities to implement the child care program (98.55(f)).
1.5.2		of the following funds does the Lead Agency intend to use to meet the CCDF matching OE requirements described in 98.55(e) and 98.55(h)? Check all that apply.
		The Lead Agency must check at least public and/or private funds as matching, even if preKalso will be used.
	□ N/	A—The territory is not required to meet CCDF matching and MOE requirements

Public funds are used to meet the CCDF matching fund requirement. Public funds may include any general revenue funds, county or other local public funds, state/territory-specific funds (tobacco tax, lottery), or any other public funds. O If checked, identify the source of funds: O If known, identify the estimated amount of public funds that the Lead Agency will receive: \$
Private donated funds are used to meet the CCDF matching funds requirement. Only private funds received by the designated entities or by the Lead Agency may be counted for match purposes (98.53(f)). If checked, are those funds: donated directly to the State? donated to a separate entity(ies) designated to receive private donated funds?
If checked, identify the name, address, contact, and type of entities designated to receive private donated funds: If known, identify the estimated amount of private donated funds that the Lead Agency will receive: \$
State expenditures for preK programs are used to meet the CCDF matching funds requirement. If checked, provide the estimated percentage of the matching fund requirement that will be met with preK expenditures (not to exceed 30 percent): • If the percentage is more than 10 percent of the matching fund requirement, describe how the State will coordinate its preK and child care services: • If known, identify the estimated amount of preK funds that the Lead Agency will receive for the matching funds requirement: \$ Describe the Lead Agency efforts to ensure that preK programs meet the needs of working parents:
State expenditures for preK programs are used to meet the CCDF maintenance-of-effort requirements. If checked, The Lead Agency assures that its level of effort in full-day/full-year child care services has not been reduced, pursuant to 98.55(h)(1) and 98.15(6). No Pes Describe the Lead Agency efforts to ensure that preK programs meet the needs of working parents: Estimated percentage of the MOE Fund requirement that will be met with preK
 If the percentage is more than 10 percent of the MOE requirement, describe how the State will coordinate its preK and child care services to expand the availability of child care:

• If known, identify the estimated amount of preK funds that the Lead Agency will receive for the MOE Fund requirement: \$

1.6 Public-Private Partnerships

Lead Agencies are required to describe how they encourage public-private partnerships among other public agencies, tribal organizations, private entities, faith-based organizations, businesses or organizations that promote business involvement, and/or community-based organizations to leverage existing service delivery (i.e., cooperative agreement among providers to pool resources to pay for shared fixed costs and operation) (658E(c)(2)(P)). ACF expects these types of partnerships to leverage public and private resources to further the goals of the CCDBG Act. Lead Agencies are required to demonstrate how they encourage public-private partnerships to leverage existing child care and early education service-delivery systems and to increase the supply and quality of child care services for children younger than age 13, for example, by implementing voluntary shared service alliance models (98.14(a)(4)).

1.6.1 Identify and describe the entities with which and the levels at which the state/territory is partnering (level—state/territory, county/local, and/or programs), the goals of the partnerships, the ways that partnerships are expected to leverage existing service-delivery systems, the method of partnering, and examples of activities that have resulted from these partnerships (98.16(d)(2)).

1.7 Coordination With Local or Regional Child Care Resource and Referral Systems

Lead Agencies may use CCDF funds to establish or support a system of local or regional child care resource and referral (CCR&R) organizations that is coordinated, to the extent determined by the state/territory, by a statewide public or private non-profit, community-based or regionally based, lead child care resource and referral organization (such as a statewide CCR&R network) (658E(c)(3)(B)(iii); 98.52).

- If Lead Agencies use CCDF funds for local CCR&R organizations, the local or regional CCR&R organizations supported by those funds must, at the direction of the Lead Agency, provide parents in the State with consumer education information concerning the full range of child care options (including faith-based and community-based child care providers), analyzed by provider, including child care provided during non-traditional hours and through emergency child care centers, in their area.
- To the extent practicable, work directly with families who receive assistance to offer the
 families support and assistance to make an informed decision about which child care
 providers they will use to ensure that the families are enrolling their children in the most
 appropriate child care setting that suits their needs and one that is of high quality (as
 determined by the Lead Agency).
- Collect data and provide information on the coordination of services and supports, including services under Section 619 and Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act;
- Collect data and provide information on the supply of and demand for child care services in areas of the state and submit the information to the State;
- Work to establish partnerships with public agencies and private entities, including faithbased and community-based child care providers, to increase the supply and quality of child

care services in the state and, as appropriate, coordinate their activities with the activities of the state Lead Agency and local agencies that administer funds made available through CCDF (98.52(b)).

Nothing in the statute or rule prohibits States from using CCR&R agencies to conduct or provide additional services beyond those required by statute or rule.

Note: Use section 7.6 to address how quality set-aside funds, if applicable, are used to support a statewide CCR&R system.

1.7.1	Does the Lead Agency fund a system of local or regional CCR&R organizations?
	 No. The state/territory does not fund a CCR&R system and has no plans to establish one. Yes. The state/territory funds a CCR&R system. If yes, describe the following: a) What services are provided through the CCR&R system? b) How the CCR&R system is operated, including how many agencies and if there is a statewide network and how the system is coordinated.
1.8	Disaster Preparedness and Response Plan
	Lead Agencies are required to establish a Statewide Child Care Disaster Plan (658E(c)(2)(U)). They must demonstrate how they will address the needs of children—including the need for safe child care, before, during, and after a state of emergency declared by the Governor or a major disaster or emergency (as defined by Section 102 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5122)—through a Statewide Disaster Plan that, for a State, is developed in collaboration with the State human services agency, the State emergency management agency, the State licensing agency, the State health department or public health department, local and State child care resource and referral agencies, and the State Advisory Council on Early Childhood Education and Care (designated or established pursuant to section 642B(b)(I)(A)(i) of the Head Start Act (42 U.S.C. 9837b(b)(1)(A)(i))) or similar coordinating body (98.16(aa)).
1.8.1	Describe how the Statewide Child Care Disaster Plan was developed in collaboration with the State human services agency, the State emergency management agency, the State licensing agency, the State health department or public health department, local and State child care resource and referral agencies, and the State Advisory Council on Early Childhood Education and Care or similar coordinating body:
1.8.2	Describe how the Statewide Disaster Plan includes the Lead Agency's guidelines for the continuation of child care subsidies and child care services, which may include the provision of emergency and temporary child care services during a disaster and temporary operating standards for child care after a disaster:
1.8.3	Describe Lead Agency procedures for the coordination of post-disaster recovery of child care services:
184	Describe how the Lead Agency ensures that providers who receive CCDF funds have the

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following procedures in place—evacuation; relocation; shelter-in-place; lockdown;

communications with and reunification of families; continuity of operations; and accommodations for infants and toddlers, children with disabilities, and children with chronic medical conditions:

- 1.8.5 Describe how the Lead Agency ensures that providers who receive CCDF funds have the following procedures in place for child care staff and volunteers—emergency preparedness training and practice drills as required in 98.41(a)(1)(vii):
- 1.8.6 Provide the link to the website where the statewide child care disaster plan is available:

2 Promote Family Engagement Through Outreach and Consumer Education

Lead Agencies are required to support the role of parents as child care consumers who need information to make informed choices regarding the services that best suit their needs. A key purpose of the CCDBG Act is to "promote involvement by parents and family members in the development of their children in child care settings" (658A(b)). Lead Agencies have the opportunity to consider how information can be provided to parents through the child care assistance system, partner agencies, and child care consumer education websites.

The target audience for the consumer education information includes three groups: parents receiving CCDF assistance, the general public, and when appropriate, child care providers. In this section, Lead Agencies will address how information is made available to families to assist them in accessing high-quality child care and how information is shared on other financial assistance programs or supports for which a family might be eligible. In addition, Lead Agencies will certify that information on developmental screenings is provided and will describe how research and best practices concerning children's development, including their social-emotional development, is shared.

In this section, Lead Agencies will delineate the consumer and provider education information related to child care, as well as other services, including developmental screenings, that is made available to parents, providers, and the general public and the ways that it is made available. This section also covers the parental complaint process and the consumer education website that has been developed by the Lead Agency and the manner in which it links to the national website and hotline. Finally, this section addresses the consumer statement that is provided to parents supported with CCDF funds.

2.1 Outreach to Families With Limited English Proficiency and Persons With Disabilities

The Lead Agency is required to describe how it provides outreach and services to eligible families with limited English proficiency and persons with disabilities and to facilitate the participation of child care providers with limited English proficiency and disabilities in the CCDF program (98.16(dd)). Lead Agencies are required to develop policies and procedures to clearly communicate program information, such as requirements, consumer education information, and eligibility information, to families and child care providers of all backgrounds (81 FR 67456).

2.1.1 Describe how the Lead Agency or partners provide outreach and services to eligible families for whom English is not their first language:

2.1.2 Describe how the Lead Agency or partners provide outreach and services to eligible families with a person(s) with a disability:

2.2 Parental Complaint Process

The Lead Agency must certify that the state/territory maintains a record of substantiated parental complaints and makes information regarding such complaints available to the public on request (658E(c)(2)(C); 98.15(b)(3)). Lead Agencies must also provide a detailed description of the hotline or similar reporting process for parents to submit complaints about child care providers; the process for substantiating complaints; the manner in which the Lead Agency maintains a record of substantiated parental complaints; and ways that the Lead Agency makes information on such parental complaints available to the public on request (98.16; 98.32).

- 2.2.1 Describe the Lead Agency's hotline or similar reporting process through which parents can submit complaints about child care providers, including a link if it is a Web-based process:
- 2.2.2 Describe the Lead Agency's process for screening, substantiating and responding to complaints regarding CCDF providers, including whether the process includes monitoring:
- 2.2.3 Describe the Lead Agency's process for screening, substantiating and responding to complaints for non-CCDF providers, including whether the process includes monitoring:
- 2.2.4 Certify by describing how the Lead Agency maintains a record of substantiated parental complaints:
- 2.2.5 Certify by describing how the Lead Agency makes information about substantiated parental complaints available to the public; this information can include the consumer education website discussed in section 2.3:

2.3 Consumer Education Website

States and Territories are required to provide information to parents, the general public, and when applicable, child care providers through a State website, which is consumer-friendly and easily accessible (658E(c)(2)(E)(i)(III)). The website must include information to assist families in understanding the policies and procedures for licensing child care providers. The website information must also include provider-specific information, monitoring and inspection reports for the provider, the quality of each provider (if such information is available for the provider), and the availability of the provider (658E(c)(2)(D); 98.33(a)). The website should also provide access to a yearly statewide report on deaths, serious injuries, and the number of cases of substantiated child abuse that have occurred in child care settings. To assist families with any additional questions, the website should provide contact information for local child care resource and referral organizations and any other agencies that can assist families in better understanding the information on the website.

To certify, respond to questions 2.3.1 through 2.3.10 by describing how the Lead Agency meets these requirements and provide the link in 2.3.11. Please note that any changes made to the web links provided below in this section after the CCDF Plan is approved are considered substantial changes and CCDF Plan Amendments will be required.

2.3.1		scribe how the Lead Agency ensures that its website is consumer-friendly and easily cessible:	
2.3.2	Describe how the website ensures the widest possible access to services for families that speak languages other than English (98.33(a)):		
2.3.3		scribe how the website ensures the widest possible access to services for persons with abilities:	
2.3.4	Lea	ad Agency processes related to child care.	
	pol des fro	equired component of the consumer education website is a description of Lead Agency licies and procedures relating to child care (98.33(a) (1)). This information includes a scription of how the state/territory licenses child care, a rationale for exempting providers m licensing requirements, the procedure for conducting monitoring and inspections of oviders, and the policies and procedures related to criminal background checks.	
	a)	Provide the link to how the Lead Agency licenses child care providers, including the rationals for exempting certain providers from licensing requirements, as described in section 5.3.6:	
	b)	Provide the link to the procedure for conducting monitoring and inspections of child care providers, as described in section 5.3.2:	
	c)	Provide the link to the policies and procedures related to criminal background checks for staff members of child care providers and the offenses that prevent individuals from being employed by a child care provider or receiving CCDF funds, as described in sections 5.4.1 and 5.4.6:	
2.3.5	List	t of providers	
	dis lice	e consumer education website must include a list of all licensed providers and, at the cretion of the Lead Agency, all providers eligible to deliver CCDF services, identified as either ensed or license-exempt. Providers caring for children to whom they are related do not need be included. The list of providers should be searchable by ZIP Code.	
	a)	Provide the website link to the searchable list of child care providers:	
	b)	Which providers are included in the searchable list of child care providers: Licensed CCDF providers Licensed non-CCDF providers License-exempt center-based CCDF providers License-exempt family child care (FCC) CCDF providers License-exempt non-CCDF providers Relative CCDF child care providers Other. Describe:	
	c)	Describe what information is available in the search results. Specify if the information is different for different types of providers:	

2.3.6	Lead Agencies must also identify specific quality information on each child care provider for whom they have this information. The type of information provided is determined by the Lead Agency, and it should help families easily understand whether a provider offers services that meet Lead Agency-specific best practices and standards or a nationally recognized, research-based set of criteria. Provider-specific quality information must only be posted on the consumer website if it is available for the individual provider.			
	a)	How does the Lead Agency determine quality ratings or other quality information to include on the website? ☐ Quality rating and improvement system ☐ National accreditation ☐ Enhanced licensing system ☐ Meeting Head Start/Early Head Start requirements ☐ Meeting prekindergarten quality requirements ☐ Other. Describe:		
2.3.7	edu pro of i pro rep ava Lea	For what types of providers are quality ratings or other indicators of quality available? Licensed CCDF providers. Describe the quality information: Licensed non-CCDF providers. Describe the quality information: License-exempt center-based CCDF providers. Describe the quality information: License-exempt FCC CCDF providers. Describe the quality information: License-exempt non-CCDF providers. Describe the quality information: Relative child care providers. Describe the quality information: Other. Describe: Agencies are required to post monitoring and inspection reports on the consumer acation website for each licensed provider and for each non-relative provider eligible to avide CCDF services on the consumer education website. These reports must include results required annual monitoring visits and visits due to major substantiated complaints about a avider's failure to comply with health and safety requirements and child care policies. The corts must be in plain language and be timely to ensure that the results of the reports are aliable and easily understood by parents when they are deciding on a child care provider. Agencies must post at least 3 years of reports when available.		
	a)	How monitoring and inspection reports are in plain language. Include a website link to a sample monitoring report, or if reports are not in plain language, describe how plain-language summaries are used to meet the regulatory requirements. Include a link to a sample report and summary.		
	b) c)	How monitoring and inspection reports and/or their plain-language summaries prominently display any health and safety violations, including any fatalities or serious injuries The process for correcting inaccuracies in reports.		

	u)	requirements.
	e)	How reports are posted in a timely manner. Specifically, provide the Lead Agency's definition of "timely" and describe how it ensures that reports are posted within its timeframe.
	f)	How many years of reports that the state/territory posts on its website, if any, beyond the required minimum of 3 years, where available (98.33(a)(4)(iv)).
	g)	The policy for removing reports after a certain amount of time has passed (e.g., after 7 years).
	h)	Any additional providers on which the Lead Agency chooses to include reports. Note - Licensed providers and CCDF providers must have monitoring and inspection reports posted on their consumer education website.
		 □ License-exempt non-CCDF providers □ Relative child care providers □ Other. Describe:
2.3.8	occ The lice	gregate data on serious injuries, deaths, and substantiated cases of child abuse that have curred in child care settings each year must be posted on the consumer education website. Information on serious injuries and deaths should be organized by category of care and child status, however, Lead Agencies are not required to breakdown the instances of estantiated child abuse by category of care and licensing status.
	Cer	tify by providing:
	a)	The designated entity to which child care providers must submit reports of any serious injuries or deaths of children occurring in child care (98.16 (ff)) and describe how the Lead Agency obtains the aggregate data from the entity.
	b)	The definition of "substantiated child abuse" used by the Lead Agency for this requirement.
	c)	The definition of "serious injury" used by the Lead Agency for this requirement.
	d)	The website link to the page where the aggregate number of serious injuries, deaths, and substantiated instances of child abuse are posted.
2.3.9	car CCF	e consumer education website should include contact information on referrals to local child e resource and referral organizations. How does the Lead Agency provide referrals to local R&R agencies through the consumer education website? Describe and include a website link this information:
2.3.10	Lea	e consumer education website should include information on how parents can contact the ad Agency, or its designee, or other programs that can help the parent understand ormation included on the website. Describe and include a website link to this information:
2.3.11	Pro	vide the website link to the Lead Agency's consumer education website.

2.4 National Website and Hotline

The CCDBG Act of 2014 required the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services to establish a national website at ChildCare.gov, which includes a ZIP Code-based search of available child care providers, provider-specific information about the quality of care and health and safety compliance, referrals to local CCR&R organizations, and information about child care subsidy programs and other financial supports available to families (658L(b)). Lead Agencies must also provide a description of how they will respond to complaints submitted through the national website and hotline (98.16(hh)).

2.4.1 Describe how the Lead Agency responds to complaints submitted through the national website and hotline regarding both licensed and license-exempt child care providers. 2.4.2 Identify the designee responsible for receiving and responding to complaints submitted through the national website and hotline. 2.5 Additional Consumer and Provider Education Lead Agencies are required to certify that they will collect and disseminate information about the full diversity of child care services to promote parental choice to parents of eligible children, the general public, and where applicable, child care providers. In addition to the consumer education website, the consumer education information can be provided through CCR&R organizations or through direct conversations with eligibility case workers and child care providers. Outreach and counseling can also be effectively provided via information sessions or intake processes for families (658E(c)(2)(E); 98.15(b)(4); 98.33(b)). In questions 2.5.1 through 2.5.4, certify by describing: 2.5.1 How the Lead Agency shares information with eligible parents, the general public, and where applicable, child care providers about the availability of child care services provided through CCDF and other programs for which the family may be eligible, such as state preK, as well as the availability of financial assistance to obtain child care services. At a minimum, describe what is provided (e.g., such methods as written materials, the website, and direct communications) and how information is tailored for these audiences. 2.5.2 The partnerships formed to make information about the availability of child care services available to families. 2.5.3 How the Lead Agency provides the required information about the following programs and benefits to the parents of eligible children, the general public, and where applicable, providers. In the description, include at a minimum what information is provided, how the information is provided, and how the information is tailored to a variety of audiences and include any partners who assist in providing this information. ☐ Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program: ☐ Head Start and Early Head Start programs: ☐ Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP):

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☐ Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Programs (SNAP)Program:

	 □ Women, Infants, and Children Program (WIC)program: □ Child and Adult Care Food Program(CACFP): □ Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP): □ Programs carried out under Section 619 and Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA):
2.5.4	Describe how the Lead Agency makes available to parents, providers, and the general public information on research and best practices concerning children's development, including physical health and development, particularly healthy eating and physical activity. Information about successful parent and family engagement should also be shared. At a minimum, include what information is provided, how the information is provided, and how the information is tailored to a variety of audiences and include any partners in providing this information.
2.5.5	Describe how information on the Lead Agency's policies regarding the social-emotional and behavioral issues and early childhood mental health of young children, including positive behavioral intervention and support models for those from birth to school age, are shared with families, providers, and the general public. At a minimum, include what information is provided, how the information is provided, and how information is tailored to a variety of audiences and include any partners in providing this information.
2.5.6	Describe the Lead Agency's policies to prevent the suspension and expulsion of children from birth to age 5 in child care and other early childhood programs receiving CCDF funds (98.16(ee)), including how those policies are shared with families, providers, and the general public.
2.6	Procedures for Providing Information on Developmental Screenings
	Lead Agencies are required to provide information on developmental screenings, including information on resources and services that the State can deploy, such as the use of the Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment program under the Medicaid program carried out under title XIX of the Social Security Act and developmental screening services available under Section 619 and Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA),, in conducting those developmental screenings and in providing referrals to services for children who receive subsidies. Lead Agencies must also include a description of how a family or child care provider can use these resources and services to obtain developmental screenings for children who receive subsidies and who might be at risk of cognitive or other developmental delays, which can include social, emotional, physical, or linguistic delays (658E(c)(2)(E)(ii)). Lead Agencies are required to provide this information to eligible families during CCDF intake and to child care providers through training and education (98.33(c)).
2.6.1	Certify by describing:
	a) How the Lead Agency collects and disseminates information on existing resources and services available for conducting developmental screenings to CCDF parents, the general public, and where applicable, child care providers (98.15(b)(3)).
	b) The procedures for providing information on and referring families and child care providers to the Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment program under the Medicaid program—carried out under Title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.)—and

	with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1419, 1431 et seq.).
c)	How the Lead Agency gives information on developmental screenings to parents receiving a subsidy as part of the intake process. Include the information provided, ways it is provided, and any partners in this work.
d)	How CCDF families or child care providers receiving CCDF can use the available resources and services to obtain developmental screenings for CCDF children at risk for cognitive or other developmental delays.
e)	How child care providers receive this information through training and professional development.
f)	Provide the citation for this policy and procedure related to providing information on developmental screenings.

2.7 Consumer Statement for Parents Receiving CCDF Funds

Lead Agencies must provide CCDF parents with a consumer statement in hard copy or electronically (such as referral to a consumer education website) that contains specific information about the child care provider they select. This information about the child care provider selected by the parent includes health and safety requirements met by the provider, any licensing or regulatory requirements met by the provider, the date the provider was last inspected, any history of violations of these requirements, and any voluntary quality standards met by the provider. It must also describe how CCDF subsidies are designed to promote equal access, how to submit a complaint through a hotline, and how to contact local resource and referral agencies or other community-based supports that assist parents in finding and enrolling in quality child care (98.33(d)). Please note that if the consumer statement is provided electronically, Lead Agencies should consider how to ensure that the statement is accessible to parents and that parents have a way to contact someone to address questions they have.

2.7.1 Certify by describing:

- a) How the Lead Agency provides parents receiving CCDF funds with a consumer statement.
- b) What is included in the statement, including when the consumer statement is provided to families.
- c) Provide a link to a sample consumer statement or a description if a link is not available.

3 Provide Stable Child Care Financial Assistance to Families

In providing child care assistance to families, Lead Agencies are required to implement these policies and procedures: a minimum 12-month eligibility and redetermination periods, a process to account for irregular fluctuations in earnings, a policy ensuring that families' work schedules are not disrupted by program requirements, policies to provide for a job search of not fewer than 3 months if the Lead Agency exercises the option to discontinue assistance, and policies for

the graduated phase-out of assistance. Also, procedures for the enrollment of homeless children and children in foster care, if served, pending the completion of documentation, are required.

Note: Lead Agencies are not prohibited from establishing policies that extend eligibility beyond 12 months to align program requirements. For example, Lead Agencies can allow children enrolled in Head Start, Early Head Start, state or local prekindergarten, and other collaborative programs to finish the program year. This type pf policy promotes continuity for families receiving services through multiple benefit programs.

In this section, Lead Agencies will identify how they define eligible children and families and how the Lead Agency improves access for vulnerable children and families. This section also addresses the policies that protect working families and determine a family's contribution to the child care payment.

3.1 Eligible Children and Families

At the time when eligibility is determined, children must (1) be younger than age 13; (2) reside with a family whose income does not exceed 85 percent of the State's median income for a family of the same size and whose family assets do not exceed \$1,000,000 (as certified by a member of said family); and (3)(a) reside with a parent or parents who are working or attending a job training or educational program or (b) receives, or needs to receive, protective services and resides with a parent or parents not described in (3)(a.) (658P(4)).

3.1.1	Eligibility criteria based on a child's age				
	a)	The CCDF program serves children from (weeks/months/years) to years (through age 12). <i>Note:</i> Do not include children incapable of self-care or under court supervision, who are reported below in (b) and (c).			
	b)	Does the Lead Agency allow CCDF-funded child care for children ages 13 and older but below age 19 who are physically and/or mentally incapable of self-care (658E(c)(3)(B); 658P(3))?			
		□ No			
		Yes, and the upper age is (may not equal or exceed age 19). If yes, provide the Lead Agency definition of physical or mental incapacity:			
	c)	Does the Lead Agency allow CCDF-funded child care for children ages 13 and older but below age 19 who are under court supervision (658P(3); 658E(c)(3)(B))?			
		□ No			
		☐ Yes, and the upper age is (may not equal or exceed age 19).			
	d)	How does the Lead Agency define the following eligibility terms? "residing with":			
		"in loco parentis":			

3.1.2 Eligibility criteria based on reason for care a) How does the Lead Agency define "working or attending a job training and educational program" for the purposes of CCDF eligibility at the time of determination? Provide the definitions below for: "Working": "Job training": "Education": "Attending job training or education" (e.g. number of hours, travel time): b) Does the Lead Agency allow parents to qualify for CCDF assistance on the basis of education and training participation alone (without additional minimum work requirements)? ☐ No. If no, describe the additional work requirements: ☐ Yes. If yes, define the job-search time limit, keeping in mind a minimum of 3 months is required to be provided when a parent experiences a non-temporary loss or cessation of eligible activity: c) Does the Lead Agency consider engaging in a job search or seeking employment an eligible activity at initial eligibility determination (at application) and at the 12-month eligibility redetermination (must provide a minimum of 3 months)? ☐ No. ☐ Yes. If yes, describe the policy or procedure. d) Does the Lead Agency provide child care to children in protective services? ☐ No. ☐ Yes. If yes: i. Please provide the Lead Agency's definition of "protective services": Note: Federal requirements allow other vulnerable children identified by the Lead Agency not formally in child protection to be included in the Lead Agency's definition of protective services for CCDF purposes. A Lead Agency may elect to provide CCDF-funded child care to children in foster care when foster care parents are *not* working or are *not* in education/training activities, but this provision should be included in the protective services definition above. ii. Are children in foster care considered to be in protective services for the purposes of eligibility at determination? □ No ☐ Yes iii. Does the Lead Agency waive the income eligibility requirements for cases in which children receive, or need to receive, protective services on a case-by-case basis (658E(c)(5))? □ No ☐ Yes Does the Lead Agency provide respite care to custodial parents of children in iv.

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protective services?

□ No

☐ Yes

- 3.1.3 Eligibility criteria based on family income
 - a) How does the Lead Agency define "income" for the purposes of eligibility at the point of determination?
 - b) Provide the CCDF income eligibility limits in the table below. Complete columns (a) and (b) based on maximum eligibility at initial entry into CCDF. Complete columns (c) and (d) *only if* the Lead Agency is using income eligibility limits lower than 85 percent of the current state median income (SMI) at the initial eligibility determination point. Fill in the chart based on the most populous area of the state (the area serving the highest number of CCDF children).
 - c) If the income eligibility limits are not statewide, describe how many jurisdictions set their own income eligibility limits and provide the income limit ranges across the jurisdictions (e.g. range from [lowest limit] to [highest limit])(98.16(i)(3)).

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
Family Size	100% of SMI (\$/Month)	85% of SMI (\$/Month) [Multiply (a) by 0.85]	(IF APPLICABLE) (\$/Month) Maximum "Entry" Income Level if Lower Than 85% of Current SMI	(IF APPLICABLE) (% of SMI) [Divide (c) by (a), multiply by 100] Income Level if Lower Than 85% of Current SMI
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				

Reminder: Income limits must be established and reported in terms of current SMI based on the most recent data published by the Bureau of the Census (98.20(a)(2)(i)) even if the federal poverty level is used in implementing the program. SMI guidelines are available at: : https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ocs/resource/liheap-im2017-03.

d)	SMI source and year	
u,	Sivil source and year	

e)	What was the date that these eligibility limits in column (c) became effective?	

f)	Provide the citation or link, if available, for the income eligibility limits.		
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3.1.4 Lead Agencies are required to ensure that children receiving CCDF funds do not have family assets that exceed \$1,000,000, as certified by a family member (98.20(a)(2)(ii)).

a)	Describe how the family member certifies	that family assets do not exceed \$1,000,000 (e.g.
	a checkoff on the CCDF application).	

b) Does the Lead Agency waive the asset limit on a case-by-case basis for families defined as

	receiving, or in need of, protective services?
	□ No.
	☐ Yes. If yes, please identify the policy or procedure:
3.1.5	Describe any additional eligibility conditions or priority rules applied by the Lead Agency during eligibility determination or redetermination (98.20(b)).
216	Load Appraise are required to take into appaid protion children's development and property

- 3.1.6 Lead Agencies are required to take into consideration children's development and promote continuity of care when authorizing child care services (98.21(f); 98.16(h)(6)). Examples include partnering with Head Start, prekindergarten, or other high-quality programs to create a package of arrangements that accommodates parent's work schedules; providing more intensive case management for families with children with multiple risk factors; and including in the eligibility determination process a question about whether a child has an Individualized Education Program or Individual Family Service Plan. Describe the Lead Agency's policies and procedures that take into consideration children's development and learning and that promote continuity of care when authorizing child care services.
- 3.1.7 Graduated phase-out of assistance.

Lead Agencies are required to provide for a graduated phase-out of assistance for families whose income has increased above the state's initial income threshold at the time of redetermination but remains below the federal threshold of 85 percent of the state median income. Providing a graduated phase-out promotes continuity by allowing for wage growth, allows for a tapered transition out of the child care subsidy program as income increases, and supports long-term self-sufficiency for families.

Lead Agencies that establish initial family income eligibility below 85 percent of SMI must provide a graduated phase-out by implementing a two-tiered eligibility threshold, with the second tier of eligibility (used at the time of eligibility redetermination) to be set at:

- i. 85 percent of SMI for a family of the same size
- ii. An amount lower than 85 percent of SMI for a family of the same size but above the Lead Agency's initial eligibility threshold that:
 - (A) Takes into account the typical household budget of a low-income family
 - (B) Provides justification that the second eligibility threshold is:
 - (1) Sufficient to accommodate increases in family income over time that are typical for low-income workers and that promote and support family economic stability
 - (2) Reasonably allows a family to continue accessing child care services without unnecessary disruption.

At redetermination, a child shall be considered eligible if his or her parents are working or attending a job training or educational program even if their income exceeds the Lead Agency's income limit to initially qualify for assistance as long as their income does not exceed the second tier of eligibility (98.21(a); 98.21(b)(1)).

A family eligible for services via the graduated phase-out of assistance is considered eligible under the same conditions as other eligible families with the exception of the copayment restrictions, which do not apply to a graduated phase-out. To help families transition off of child care assistance, Lead Agencies may gradually adjust copay amounts for families whose children are determined eligible under a graduated phase-out and may require additional reporting on changes in family income. However, Lead Agencies must still ensure that any additional reporting requirements do not constitute an undue burden on families.

a)	Check and describe the option that best identifies the Lead Agency's policies and procedures regarding the graduated phase-out of assistance.					
		is not required to provide a graduated phase-out period. The Lead Agency sets the second eligibility threshold at 85 percent of SMI. Describe the policies and procedures. Provide the citation for this policy or procedure. The Lead Agency sets the second eligibility threshold at an amount lower than 85 percent of SMI for a family of the same size but above the Lead Agency's initial eligibility threshold. Provide the second eligibility level for a family of three.				
		• Des	Scribe how the second eligibility threshold: Takes into account the typical household budget of a low-income family:			
		ii.	Is sufficient to accommodate increases in family income over time that are typical for low-income workers and that promote and support family economic stability:			
		iii.	Reasonably allows a family to continue accessing child care services without unnecessary disruption:			
		iv.	Provide the citation for this policy or procedure:			
b)) Does the Lead Agency gradually adjust copays for families eligible under the graduated phase-out period?					
		No Yes				
Flu		i. ii.	If yes, describe how the Lead Agency gradually adjusts copays for families under a graduated phase-out. If yes, does the Lead Agency require additional reporting requirements during the graduated phase-out period? (<i>Note:</i> Additional reporting requirements			
	ctua	tion in e	are also discussed in section 3.3.3 of the plan.) No. Yes. Describe:			

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Lead Agencies are required to demonstrate how their processes for initial determination and redetermination take into account irregular fluctuations in earnings (658E(c)(2)(N)(i)(II)). The

3.1.8

Lead Agency must put in place policies that ensure that temporary increases in income, including temporary increases that can result in a monthly income exceeding 85 percent of SMI (calculated on a monthly basis) from seasonal employment or other temporary work schedules, do not affect eligibility or family copayments (98.21(c)).

	Describe the Lead Agency's policy related to the fluctuation in earnings requirement, including how temporary increases that result in a monthly income exceeding 85 percent of SMI (calculated on a monthly basis) do not affect eligibility or family copayments.			
3.1.9	Lead Agencies are required to have procedures for documenting and verifying that children receiving CCDF funds meet eligibility criteria at the time of eligibility determination and redetermination (98.68(c)). Check the information that the Lead Agency documents and verifies and describe, at a minimum, what information is required and how often. Check all that apply.			
	 □ Applicant identity. Describe: □ □ Applicant's relationship to the child. Describe: □ □ Child's information for determining eligibility (e.g., identity, age, citizen/immigration status). Describe: □ □ Work. Describe: □ □ Job training or educational program. Describe: □ □ Family income. Describe: □ □ Household composition. Describe: □ □ Applicant residence. Describe: □ □ Other. Describe: □ 			
3.1.10	Which strategies, if any, will the Lead Agency use to assure the timeliness of eligibility determinations upon receipt of applications?			
	 □ Time limit for making eligibility determinations. Describe length of time □ Track and monitor the eligibility determination process □ Other. Describe □ None 			

3.1.11 Informing parents who receive TANF benefits about the exception to the individual penalties associated with the TANF work requirement.

Lead Agencies are required to inform parents who receive TANF benefits about the exception to the individual penalties associated with the work requirement for any single custodial parent who has a demonstrated inability to obtain needed child care for a child younger than age 6 (98.16(v); 98.33(f)).

Lead Agencies must coordinate with TANF programs to ensure that TANF families with young children will be informed of their right not to be sanctioned if they meet the criteria set forth by the state/territory TANF agency in accordance with Section 407(e)(2) of the Social Security Act.

In fulfilling this requirement, the following criteria or definitions are applied by the TANF agency to determine whether the parent has a demonstrated inability to obtain needed child care.

Note: The TANF agency, not the CCDF Lead Agency, is responsible for establishing the following

	criteria or definitions. These criteria or definitions are offered in this Plan as a matter of public record.			
	a)	Identify the TANF agency that established these criteria or definitions:		
	b)	Provide the following definitions established by the TANF agency:		
		"Appropriate child care":		
		"Reasonable distance":		
		"Unsuitability of informal child care":		
		"Affordable child care arrangements":		
	c)	How are parents who receive TANF benefits informed about the exception to the individual penalties associated with the TANF work requirements?		
		☐ In writing		
		□ Verbally		
		☐ Other. Describe:		
	d)	Provide the citation for the TANF policy or procedure:		
3.2	Increasing Access for Vulnerable Children and Families			
	ne chi ass	ad Agencies are required to give priority for child care assistance to children with special eds, which can include vulnerable populations, in families with very low incomes and to ldren experiencing homelessness (658E(c)(3)(B); 98.46(a)). The prioritization of CCDF sistance services is not limited to eligibility determination (i.e., the establishment of a waiting or the ranking of eligible families in priority order to be served).		
		te: CCDF defines "child experiencing homelessness" as a child who is homeless, as defined in ction 725 of Subtitle VII-B of the McKinney-Vento Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a) (98.2).		
3.2.1		scribe how the Lead Agency will prioritize or target child care services for the following ldren and families.		
	a)	How does the Lead Agency define "children with special needs" and include a description of how services are prioritized:		
	b)	How does the Lead Agency define of "families with very low incomes" and include a description of how services are prioritized:		
	c)	Describe how services are prioritized for children experiencing homelessness, as defined by the CCDF:		
	d)	Describe how services are prioritized, if applicable, for families receiving TANF program funds, those attempting to transition off TANF through work activities, and those at risk of becoming dependent on TANF (98.16(i)(4)):		

3.2.2

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Lead Agencies are required to expend CCDF funds to (1) permit the enrollment (after an initial eligibility determination) of children experiencing homelessness while required documentation

is obtained, (2) provide training and TA to child care providers and the appropriate Lead Agency (or designated entity) staff on identifying and serving homeless children and families (addressed

	in s	ecti	on 6), and (3) conduct specific outreach to homeless families (658E(c)(3); 98.51).
	a)		cribe the procedures to permit the enrollment of children experiencing homelessness le required documentation is obtained.
	b)		cribe the procedures to conduct outreach for children experiencing homelessness (as ined by the CCDF) and their families.
	as	a res	he Lead Agency shall pay any amount owed to a child care provider for services provided ult of the initial eligibility determination, and any CCDF payment made prior to the final by determination shall not be considered an error or improper payment (98.51(a)(1)(ii)).
3.2.3	Lead Agencies must establish a grace period that allows homeless children and children in foste care to receive CCDF assistance while providing their families with a reasonable time to take an necessary actions to comply with immunization and other health and safety requirements (as described in section 5). The length of such a grace period shall be established in consultation with the state, territorial, or tribal health agency (658E(c)(2)(I)(i)(I); 98.41(a)(1)(i)(C)).		
			ny payment for such a child during the grace period shall not be considered an error or er payment $(98.41(a)(1)(i)(C)(2))$.
	a)	hea	ccribe procedures to provide a grace period to comply with immunization and other alth and safety requirements, including how the length of the grace period was ablished in consultation with the state, territorial, or tribal health agency for:
			Children experiencing homelessness (as defined by CCDF). Provide the citation for this policy and procedure. Provide the citation for this policy and procedure Provide the citation for this policy and procedure
	b)	ter chi	cribe how the Lead Agency coordinates with licensing agencies and other relevant state, ritorial, tribal, and local agencies to provide referrals and support to help families with dren receiving services during a grace period comply with immunization and other health after safety requirements (98.41(a)(1)(i)(C)(4)).
	c)		es the Lead Agency establish grace periods for other children who are not experiencing nelessness or in foster care?
			No. Yes. Describe:
3.3	Prot	ectio	on for Working Families
3.3.1	12-	·Mor	nth eligibility.
	pei	riod,	d Agency is required to establish a minimum 12-month eligibility and redetermination regardless of changes in income (as long as the income does not exceed the federal old of 85 percent of the state median income) or temporary changes in participation in

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work, training, or educational activities (658E(c)(2)(N)(i) and (ii)).

This change means that a Lead Agency may not terminate CCDF assistance during the 12-month period if a family has an increase in income that exceeds the state's income eligibility threshold, but not the federal threshold of 85 percent of SMI. The Lead Agency may not terminate assistance prior to the end of the 12-month period if a family experiences a temporary job loss or a temporary change in participation in a training or educational activity. A temporary change in eligible activity includes, at a minimum, any time-limited absence from work for an employed parent due to such reasons as the need to care for a family member or an illness; any interruption in work for a seasonal worker who is not working; any student holiday or break for a parent participating in a training or educational program; any reduction in work, training, or education hours, as long as the parent is still working or attending a training or educational program; any other cessation of work or attendance at a training or educational program that does not exceed 3 months or a longer period of time established by the Lead Agency; any changes in age, including turning 13 years old during the 12-month eligibility period; and any changes in residency within the state, territory, or tribal service area.

a)	Describe the Lead Agency's policies and procedures in implementing the minimum 12-
	month eligibility and redetermination requirements, including when a family experiences a
	temporary change in activity.
b)	How does the Lead Agency define "temporary change?"
c)	Provide the citation for this policy and/or procedure.

3.3.2 Option to discontinue assistance during the 12-month eligibility period.

Lead Agencies have the option, but are not required, to discontinue assistance during the 12-month eligibility period due to a parent's *non-temporary* loss of work or cessation of attendance at a job training or educational program, otherwise known as a parent's eligible activity (i.e., if the parent experiences a temporary change in his or her status as working or participating in a training or educational program, as described in section 3.3.1 of the plan).

If the Lead Agency chooses the option to discontinue assistance due to a parent's non-temporary loss or cessation of eligible activity, it must continue assistance at least at the same level for a period of not fewer than 3 months after each such loss or cessation for the parent to engage in a job search and to resume work or resume attendance in a job training or educational program. At the end of the minimum 3-month period of continued assistance, if the parent has engaged in a qualifying work, training, or educational program activity with an income below 85 percent of SMI, assistance cannot be terminated, and the child must continue receiving assistance until the next scheduled redetermination or, at the Lead Agency option, for an additional minimum 12-month eligibility period.

a)	period due to a parent's non-temporary loss or cessation of eligible activity and offer a minimum 3-month period to allow parents to engage in a job search and to resume participation in an eligible activity?
	□ No, the state/territory does not allow this option to discontinue assistance during the 12-month eligibility period due to a parent's <i>non-temporary</i> loss of work or cessation of
	attendance at a job training or educational program.

			Lead Agency discontinues assistance during the 12-month eligibility period due ent's non-temporary loss of work or cessation of eligible activity and provides a
		minimur	m 3-month period of job search. If yes:
		iii.	Provide a summary describing the Lead Agency's policies and procedures for discontinuing assistance due to a parent's non-temporary change:
		iv.	Describe what specific actions/changes trigger the job-search period.
		٧.	How long is the job-search period (must be at least 3 months)?
		vi.	Provide the citation for this policy or procedure.
1	the Lea	following	ency may discontinue assistance prior to the next 12-month redetermination in g limited circumstances. Check and describe any circumstances in which the chooses to discontinue assistance prior to the next 12-month redetermination. at apply.
		Not app	licable.
		Excessiv	e unexplained absences despite multiple attempts by the Lead Agency or
		_	ted entity to contact the family and provider, including the prior notification of a discontinuation of assistance.
		i.	Define the number of unexplained absences identified as excessive:
		ii.	Provide the citation for this policy or procedure:
		A chang	e in residency outside of the state, territory, or tribal service area. Provide the
		citation	for this policy or procedure:
		Substan	tiated fraud or intentional program violations that invalidate prior
		determi	nations of eligibility. Describe the violations that lead to discontinued assistance
		and prov	vide the citation for this policy or procedure.
Char	nge	reportin	g during the 12-month eligibility period.
durii not i	ng pla	the 12-m ce an unc	y must describe the requirements for parents to report changes in circumstances onth eligibility period and describe efforts to ensure that such requirements do due burden on eligible families, which could impact the continuity of care for bility for families receiving CCDF services (98.16(h)(1)).
		•	s should exclude reporting requirements for a graduated phase-out, which were estion 3.1.7(b).
eligi into optio fami	bili ac on ilie	ty period count irre to termin s to repor	uired to report a change to the Lead Agency at any time during the 12-month if the family's income exceeds 85 percent of the state median income, taking egular fluctuations in income (98.21(e)(1)). If the Lead Agency chooses the rate assistance, as described in section 3.3.2 of the plan, they may require a non-temporary change (as described in section 3.3.3 of the plan) in work, ational activities (otherwise known as a parent's eligible activity).
		es the Lea	ad Agency require families to report a non-temporary change in a parent's rity?
		No	
		Yes	

3.3.3

b)	Any additional reporting requirements during the 12-month eligibility period must be limited to items that impact a family's eligibility (e.g., income changes over 85 percent of SMI or that impact the Lead Agency's ability to contact the family or pay the child care providers (e.g., a family's change of address, a change in the parent's choice of child care provider).				
	Check and describe any additional reporting requirements required by the Lead Agency during the 12-month eligibility period. Check all that apply.				
	☐ Additional changes that may impact a family's eligibility during the 12-month period. Describe:				
	 □ Changes that impact the Lead Agency's ability to contact the family. Describe: □ Changes that impact the Lead Agency's ability to pay child care providers. Describe: 				
	Any additional reporting requirements that the Lead Agency chooses, as its option to require from parents during the 12-month eligibility period, shall not require an office visit. In addition, the Lead Agency must offer a range of notification options to accommodate families.				
c)	How does the Lead Agency allow for families to report changes to ensure that reporting requirements are not burdensome and to avoid an impact on continued eligibility between redeterminations? Check all that apply.				
	 □ Phone □ Email □ Online forms □ Extended submission hours □ Other. Describe: 				
d)	Families must have the option to voluntarily report changes on an ongoing basis during the 12-month eligibility period.				
	Lead Agencies are required to act on information reported by the family if it will reduce the family's co-payment or increase the family's subsidy. Lead Agencies are prohibited from acting on information reported by the family that would reduce the family's subsidy unless the information reported indicates that the family's income exceeds 85 percent of SMI after considering irregular fluctuations in income or, at the option of the Lead Agency, the family has experienced a non-temporary change in eligible activity.				
	i. Describe any other changes that the Lead Agency allows families to report.ii. Provide the citation for this policy or procedure.				
Pre	event the disruption of employment, education, or job training activities.				
(es	ad Agencies are required to have procedures and policies in place to ensure that parents pecially parents in families receiving assistance under the TANF program) are not required to duly disrupt their employment, education, or job training activities to comply with the Lead				

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Agency's or designated local entity's requirements for the redetermination of eligibility for

assistance (658E(c)(2)(N)(ii); 98.21(d)).

3.3.4

Examples include developing strategies to inform families and their providers of an upcoming redetermination and that information required of the family, pre-populating subsidy renewal forms, having parents confirm that the information is accurate, and/or asking only for the information necessary to make an eligibility redetermination. In addition, states and territories can offer a variety of family-friendly methods for submitting documentation for eligibility redetermination.

a)	par trai	scribe the Lead Agency's procedures and policies to ensure that parents (especially ents receiving TANF program funds) do not have their employment, education, or job ining unduly disrupted to comply with the state/territory's or designated local entity's uirements for the redetermination of eligibility. List relevant policy citations.
b)	Hov	w are families allowed to submit documentation for redetermination? Check all that ply.
		Mail
		Email
	Ц	Online forms
		Fax
		In-person
		Extended submission hours
		Other, Describe:

3.4 Family Contribution to Payments

Lead Agencies are required to establish and periodically revise a sliding-fee scale for CCDF families that varies based on income and the size of the family to determine each family's contribution (i.e., co-payment) that is not a barrier to families receiving CCDF funds (658E(c)(5)). In addition to income and the size of the family, the Lead Agency may use other factors when determining family contributions/co-payments. Lead Agencies, however, may NOT use cost of care or amount of subsidy payment in determining copayments (98.45(k)(2)).

Note: To help families transition off of child care assistance, Lead Agencies may gradually adjust co-pay amounts for families determined to be eligible under a graduated phase-out. However, section 3.4 applies *only* to families in their initial/entry eligibility period. See section 3.1.4 Graduated Phase-Out regarding co-pays during the graduated phase-out period.

- 3.4.1 Provide the CCDF co-payments in the chart below according to family size for one child in care.
 - a) Fill in the chart based on the most populous area of the State (area serving highest number of CCDF children).

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
Family Size	Lowest "Entry" Income Level Where Family Is First Charged Co- Pay (Greater Than \$0)	What Is the Monthly Co- Payment for a Family of This Size Based on the Income Level in (a)?	The Co- Payment in Column (b) is What Percentage of the Income in Column (a)?	Highest "Entry" Income Level Before a Family Is No Longer Eligible	What Is the Monthly Co- Payment for a Family of This Size Based on the Income Level in (d)?	The Co- Payment in Column (e) is What Percentage of the Income in Column (d)?
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						

2							
3							
4							
5							
	b) c) d)	Provide the	e link to the slid	of the sliding-fee ling-fee scale:		risdictions set t	heir own
3.4.2		sliding-fee	scale (98.16(i)(3				
J.4.2	app		mily 3 continua	tion be calculated,	, and to whom wh	The be applied:	CHECK all that
		☐ The fee ☐ The fee ☐ No add ☐ The fee ☐ The con ☐ 1.2.1).	e is per child an e is per child up ditional fee is ch e is per family.	and: ith the same fee for d is discounted for to a maximum per narged after certain dule varies becaus	r two or more chil r family. n number of child	ren.	dicated in
		☐ The fee ☐ The fee ☐ No add ☐ The fee ☐ The cor ☐ 1.2.1).	e is per child, ar e is per child up ditional percent e is per family.	ome and: ith the same perce nd a discounted pe to a maximum pe age is charged afte dule varies becaus	ercentage is applie er family. er certain number	ed for two or mo	

3.4.3	fam	es the Lead Agency use other factors in addition to income and family size to determine each aily's co-payment (658E(c)(3)(B))? Reminder – Lead Agencies may NOT use cost of care or bount of subsidy payment in determining copayments (98.45(k)(2)).
		No. Yes, check and describe those additional factors below. Number of hours the child is in care. Describe: Lower co-payments for a higher quality of care, as defined by the state/territory. Describe: Other. Describe:
3.4.4	beloor r	Lead Agency may waive contributions/co-payments from families whose incomes are at or ow the poverty level for a family of the same size (98.45(k)) or for families who are receiving needing to receive protective services, as determined for purposes of CCDF eligibility, or who et other criteria established by the Lead Agency (98.45(k)(4)). Does the Lead Agency waive nily contributions/co-payments for any of the following? Check all that apply.
		No, the Lead Agency does not waive family contributions/co-payments. Yes, the Lead Agency waives family contributions/co-payments for families with an income at or below the poverty level for families of the same size. The poverty level used by the Lead Agency for a family size of 3 is \$ Yes, the Lead Agency waives family contributions/co-payments for families who are receiving or needing to receive protective services, as determined by the Lead Agency for purposes of CCDF eligibility. Describe the policy and provide the policy citation. Yes, the Lead Agency waives family contributions/co-payments for other criteria established
		by the Lead Agency. Describe the policy and provide the policy citation
3.4.5		es the Lead Agency allow providers to charge families additional amounts above the required payment in instances where the provider's price exceeds the subsidy payment (98.45(b)(5))?
		 No. Yes. If yes: a) Provide the rationale for the Lead Agency's policy to allow providers to charge families additional amounts above the required co-payment, including a demonstration of how the policy promotes affordability and access for families? b) Provide data (including data on the size and frequency of such amounts) on the extent to which CCDF providers charge additional amounts to families. c) Describe the Lead Agency's analysis of the interaction between the additional amounts charged to families with the required family co-payment, and the ability of current subsidy payment rates to provide access to care without additional fees.
3.4.6		w will the Lead Agency ensure that the family contribution/co-payment, based on a sliding-scale, is affordable and is not a barrier to families receiving CCDF funds? Check all that apply.
		Limit the maximum co-payment per family. Describe: Limit the combined amount of co-payment for all children to a percentage of family income. List the percentage of the co-payment limit and describe

Minimize the abrupt termination of assistance before a family can afford the full cost of care
("the cliff effect") as part of the graduated phase-out of assistance discussed in 3.1.5.
Describe:
Other. Describe:

4 Ensure Equal Access to Child Care for Low-Income Children

A core purpose of CCDF is to promote parental choice and to empower working parents to make their own decisions regarding the child care services that best suit their family's needs. Parents have the option to choose from center-based care, family child care or care provided in the child's own home. In supporting parental choice, the Lead Agencies must ensure that families receiving CCDF funding have the opportunity to choose from the full range of eligible child care settings and must provide families with equal access to child care that is comparable to that of non-CCDF families. Lead Agencies must employ strategies to increase the supply and to improve the quality of child care services, especially in underserved areas. This section addresses strategies that the Lead Agency uses to promote parental choice, ensure equal access, and increase the supply of child care.

4.1 Parental Choice in Relation to Certificates, Grants, or Contracts

The parent(s) of each eligible child who receive(s) or is offered financial assistance for child care services has the option of either receiving a child care certificate or, if available, enrolling his or her child with a provider that has a grant or contract for providing child care services (658E(c)(2)(A); 98.30(a)). Even if a parent chooses to enroll his or her child with a provider who has a grant or contract, the parent will select the provider, to the extent practicable. If a parent chooses to use a certificate, the Lead Agency shall provide information to the parent on the range of provider options, including care by sectarian providers and relatives. Lead Agencies must require providers chosen by families to meet health and safety standards and has the option to require higher standards of quality. Lead agencies are reminded that any policies and procedures should not restrict parental access to any type of care or provider (e.g. center care, home care, in-home care, for-profit provider, non-profit provider or faith-based provider, etc.) (98.15 (a)(5)).

4.1.1	Describe the child care certificate, including when it is issued to parents (before or after the parent has selected a provider) and what information is included on the certificate (98.16 (q)).
4.1.2	Describe how the parent is informed that the child certificate allows the option to choose from a variety of child care categories, such as private, not-for-profit, faith-based providers; centers; FCC homes; or in-home providers (658E(c)(2)(A)(i); 658P(2); 658Q). Check all that apply.
	 □ Certificate that provides information about the choice of providers □ Certificate that provides information about the quality of providers □ Certificate not linked to a specific provider, so parents can choose any provider □ Consumer education materials on choosing child care □ Referral to child care resource and referral agencies □ Co-located resource and referral in eligibility offices

	 □ Verbal communication at the time of the application □ Community outreach, workshops, or other in-person activities □ Other. Describe:
4.1.3	Child care services available through grants or contracts.
	a) In addition to offering certificates, does the Lead Agency provide child care services through grants or contracts for child care slots (658A(b)(1))? <i>Note:</i> Do not check "yes" if every provider is simply required to sign an agreement to be paid in the certificate program.
	 No. If no, skip to 4.1.4. Yes. If yes, describe: How the Lead Agency ensures that parents who enroll with a provider who has a grant or contract have choices when selecting a provider: The type(s) of child care services available through grants or contracts: The entities that receive contracts (e.g., shared services alliances, CCR&R agencies, FCC networks, community-based agencies, child care providers): The process for accessing grants or contracts: How rates for contracted slots are set through grants and contracts: How the Lead Agency determines which entities to contract with for increasing supply and/or improving quality: If contracts are offered statewide and/or locally: Will the Lead Agency use grants or contracts for child care services to increase the supply and/or quality of specific types of care? Check all that apply.
	 □ Programs to serve children with disabilities □ Programs to serve infants and toddlers □ Programs to serve school-age children □ Programs to serve children needing non-traditional hour care □ Programs to serve homeless children □ Programs to serve children in underserved areas □ Programs that serve children with diverse linguistic or cultural backgrounds □ Programs that serve specific geographic areas □ Urban □ Rural
4.1.4	Certify by describing the Lead Agency's procedures for ensuring that parents have unlimited access to their children whenever their children are in the care of a provider who receives CCDF funds (658E(c)(2)(B); 98.16(t)).
4.1.5	The Lead Agency must allow for in-home care (i.e., care provided in the child's own home) but may limit its use (98.16(i)(2)). Will the Lead Agency limit the use of in-home care in any way?
	□ No.

Yes	. If checked, what limits will the Lead Agency set on the use of in-home care? Check all
tha	t apply.
	Restricted based on minimum the number of children in the care of the provider to
	meet the Fair Labor Standards Act (minimum wage) requirements. Describe:
	Restricted based on the provider meeting a minimum age requirement. (A relative
	provider must be at least 18 years of age based on the definition of eligible child care
	provider (98.2). Describe:
	Restricted based on the hours of care (i.e., certain number of hours, non-traditional
	work hours). Describe:
	Restricted to care by relatives. Describe:
	Restricted to care for children with special needs or a medical condition. Describe:
	Restricted to in-home providers that meet additional health and safety requirements
	beyond those required by CCDF. Describe:
	Other. Describe:

4.2 Assessing Market Rates and Child Care Costs

Lead Agencies have the option to conduct a statistically valid and reliable (1) market rate survey (MRS) reflecting variations in the price to parents of child care services by geographic area, type of provider, and age of child and/or (2) an alternative methodology, such as a cost estimation model (658E(c)(4)(B)). A cost estimation model estimates the cost of care by incorporating both data and assumptions to model what expected costs would be incurred by child care providers and parents under different cost scenarios. Another approach would be a cost study that collects cost data at the facility or program level to measure the costs (or inputs used) to deliver child care services. The MRS or alternative methodology must be developed and conducted no earlier than 2 years before the date of submission of the Plan.

Note – Any Lead Agency considering using an alternative methodology, instead of a market rate survey, is <u>required</u> to submit a description of its proposed approach to its ACF Regional Child Care Program Office for pre-approval in advance of the Plan submittal (see https://www.acf.hhs.gov/occ/resource/ccdf-acf-pi-2016-08). Advance approval is not required if the Lead Agency plans to implement both a market rate survey and an alternative methodology. In its request for ACF pre-approval, a Lead Agency must:

- Provide an overview of the Lead Agency's proposed approach (e.g., cost estimation model, cost study/survey, etc.), including a description of data sources.
- Describe how the Lead Agency will consult with the State's Early Childhood Advisory Council
 or similar coordinating body, local child care program administrators, local child care
 resource and referral agencies, organizations representing child care caregivers, teachers
 and directors, and other appropriate entities prior to conducting the identified alternative
 methodology.
- Describe how the alternative methodology will use methods that are statistically valid and reliable and will yield accurate results. For example, if using a survey, describe how the Lead Agency will ensure a representative sample and promote an adequate response rate. If using a cost estimation model, describe how the Lead Agency will validate the assumptions in the model.

- If the proposed alternative methodology includes an analysis of costs (e.g., cost estimation model or cost study/survey), describe how the alternative methodology will account for key factors that impact the cost of providing care—such as: staff salaries and benefits, training and professional development, curricula and supplies, group size and ratios, enrollment levels, licensing requirements, quality level, facility size, and other factors.
- Describe how the alternative methodology will provide complete information that captures the universe of providers in the child care market.
- Describe how the alternative methodology will reflect variations by provider type, age of children, geographic location and quality.

	 children, geographic location and quality. Describe how the alternative methodology will use current, up-to-date data. Describe the estimated reporting burden and cost to conduct the approach. 		
4.2.1	Please identify the methodology(ies) used below to assess child care prices and costs.		
	 □ MRS □ Alternative methodology. Describe: □ Both. Describe: 		
4.2.2	Prior to developing and conducting the MRS or alternative methodology, the Lead Agency is required to consult with the (1) State Advisory Council or other state- or state-designated cross-agency body if there is no SAC, local child care program administrators, local child care resource and referral agencies, and other appropriate entities and (2) organizations representing caregivers, teachers, and directors prior to developing and conducting the MRS or alternative methodology.		
	Describe how the Lead Agency consulted with the:		
	a) State Advisory Council or other state-designated cross-agency body:		
	b) Local child care program administrators:		
	c) Local child care resource and referral agencies:		
	d) Organizations representing caregivers, teachers, and directors:		
	e) Other. Describe:		
4.2.3	Describe how the market rate survey is statistically valid and reliable. To be considered valid and reliable, the MRS must represent the child care market, provide complete and current data, use rigorous data collection procedures, reflect geographic variations, and analyze data in a manner that captures other relevant differences. For example, market rate surveys can use administrative data, such as child care resource and referral data, if they are representative of the market. If an alternative methodology, such as cost modeling, is used, demonstrate that the methodology used reliable methods.		
4.2.4	Describe how the market rate survey or alternative methodology reflects variations in the price or cost of child care services by:		
	a) Geographic area (e.g., statewide or local markets). Describe:b) Type of provider. Describe:		

	c)	Age of child. Describe:
	d)	Describe any other key variations examined by the market rate survey or alternative methodology, such as quality level.
4.2.5	predet	er conducting the market rate survey or alternative methodology, the Lead Agency must epare a detailed report containing the results of the MRS or alternative methodology. The tailed report must also include the estimated cost of care (including any relevant variation by ographic location, category of provider, or age of child) necessary to support (1) child care eviders' implementation of the health, safety, quality, and staffing requirements and (2) ther quality care, as defined by the Lead Agency using a quality rating and improvement tem or other system of quality indicators, at each level of quality. The Lead Agency must ake the report with these results widely available no later than 30 days after completion of the port, including posting the results on the Lead Agency website. The Lead Agency must scribe in the detailed report how the Lead Agency took into consideration the views and mments of the public.
		scribe how the Lead Agency made the results of the market rate survey or alternative ethodology report widely available to the public (98.45(f)(1)).
	a)	Date of completion of the market rate survey or alternative methodology (must be no earlier than July 1, 2016, and no later than July 1, 2018).
	b)	Date the report containing results was made widely available—no later than 30 days after the completion of the report.
	c)	Describe how the Lead Agency made the detailed report containing results widely available and provide the link where the report is posted.
	d)	Describe how the Lead Agency considered stakeholder views and comments in the detailed report.
4.3	Setti	ing Payment Rates
	cur chi	Lead Agency must set CCDF subsidy payment rates, in accordance with the results of the reent MRS or alternative methodology, at a level to ensure equal access for eligible families to ld care services that are comparable with those provided to families not receiving CCDF ads. The Lead Agency must re-evaluate its payment rates at least every 3 years.
4.3.1	foll an age rat or t	ovide the base payment rates and percentiles (based on the most recent MRS) for the lowing categories below. If the Lead Agency conducted an MRS (only or in combination with alternative methodology), also report the percentiles based on the most recent MRS. The es and types of care listed below are meant to provide a snapshot of the categories on which es can be based and are not intended to be comprehensive of all categories that might exist to reflect the terms used by the Lead Agency for particular ages. Please use the most pulous geographic region (area serving highest number of CCDF children). Infant (6 months), full-time licensed center care in the most populous geographic region

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Rate \$_____ per ____ unit of time (e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly)

	Percentile of most recent MRS:				
b)	Infant (6 months), full-time licensed FCC home in the most populous geographic region				
	Rate \$ per unit of time (e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly)				
	Percentile of most recent MRS:				
c)	Toddler (18 months), full-time licensed center care in the most populous geographic region				
	Rate \$ per unit of time (e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly)				
	Percentile of most recent MRS:				
d)	Toddler (18 months), full-time licensed FCC care in the most populous geographic region				
	Rate \$ per unit of time (e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly)				
	Percentile of most recent MRS:				
e)	Preschooler (4 years), full-time licensed center care in the most populous geographic region				
	Rate \$ per unit of time (e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly)				
	Percentile of most recent MRS:				
f)	Preschooler (4 years), full-time licensed FCC care in the most populous geographic region				
	Rate \$ per unit of time (e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly)				
	Percentile of most recent MRS:				
g)	School-age child (6 years), full-time licensed center care in most populous geographic region				
	Rate \$per unit of time (e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly, etc.)				
	Percentile of most recent MRS:				
h)	School-age child (6 years), full-time licensed FCC care in the most populous geographic region				
	Rate \$ per unit of time (e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly)				
	Percentile of most recent MRS:				
i)	Describe how part-time and full-time care were defined and calculated.				
j)	Provide the effective date of the current payment rates (i.e., date of last update based on most recent MRS).				
k)	Provide the citation or link, if available, to the payment rates.				
I)	If the payment rates are not set by the Lead Agency for the entire state/territory, describe how many jurisdictions set their own payment rates (98.16(i)(3)).				
Lea	d Agencies can choose to establish tiered rates, differential rates, or add-ons on top of their				
	e rates as a way to increase payment rates for targeted needs (i.e., a higher rate for special				
	needs children as both an incentive for providers to serve children with special needs and as a way to cover the higher costs to the provider to provide care for special needs children).				
	eck and describe the types of tiered reimbursement or differential rates, if any, the Lead ency has chosen to implement. In the description of any tiered rates or add-ons, at a				

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4.3.2

minimum, indicate the process and basis used for determining the tiered rates, including if the

rates were based on the MRS and/or an alternative methodology, and the amount of the rate. Check all that apply. ☐ Differential rate for *non-traditional hours*. Describe: ☐ Differential rate for *children with special needs*, as defined by the state/territory. Describe: ☐ Differential rate for *infants and toddlers*. Describe: ☐ Differential rate for *school-age programs*. Describe: ☐ Differential rate for *higher quality*, as defined by the state/territory. Describe: ☐ Other differential rates or tiered rates. Describe: ☐ Tiered or differential rates are not implemented. Summary of Facts Used To Determine That Payment Rates Are Sufficient To Ensure Equal Access 4.4.1 Lead Agencies must certify that CCDF payment rates are sufficient to ensure equal access for eligible families to child care services comparable to those provided by families not receiving CCDF assistance (98.16(a)). Certify that payment rates reported in 4.3.1 are sufficient to ensure equal access by providing the following summary of facts (98.45(b)): a) Describe how a choice of the full range of providers pursuant to 98.30(e)(1) is made available; the extent to which child care providers participate in the CCDF system; and any barriers to participation, including barriers related to payment rates and practices b) Describe how payment rates are adequate and have been established based on the most recent MRS or alternative methodology c) Describe how base payment rates enable providers to meet health, safety, quality, and staffing requirements under CCDF d) Describe how the Lead Agency took the cost of higher quality into account, including how payment rates for higher-quality care, as defined by the Lead Agency using a QRIS or other system of quality indicators, relate to the estimated cost of care at each level of quality e) How co-payments based on a sliding fee scale reported in 3.4.1 are affordable (response provided in 3.4.6) f) Describe how Lead Agencies' payment practices described in 4.5 support equal access to a range of providers g) Describe how and on what factors the Lead Agency differentiates payment rates. Check all that apply. ☐ Geographic area. Describe: ☐ Type of provider. Describe: ☐ Age of child. Describe: ☐ Quality level. Describe: ☐ Other. h) Describe any additional facts that the Lead Agency considered in determining its payment rates to ensure equal access: ☐ Payment rates are set at the 75th percentile or higher of the most recent survey. Describe:

	Feedback from parents, including parent surveys or parental complaints. Describe:
_	
Ц	Other. Describe:

4.5 Payment Practices and the Timeliness of Payments

the policy or procedure.

Lead Agencies are required to demonstrate that they have established payment practices applicable to all CCDF child care providers that include ensuring the timeliness of payments by either (1) paying prospectively prior to the delivery of services or (2) paying within no more than 21 calendar days of the receipt of a complete invoice for services. To the extent practicable, the Lead Agency must also support the fixed costs of providing child care services by delinking provider payments from a child's occasional absences by (1) paying based on a child's enrollment rather than attendance, (2) providing full payment if a child attends at least 85 percent of the authorized time, (3) providing full payment if a child is absent for 5 or fewer days in a month, or (4) using an alternative approach for which the Lead Agency provides a justification in its Plan (658E(c)(2)(S)(ii); 98.45(I)(2)).

Lead Agencies are required to use CCDF payment practices that reflect generally accepted payment practices of child care providers who serve children who do not receive CCDF-funded assistance. Unless a Lead Agency is able to demonstrate that the following policies are not generally accepted in its particular state, territory, or service area or among particular categories or types of providers, Lead Agencies must (1) pay providers based on established part-time or full-time rates rather than paying for hours of service or smaller increments of time and (2) pay for reasonable, mandatory registration fees that the provider charges to private-paying parents (658E(c)(2)(S); 98.45(I)(3)).

In addition, there are certain other generally accepted payment practices that are required. Lead Agencies are required to ensure that child care providers receive payment for any services in accordance with a payment agreement or an authorization for services, ensure that child care providers receive prompt notice of changes to a family's eligibility status that could impact payment, and establish timely appeal and resolution processes for any payment inaccuracies and disputes (98.45(I)(4) through (6); 658E(c)(2)(S)(ii); 98.45(I)(4); 98.45(I)(5); 98.45(I)(6)).

4.5.1		rtify by describing the payment practices that the Lead Agency has implemented for all CCDF ld care providers,
	a)	Ensure the timeliness of payments by either (Lead Agency to implement at least one of the following):
		 □ Paying prospectively prior to the delivery of services. If implemented describe the policy or procedure. □ Paying within no more than 21 calendar days of the receipt of a complete invoice for services. If implemented describe the policy or procedure.
	b)	To the extent practicable, support the fixed costs of providing child care services by delinking provider payments from a child's occasional absences by:
		☐ Paying based on a child's enrollment rather than attendance. If implemented describe

		Providing full payment if a child attends at least 85 percent of the authorized time. If implemented describe the policy or procedure.
		Providing full payment if a child is absent for 5 or fewer days in a month. If implemented describe the policy or procedure.
		Use an alternative approach for which the Lead Agency provides a justification in its
		Plan. If chosen, please describe the policy or procedure and the Lead Agency's
		justification for this approach.
	c)	eflect generally accepted payment practices of child care providers who serve children who not receive CCDF subsidies, which must include the following two practices unless the ead Agency provides evidence that such practices are not generally accepted in its state (58E(c)(2)(S); 98.45(I)(3)).
		Paying on a part-time or full-time basis (rather than paying for hours of service or smaller increments of time). Describe the policy or procedure and include a definition of the time increments (e.g., part time, full-time). Paying for reasonable mandatory registration fees that the provider charges to private-
		paying parents. Describe the policy or procedure.
	d)	ne Lead Agency ensures that providers are paid in accordance with a written payment greement or an authorization for services that includes, at a minimum, information garding provider payment policies, including rates, schedules, any fees charged to roviders, and the dispute-resolution process. Describe:
	e)	ne Lead Agency provides prompt notice to providers regarding any changes to the family's igibility status that could impact payments, and such a notice is sent no later than the day nat the Lead Agency becomes aware that such a change will occur. Describe:
	f)	ne Lead Agency has a timely appeal and resolution process for payment inaccuracies and sputes. Describe:
4.5.2	Do	yment practices vary across regions, counties, and/or geographic areas?
		o, the practices do not vary across areas. es, the practices vary across areas. Describe:
4.6	Supp	Building Strategies To Meet the Needs of Certain Populations
	to i	Agencies are required to develop and implement strategies to increase the supply of and prove the quality of child care services for children in underserved areas; infants and ers; children with disabilities, as defined by the Lead Agency; and children who receive care a non-traditional hours (658 E(c)(2)(M); 98.16 (x)).
4.6.1	car	ach of the following types of providers, identify any shortages in the supply of quality child providers, the data sources used to identify shortages, and the method of tracking progress apport equal access and parental choice.
	a)	nildren in underserved areas:
	b)	fants and toddlers:

	c)	Children with disabilities (include the Lead Agency definition in the description):
	d)	Children who received care during non-traditional hours:
	e)	Other. Please describe any other shortages in the supply of high-quality providers.
4.6.2		sed on the analysis in 4.6.1, describe what method(s) is used to increase supply and to prove quality for the following.
	a)	Infants and toddlers. Check all that apply.
		 □ Grants and contracts (as discussed in 4.1.3) □ Family child care networks □ Start-up funding □ Technical assistance support □ Recruitment of providers □ Tiered payment rates (as discussed in 4.3.2) □ Support for improving business practices, such as management training, paid sick leave, shared services, and leveraging □ Other. Describe:
	b)	Children with disabilities. Check all that apply.
		 □ Grants and contracts (as discussed in 4.1.3) □ Family child care networks □ Start-up funding □ Technical assistance support □ Recruitment of providers □ Tiered payment rates (as discussed in 4.3.2) □ Support for improving business practices, such as management training, paid sick leave, shared services, and leveraging □ Other. Describe:
	c)	Children who receive care during non-traditional hours. Check all that apply.
	,	□ Grants and contracts (as discussed in 4.1.3) □ Family child care networks □ Start-up funding □ Technical assistance support □ Recruitment of providers □ Tiered payment rates (as discussed in 4.3.2) □ Support for improving business practices, such as management training, paid sick leave, shared services, and leveraging □ Other. Describe: □ Other. Describe: □ Other.
	d)	Other. Check and describe:
		Grants and contracts (as discussed in 4.1.3). Describe:

		Start-up funding. Describe:
		Technical assistance support. Describe:
		Recruitment of providers. Describe:
		Tiered payment rates (as discussed in 4.3.2)
		Support for improving business practices, such as management training, paid sick leave,
		shared services, and leveraging. Describe:
		Other. Describe:
4.6.3	develo	Agencies must prioritize investments for increasing access to high-quality child care and opment services for children of families in areas that have significant concentrations of cy and unemployment and do not currently have sufficient numbers of such programs.
	•	ow does the Lead Agency define areas with significant concentrations of poverty and nemployment?
	de	escribe how the Lead Agency prioritizes increasing access to high-quality child care and evelopment services for children of families in areas that have significant concentrations of everty and unemployment and that do not have high-quality programs.

5 Establish Standards and Monitoring Processes To Ensure the Health and Safety of Child Care Settings

Lead Agencies are required to certify that there are in effect licensing requirements applicable to child care services in the state/territory. States and territories may allow licensing exemptions, but they must describe how such exemptions do not endanger the health, safety, and development of CCDF children in license-exempt care. Lead Agencies also must certify that there are in effect health and safety requirements applicable to providers serving CCDF children. These health and safety requirements must be appropriate to the provider setting and age of the children served, must include specific topics and training on those topics, and are subject to monitoring and enforcement procedures to ensure that providers are complying with the health and safety requirements.

This section covers licensing requirements, health and safety requirements and training, and monitoring and enforcement procedures to ensure that child care providers comply with licensing and health and safety requirements (98.16(n)) as well as exemptions (98.16(l)). This section also addresses group size limits; child-staff ratios; and required qualifications for caregivers, teachers, and directors (98.16(m)). Criminal background check requirements are included in this section (98.16(o)).

5.1 Licensing Requirements

Each state/territory must certify it has in effect licensing requirements applicable to all child care services provided within the state/territory (not restricted to providers receiving CCDF funds) and provide a detailed description of these requirements and how the requirements are effectively enforced (658E(c)(2)(F)). If any types of CCDF providers are exempt from licensing requirements, the state/territory must describe those exemptions and describe how these exemptions do not endanger the health, safety, or development of children. The descriptions

must also include any exemptions based on provider category, type, or setting; length of day; and providers not subject to licensing because the number of children served falls below a Lead Agency-defined threshold and any other exemption to licensing requirements (658E(c)(2)(F); 98.16(u); 98.409(a)(2)(iv)).

5.1.1	To certify, describe the licensing requirements applicable to child care services provided within the state/territory and note if providers are exempted from licensing requirements and how such exemptions do not endanger the health, safety, and development of children (658E (c)(2)(F); 98.40(a)(2)).
5.1.2	Which providers in your state/territory are subject to licensing under this CCDF category? Check all that apply and provide a citation to the licensing rule.
	 □ Center-based child care. Provide a citation: □ Family child care. Provide a citation: □ In-home care. Provide a citation:
5.1.3	Are any providers in your state/territory that fall under this CCDF category exempt from licensing (98.40(2)(i) through (iv))? If so, describe exemptions based on length of day, threshold on the number of children in care, or any other factors applicable to the exemption.
	 □ Center-based child care. If checked, describe the exemptions. □ Family child care. If checked, describe the exemptions. □ In-home care. If checked, describe the exemptions.
5.1.4	Describe how any exemptions identified above do not endanger the health, safety, or development of children in:
	 a) Center-based child care if checked in 5.1.3. b) Family child care if checked in 5.1.3e. c) In-home care if checked in 5.1.3.
5.2	Health and Safety Standards and Requirements for CCDF Providers
5.2.1	Standards on ratios, group sizes, and qualifications for CCDF providers.
	Lead Agencies are required to establish child care standards for providers receiving CCDF funds, appropriate to the type of child care setting involved, that address appropriate ratios between the number of children and number of providers in terms of the age of the children, group size limits for specific age populations, and the required qualifications for providers (658E(c)(2)(H); 98.41(d); 98.16(m)). For ease of responding, this section is organized by CCDF categories of care, licensing status, and age categories.
	a) Licensed CCDF center-based care
	1. Infant
	 How does the State/territory define infant (age range): Ratio: Group size:

		Teacher/caregiver qualifications:
	2.	Toddler
		 How does the State/territory define toddler (age range): Ratio: Group size: Teacher/caregiver qualifications:
	3.	Preschool
	4.	 How does the State/territory define preschool (age range): Ratio: Group size: Teacher/caregiver qualifications:
	4.	
		 How does the State/territory define school-age (age range): Ratio: Group size: Teacher/caregiver qualifications:
	5.	If any of the responses above are different for exempt child care centers, describe which requirements apply to exempt centers.
	6.	Describe, if applicable, ratios, group sizes, and qualifications for classrooms with mixed age groups.
	7.	Describe the director qualifications for licensed CCDF center-based care.
b)	Lic	ensed CCDF family child care provider
	1.	Infant
		 How does the State/territory define infant (age range): Ratio: Group size: Teacher/caregiver qualifications:
	2.	Toddler
		 How does the State/territory define toddler (age range): Ratio: Group size: Teacher/caregiver qualifications:
	3.	Preschool
		 How does the State/territory define preschool (age range): Ratio: Group size: Teacher/caregiver qualifications:

	4.	School-age
 How does the State/territory define school-age (age range): Ratio: Group size: Teacher/caregiver qualifications: If any of the responses above are different for exempt family child carefibe which requirements apply to exempt homes. 		 Ratio: Group size: Teacher/caregiver qualifications: If any of the responses above are different for exempt family child care homes, please
c)	In-l	home CCDF providers:
	1.	Describe the ratios.
	2.	Describe the group size.
	3.	Describe the threshold for when licensing is required.
	4.	Describe the maximum number of children that are allowed in the home at any one
		time.
	5.	Describe if the state/territory requires related children to be included in the child-to-
		provider ratio or group size.
	6.	Describe any limits on infants and toddlers or additional school-age children that are
		allowed for part of the day.

5.2.2 Health and safety standards for CCDF providers.

States and territories must establish health and safety standards for programs (e.g., child care centers, family child care homes, etc.) serving children receiving CCDF assistance relating to the topics listed below, as appropriate to the provider setting and age of the children served (98.41(a)). This requirement is applicable to all child care providers receiving CCDF funds regardless of licensing status (i.e., licensed or license-exempt). The only exception to this requirement is for providers who are caring for their own relatives because Lead Agencies have the option of exempting relatives from some or all CCDF health and safety requirements (98.42(c)).

To certify, describe how the following health and safety standards for programs serving children receiving CCDF assistance are defined and established on the required topics (98.16(I)). Note — This question is different from the health and safety training requirements, which are addressed in question 5.2.3.

1. Prevention and control of infectious diseases (including immunization)

•	Provide a brief summary of how this standard is defined (i.e., what is the standard,
	content covered, practices required, etc.)
•	List the citation for these requirements.
•	Describe any variations by category of care (i.e., center, FCC, in-home) and
	licensing status (i.e., licensed, license-exempt).
•	Describe any variations based on the age of the children in care.

	Describe if relatives are exempt from this requirement.
2.	Prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and the use of safe-sleep practices
	 Provide a brief summary of how this standard is defined (i.e., what is the standard, content covered, practices required, etc.) List the citation for these requirements. Describe any variations by category of care (i.e., center, FCC, in-home) and licensing status (i.e., licensed, license-exempt). Describe any variations based on the age of the children in care. Describe if relatives are exempt from this requirement.
3.	Administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent
	 Provide a brief summary of how this standard is defined (i.e., what is the standard, content covered, practices required, etc.) List the citation for these requirements. Describe any variations by category of care (i.e., center, FCC, in-home) and licensing status (i.e., licensed, license-exempt). Describe any variations based on the age of the children in care. Describe if relatives are exempt from this requirement.
4.	Prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions
	 Provide a brief summary of how this standard is defined (i.e., what is the standard, content covered, practices required, etc.) List the citation for these requirements. Describe any variations by category of care (i.e., center, FCC, in-home) and licensing status (i.e., licensed, license-exempt). Describe any variations based on the age of the children in care. Describe if relatives are exempt from this requirement.
5.	Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of and protection from hazards that can cause bodily injury, such as electrical hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic
	 Provide a brief summary of how this standard is defined (i.e., what is the standard, content covered, practices required, etc.) List the citation for these requirements. Describe any variations by category of care (i.e., center, FCC, in-home) and licensing status (i.e., licensed, license-exempt). Describe any variations based on the age of the children in care. Describe if relatives are exempt from this requirement.
6.	Prevention of shaken baby syndrome, abusive head trauma, and child maltreatment.
	 Provide a brief summary of how this standard is defined (i.e., what is the standard, content covered, practices required, etc.) List the citation for these requirements.

	 Describe any variations by category of care (i.e., center, FCC, in-home) and licensing status (i.e., licensed, license-exempt). Describe any variations based on the age of the children in care. Describe if relatives are exempt from this requirement.
7.	Emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster or a human-caused event (such as violence at a child care facility), within the meaning of those terms under section 602(a)(1) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5195a(a)(1)). Emergency preparedness and response planning (at the child care provider level) must also include procedures for evacuation; relocation; shelter-in-place and lockdown; staff and volunteer training and practice drills; communications and reunification with families; continuity of operations; and accommodations for infants and toddlers, children with disabilities, and children with chronic medical conditions.
	 Provide a brief summary of how this standard is defined (i.e., what is the standard, content covered, practices required, etc.) List the citation for these requirements. Describe any variations by category of care (i.e., center, FCC, in-home) and licensing status (i.e., licensed, license-exempt). Describe any variations based on the age of the children in care. Describe if relatives are exempt from this requirement.
8.	Handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of biocontaminants
	 Provide a brief summary of how this standard is defined (i.e., what is the standard, content covered, practices required, etc.) List the citation for these requirements. Describe any variations by category of care (i.e., center, FCC, in-home) and licensing status (i.e., licensed, license-exempt). Describe any variations based on the age of the children in care. Describe if relatives are exempt from this requirement.
9.	Precautions in transporting children (if applicable)
	 Provide a brief summary of how this standard is defined (i.e., what is the standard, content covered, practices required, etc.) List the citation for these requirements. Describe any variations by category of care (i.e., center, FCC, in-home) and licensing status (i.e., licensed, license-exempt). Describe any variations based on the age of the children in care. Describe if relatives are exempt from this requirement.
10.	Pediatric first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) certification
	 Provide a brief summary of how this standard is defined (i.e., what is the standard, content covered, practices required, etc.) List the citation for these requirements.

		 Describe any variations by category of care (i.e., center, FCC, in-home) and licensing status (i.e., licensed, license-exempt). Describe any variations based on the age of the children in care. Describe if relatives are exempt from this requirement.
	11.	Recognition and reporting of child abuse and neglect
		 Provide a brief summary of how this standard is defined (i.e., what is the standard, content covered, practices required, etc.) List the citation for these requirements. Describe any variations by category of care (i.e., center, FCC, in-home) and licensing status (i.e., licensed, license-exempt). Describe any variations based on the age of the children in care. Describe if relatives are exempt from this requirement.
a)	The	Lead Agency may also include optional standards related to the following:
	1.	Nutrition
		 Provide a brief summary of how this standard is defined (i.e., what is the standard, content covered, practices required, etc.) List the citation for these requirements. Describe any variations by category of care (i.e., center, FCC, in-home) and licensing status (i.e., licensed, license-exempt). Describe if relatives are exempt from this requirement.
	2.	Access to physical activity
		 Provide a brief summary of how this standard is defined (i.e., what is the standard, content covered, practices required, etc.) List the citation for these requirements. Describe any variations by category of care (i.e., center, FCC, in-home) and licensing status (i.e., licensed, license-exempt). Describe if relatives are exempt from this requirement.
	3.	Caring for children with special needs
		 Provide a brief summary of how this standard is defined (i.e., what is the standard, content covered, practices required, etc.) List the citation for these requirements. Describe any variations by category of care (i.e., center, FCC, in-home) and licensing status (i.e., licensed, license-exempt). Describe if relatives are exempt from this requirement.
	4.	Any other areas determined necessary to promote child development or to protect children's health and safety (98.44(b)(1)(iii)). Describe:
		 Provide a brief summary of how the standard(s) is defined (i.e., what is the standard, content covered, practices required, etc.) List the citation for these requirements.

5.2.3

Describe any variations by category of care (i.e., center, FCC, in-home) and

•	licensing status (i.e., licensed, license-exempt) Describe if relatives are exempt from this requirement	
Health and	safety training for CCDF providers on required topics.	
Lead Agencies are required to have minimum pre-service or orientation training requirements (to be completed within 3 months), as appropriate to the provider setting and the age of children served, that address the health and safety topics described in 5.2.2, and child development. Lead Agencies must also have ongoing training requirements on the health and safety topics for caregivers, teachers, and directors of children receiving CCDF funds (658E(c)(2)(I)(i); 98.44(b)(1)(iii)). The state/territory must describe its requirements for preservice or orientation training and ongoing training. These trainings should be part of a broader systematic approach and progression of professional development (as described in section 6) within a state/territory. Lead Agencies have flexibility in determining the number of training hours to require, but they may consult with Caring for our Children Basics for best practices and the recommended time needed to address these training requirements.		
Pre-Service	or Orientation Training Requirements	
	the minimum number of pre-service or orientation training hours on health and opics for caregivers, teachers, and directors required for the following:	
2. Lice	ensed child care centers: ensed FCC homes: nome care:	
4. Var	iations for exempt provider settings:	
-	the length of time that providers have to complete trainings subsequent to being nust be 3 months or fewer)	
) Identify below the pre-service or orientation training requirements for each topic (98.41(a)(1)(i through xi)).	
1. Pre	vention and control of infectious diseases (including immunizations)	
•	Provide the citation for this training requirement. Does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed before caregivers, teachers, and directors are allowed to care for children unsupervised? Yes No	
2. Pre	vention of sudden infant death syndrome and the use of safe-sleep practices	
•	Provide the citation for this training requirement. Does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed before caregivers, teachers, and directors are allowed to care for children unsupervised? Yes No	

3.	. Administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent		
	 Provide the citation for this training requirement. Does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed before caregivers, teachers, and directors are allowed to care for children unsupervised? ☐ Yes ☐ No 		
4.	Prevention and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions		
	 Provide the citation for this training requirement. Does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed before caregivers, teachers, and directors are allowed to care for children unsupervised? ☐ Yes ☐ No 		
5.	Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of and protection from hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic		
	 Provide the citation for this training requirement. Does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed before caregivers, teachers, and directors are allowed to care for children unsupervised? ☐ Yes ☐ No 		
6.	Prevention of shaken baby syndrome, abusive head trauma, and child maltreatment		
	 Provide the citation for this training requirement. Does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed before caregivers, teachers, and directors are allowed to care for children unsupervised? ☐ Yes ☐ No 		
7.	Emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster or a human-caused event		
	 Provide the citation for this training requirement. Does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed before caregivers, teachers, and directors are allowed to care for children unsupervised? ☐ Yes ☐ No 		
8.	Handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio contaminants		
	 Provide the citation for this training requirement. Does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed before caregivers, teachers, and directors are allowed to care for children unsupervised? ☐ Yes ☐ No 		

	9.	Appropriate precautions in transporting children (if applicable)
		 Provide the citation for this training requirement. Does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed before caregivers, teachers, and directors are allowed to care for children unsupervised? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	10	Pediatric first aid and CPR certification
		 Provide the citation for this training requirement. Does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed before caregivers, teachers, and directors are allowed to care for children unsupervised? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	11	Recognition and reporting of child abuse and neglect
		 Provide the citation for this training requirement. Does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed before caregivers, teachers, and directors are allowed to care for children unsupervised? □ Yes
	17	□ No
	12	Child development (98.44(b)(1)(iii))
		 Provide the citation for this training requirement. Does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed before caregivers, teachers, and directors are allowed to care for children unsupervised? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	13	. Describe other requirements
		 Provide the citation for other training requirements. Does the state/territory require that this training topic(s) be completed before caregivers, teachers, and directors are allowed to care for children unsupervised? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Ongoin	g Train	ing Requirements
5.2.4		e the minimum number of annual training hours on health and safety topics for vers, teachers, and directors required for the following.
	a) Lic	censed child care centers:
	b) Lic	censed FCC homes:
	c) In-	-home care:
	d) Va	riations for exempt provider settings:

5.2.5

	be the ongoing health and safety training for CCDF providers by category of care (i.e., FCC, in-home) and licensing status (i.e., licensed, license-exempt).
1.	Prevention and control of infectious diseases (including immunizations)
	 Provide the citation for this training requirement. How often does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed?
	☐ Annually. ☐ Other. Describe
2.	Prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and the use of safe-sleep practices
	 Provide the citation for this training requirement. How often does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed?
3.	☐ Annually. ☐ Other. Describe Administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent
-	 Provide the citation for this training requirement. How often does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed?
4.	☐ Annually. ☐ Other. Describe Prevention and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions
	 Provide the citation for this training requirement. How often does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed?
	☐ Annually. ☐ Other. Describe
5.	Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of and protection from hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic
	 Provide the citation for this training requirement. How often does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed?
	☐ Annually. ☐ Other. Describe
6.	Prevention of shaken baby syndrome, abusive head trauma, and child maltreatment
	 Provide the citation for this training requirement. How often does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed?
	☐ Annually. ☐ Other. Describe

7.	Emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster or a human-caused event		
	•	Provide the citation for this training requirement. How often does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed?	
8.		☐ Annually. ☐ Other. Describe dling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of biotaminants	
	•	Provide the citation for this training requirement. How often does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed?	
9.	Арр	☐ Annually. ☐ Other. Describe ropriate precautions in transporting children (if applicable)	
	•	Provide the citation for this training requirement. How often does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed?	
10.	Ped	☐ Annually. ☐ Other. Describe iatric first aid and CPR certification	
	•	Provide the citation for this training requirement. How often does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed?	
11.	Rec	☐ Annually. ☐ Other. Describe ognition and reporting of child abuse and neglect	
	•	Provide the citation for this training requirement. How often does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed?	
12.	Chil	☐ Annually. ☐ Other. Describe d development (98.44(b)(1)(iii))	
	•	Provide the citation for this training requirement. How often does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed?	
		☐ Annually. ☐ Other. Describe	

	13.	Des	cribe other requirements.
		•	Provide the citation for other training requirements How often does the state/territory require that this training topic be completed?
			☐ Annually. ☐ Other. Describe
5.3	Monitori	ing a	nd Enforcement Policies and Practices for CCDF Providers
5.3.1	Enforce	men	t of licensing and health and safety requirements
	caring f safety r limited docume	or chequito, a	es must certify that procedures are in effect to ensure that child care providers illdren receiving CCDF services comply with all applicable State and local health and rements, including those described in 98.41 (98.42(a)). This may include, but is not ny systems used to ensure that providers complete health and safety trainings, any ion required to be maintained by child care providers or any other monitoring to ensure compliance. Note – Inspection requirements are described starting in
		•	escribe the procedures to ensure that CCDF providers comply with all applicable cal health and safety requirements.
5.3.2	Inspect	ions	for licensed CCDF providers.
	pre-lice care pro fewer to with all and safe standar	nsur ovide han o chilo ety (rds; i	es must require licensing inspectors to perform inspections—with no fewer than one inspection for compliance with health, safety, and fire standards—of each child er and facility in the state/territory. Licensing inspectors are required to perform no one annual, unannounced inspection of each licensed CCDF provider for compliance dicare licensing standards; it shall include an inspection for compliance with health including, but not limited to, those requirements described in 98.41) and fire inspectors may inspect for compliance with all three standards—health, safety, and same time (658E(c)(2)(K)(i)(II); 98.16 (n); 98.42(b)(2)(i)).
	enforce standar	men ds, i	sponding to the questions below to describe your state/territory's monitoring and t procedures to ensure that licensed child care providers comply with licensing and according compliance with health and safety (including, but not limited to, those as described in 98.41) and fire standards.
	a) Lice	ense	d CCDF center-based child care
	 1. 2. 3. 	chile Des lice	cribe your state/territory's requirements for <i>pre-licensure inspections</i> of licensed d care center providers for compliance with health, safety, and fire standards. cribe your state/territory's requirements for annual, unannounced inspections of a complete center providers. criffy the frequency of unannounced inspections:
			Once a year More than once a year. Describe

	4.	Describe the monitoring procedures (including differential monitoring, if applicable) and how the inspections ensure that child care center providers comply with the applicable licensing standards, including health, safety, and fire standards.		
	5.	List the citation(s) for your state/territory's policies regarding inspections for licensed CCDF center providers		
b)	Lice	ensed CCDF family child care home		
	 2. 3. 	Describe your state/territory's requirements for <i>pre-licensure inspections</i> of licensed family child care providers for compliance with health, safety, and fire standards. Describe your state/territory's requirements for at least annual, unannounced inspections of licensed CCDF family child care providers. Identify the frequency of unannounced inspections:		
	4. 5.	☐ Once a year ☐ More than once a year. Describe ☐ Describe the monitoring procedures (including differential monitoring, if applicable) and how the inspections ensure that CCDF family child care providers comply with the applicable licensing standards, including health, safety, and fire standards. ☐ List the citation(s) for your state/territory's policies regarding inspections for licensed CCDF family child care providers ☐		
c)	Lice	ensed in-home CCDF child care		
	1. 2. 3.	N/A. In-home CCDF child care (care in the child's own home) is not licensed in the State/Territory. Skip to Describe your state/territory's requirements for <i>pre-licensure inspections</i> of licensed inhome child care providers for compliance with health, safety, and fire standards. Describe your state/territory's requirements for at least annual, unannounced inspections of licensed CCDF in-home child care providers. Identify the frequency of unannounced inspections:		
	 4. 5. 	☐ Once a year ☐ More than once a year. Describe Describe the monitoring procedures (including differential monitoring, if applicable) and how the inspections ensure that in-home CCDF child care providers comply with the applicable licensing standards, including health, safety, and fire standards. List the citation(s) for your state/territory's policies regarding inspections for licensed inhome CCDF providers		
d)		List the entity(ies) in your state/territory that are responsible for conducting pre-licensure inspections and unannounced inspections of licensed CCDF providers.		
mc exe rec	nito empi quire	gencies must have policies and practices that require licensing inspectors (or qualified ors designated by the Lead Agency) to perform an annual monitoring visit of each licenset CCDF provider for compliance with health, safety (including, but not limited to, those ements described in 98.41), and fire standards (658E(c)(2)(K)(i)(IV); 98.42(b)(2)(ii)). Lead es have the option to exempt relative providers (as described in section (658P(6)(B)) from		

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5.3.3

this requirement. To certify, respond to the questions below to describe the policies and practices for the annual monitoring of:

a) License-exempt center-based CCDF providers, including if monitoring is announced or

		unannounced, occurs more frequently than once per year, and if differential monitoring is used	
		Provide the citation(s) for this policy or procedure	
	b)	License-exempt family child care CCDF providers, including if monitoring is announced or unannounced, occurs more frequently than once per year, and if differential monitoring is used	
		Provide the citation(s) for this policy or procedure	
	c)	License-exempt in-home CCDF providers, including if monitoring is announced or unannounced, occurs more frequently than once per year, if relative care is exempt from monitoring, and if differential monitoring is used.	
		Provide the citation(s) for this policy or procedure	
5.3.4	The Lead Agency must have policies and practices that require licensing inspectors (or qualified monitors designated by the Lead Agency) to perform an annual monitoring visit of each license-exempt CCDF provider for compliance with health, safety, and fire standards (658E(c)(2)(K)(i)(IV); 98.42(b)(2)(ii)). The state/territory may determine if exempt relative providers (as described in section (658P(6)(B)) do not need to meet this requirement. At a minimum, the health and safety requirements to be inspected must address the standards listed in 5.1.4 (98.41(a)). To certify, describe the policies and practices for the annual monitoring of:		
	a)	License-exempt center-based CCDF providers, including if monitoring is announced or unannounced, occurs more frequently than once per year, and if differential monitoring is used.	
		Provide the citation(s) for this policy or procedure.	
	b)	License-exempt family child care CCDF providers, including if monitoring is announced or unannounced, occurs more frequently than once per year, and if differential monitoring is used.	
		Provide the citation(s) for this policy or procedure.	
	c)	License-exempt in-home CCDF providers, including if monitoring is announced or unannounced, occurs more frequently than once per year, if relative care is exempt from monitoring, and if differential monitoring is used.	
	d)	Provide the citation(s) for this policy or procedure.	
5.3.5	Lice	ensing inspectors.	
	Lea	nd Agencies will have policies and practices that ensure that individuals who are hired as	

Training shall include, but is not limited to, those requirements described in 98.41(a)(1) and all aspects of the State's licensure requirements (658E(c)(2)(K)(i)(I); 98.42(b)(1)).

licensing inspectors are qualified to inspect child care providers and facilities and have received health and safety training appropriate to the provider setting and age of the children served.

	a)	To certify, describe how the Lead Agency ensures that licensing inspectors are qualified to inspect child care facilities and providers and that those inspectors have received training on health and safety requirements that are appropriate to the age of the children in care and the type of provider setting (98.42(b)(1)).
	b)	Provide the citation(s) for this policy or procedure.
5.3.6	ins suf and	e States and Territories shall have policies and practices that require the ratio of licensing pectors to child care providers and facilities in the state/territory to be maintained at a level ficient to enable the state/territory to conduct effective inspections of child care providers d facilities on a timely basis in accordance with federal, state, and local laws (8E(c)(2)(K)(i)(III); 98.42(b)(3)).
	a)	To certify, describe the state/territory policies and practices regarding the ratio of licensing inspectors to child care providers (i.e., number of providers per number of child care providers) and facilities in the state/territory and include how the ratio is sufficient to conduct effective inspections on a timely basis.
	b)	Provide the policy citation and state/territory ratio of licensing inspectors.
5.3.7	gra (98 <i>onl</i>	ites and territories have the option to exempt relatives (defined in CCDF regulations as indparents, great-grandparents, siblings if living in a separate residence, aunts, and uncles 3.42(c)) from inspection requirements. <i>Note:</i> This exception only applies if the individual cares by for relative children. Does the state/territory exempt relatives from the inspection quirements listed in 5.3.3?
		Yes, relatives are exempt from all inspection requirements. If the state/territory exempts relatives from all inspection requirements, describe how the state ensures the health and safety of children in relative care. Yes, relatives are exempt from some inspection requirements. If the state/territory exempts relatives from the inspection requirements, describe which inspection requirements do not apply to relative providers (including which relatives may be exempt) and how the State
		No, relatives are not exempt from inspection requirements.

5.4 Criminal Background Checks

5.4.1 In recognition of the significant challenges to implementing the Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) background check requirements, all States applied for and received extensions through September 30, 2018. The Office of Child Care (OCC)/Administration for Children and Families (ACF)/U. S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) is committed to granting additional waivers of up to 2 years, in one year increments (i.e., potentially through September 30, 2020) if significant milestones for background check requirements are met. In order to receive these time-limited waivers, states and territories will demonstrate that the milestones are met and apply for the time-limited waiver by responding to questions 5.4.1a through 5.4.1h below.

As a reminder, the CCDBG Act requires States and territories to have in effect requirements, policies and procedures to conduct criminal background checks for all child care staff members (including prospective staff members) of all child care providers that are 1) licensed, regulated, or registered under state/territory law; or, 2) all other providers eligible to deliver CCDF services (e.g., license-exempt CCDF eligible providers). Background check requirements apply to any staff member who is employed by a child care provider for compensation, including contract employees and self-employed individuals; whose activities involve the care or supervision of children; or who has unsupervised access to children. For FCC homes, this requirement includes the caregiver and any other adults residing in the family child care home who are age 18 or older. This requirement does not apply to individuals who are related to all children for whom child care services are provided.

A criminal background check must include 8 specific components, which encompass 3 in-state checks, 2 national checks, and 3 inter-state checks:

- 1. Criminal registry or repository using fingerprints in the current state of residency (in-state);
- 2. Sex offender registry or repository check in the current state of residency (in-state);
- Child abuse and neglect registry and database check in the current state of residency (instate);
- 4. FBI fingerprint check (national);
- 5. National Crime Information Center (NCIC) National Sex Offender Registry (NSOR) (national);
- 6. Criminal registry or repository in any other state where the individual has resided in the past 5 years, with the use of fingerprints being optional (inter-state);
- 7. Sex offender registry or repository in any other state where the individual has resided in the past 5 years (inter-state); and
- 8. Child abuse and neglect registry and database in any other state where the individual has resided in the past 5 years (inter-state).

Milestone Prerequisites for Time-Limited Waivers

By September 30, 2018, states and territories must have requirements, policies and procedures for four specific background check components, and must be conducting those checks for all new (prospective) child care staff, in accordance with 45 CFR 98.43 and 98.16(o):

- The national FBI fingerprint check; and,
- The three in-state background check provisions for the current state of residency:
 - state criminal registry or repository using fingerprints;
 - o state sex offender registry or repository check;
 - o state-based child abuse and neglect registry and database .

All four components are required in order for the milestone to be considered met.

If the milestone prerequisites are met, then time-limited waivers may be requested for the components as outlined in the table below.

	Background Check Components	If milestone is met, time-limited waiver allowed for:
1) 2) 3) 4)	In-state criminal w/fingerprints In-state sex offender registry In-state state-based child abuse and neglect registry FBI fingerprint check	Conducting background checks on backlog of current (existing) staff only
5)	NCIC National Sex Offender Registry (NSOR)	Establishing requirements and procedures AND/OR
6)	Inter-state state criminal registry	Conducting background checks on all new (prospective) child care staff
7)	Inter-state state sex offender registry	AND/OR Conducting background checks on backlog of current
8)	Inter-state child abuse and neglect registry	(existing) staff

States and Territories will apply for the initial waiver for a one-year period (starting October 1, 2018 and ending September 30, 2019) as part of the submission of this Plan. If approved, States and Territories will have the option to <u>renew</u> these waivers for one additional year as long as progress is demonstrated during the initial waiver period. Additional guidance will be issued later on the timeline and criteria for requesting the waiver renewal.

Overview of Background Check Implementation deadlines

Original deadline for implementation (658H(j)(1) of CCDBG Act): September 30, 2017
 Initial one-year extension deadline (658H(j)(2) of CCDBG Act): September 30, 2018
 One-year waiver deadline (45 CFR 98.19(b)(1)(i)): September 30, 2019
 Waiver renewal deadline (45 CFR 98.19(b)(1)(ii)): September 30, 2020

Use questions 5.4.1a through 5.4.1d below to describe achievement of the milestone components, use questions 5.4.1e through 5.4.1h to provide the status for the remaining checks, and as applicable, use questions 5.4.1a through 5.4.1h to request a time-limited waiver for any allowable background check requirement.

a) Briefly summarize the requirements, policies and procedures for the search of the state criminal registry or repository, with the use of fingerprints required in the state where the staff member resides.

1.	regulated, or registered child care providers, in accordance with 98.43 and 98.16(o).
ii.	Describe how these requirements, policies and procedures apply to all other
	providers eligible to deliver CCDF services (e.g., license-exempt CCDF eligible
	providers), in accordance with 98.43 and 98.16(o).
iii.	Has the search of the state criminal registry or repository, with the use of
	fingerprints, been conducted for all current (existing) child care staff?
	☐ Yes.
	☐ No. Check here to indicate request for time-limited waiver for this
	requirement $\ \square$ and enter the expected date of full implementation of this
	requirement Describe the status of conducting the search of the
	state criminal registry or repository, with the use of fingerprints for current
	(existing) child care staff. At a minimum, the description should briefly
	summarize: 1) efforts to date to implement the requirement for all licensed,
	regulated and registered providers; and all other providers eligible to deliver
	CCDF services (e.g., license-exempt CCDF eligible providers); 2) key activities
	planned toward implementation of this requirement; 3) key challenges to
	implementing this requirement; and 4) strategies used to address
	challenges:
iv.	List the citation:
Briefly	summarize the requirements, policies and procedures for the search of the state sex
offend	der registry or repository in the state where the staff member resides.
i.	Describe how these requirements, policies and procedures apply to all licensed,
	regulated, or registered child care providers, in accordance with 98.43 and 98.16(o).
ii.	Describe how these requirements, policies and procedures apply to all other
	providers eligible to deliver CCDF services (e.g., license-exempt CCDF eligible
	providers), in accordance with 98.43 and 98.16(o).
iii.	Has the search of the state sex offender registry or repository been conducted for
	all current (existing) child care staff?
	☐ Yes
	☐ No. Check here to indicate request for time-limited waiver for this
	requirement $\ \square$ and enter the expected date of full implementation of this
	requirement. Describe the status of conducting the search of the
	state sex offender registry or repository for current (existing) child care
	staff. At a minimum, the description should briefly summarize: 1) efforts to
	date to implement the requirement for all licensed, regulated and
	registered providers; and all other providers eligible to deliver CCDF services
	(e.g., license-exempt CCDF eligible providers); 2) key activities planned
	toward implementation of this requirement; 3) key challenges to

b)

		implementing this requirement; and 4) strategies used to address
		challenges:
,	iv.	List the citation:
c)	-	summarize the requirements, policies and procedures for the search of the state-
		child abuse and neglect registry and database in the state where the staff member
	resides	
	i.	Describe how these requirements, policies and procedures apply to all licensed,
		regulated, or registered child care providers, in accordance with 98.43 and 98.16(o).
	ii.	Describe how these requirements apply to all other providers eligible to deliver
		CCDF services (e.g., license-exempt CCDF eligible providers), in accordance with
		98.43 and 98.16(o).
	iii.	Has the search of the state-based child abuse and neglect registry and database
		been conducted for all current (existing) child care staff?
		☐ Yes
		□ No. Check here to indicate request for time-limited waiver for this
		requirement and enter the expected date of full implementation of this
		requirement Describe the status of conducting the search of the
		state-based child abuse and neglect registry and database for current
		(existing) child care staff. At a minimum, the description should briefly
		summarize: 1) efforts to date to implement the requirement for all licensed,
		regulated and registered providers; and all other providers eligible to deliver
		CCDF services (e.g., license-exempt CCDF eligible providers); 2) key activities
		planned toward implementation of this requirement; 3) key challenges to
		implementing this requirement; and 4) strategies used to address
		challenges:
.11	iv.	List the citation:
d)	-	summarize the requirements, policies and procedures for the FBI fingerprint check
		lext Generation Identification.
	I.	Describe how these requirements, policies and procedures apply to all licensed,
		regulated, or registered child care providers, in accordance with 98.43 and 98.16(o).
		Describe how there are minor out a contract of the contract of
	ii.	Describe how these requirements apply to all other providers eligible to deliver
		CCDF services (e.g., license-exempt CCDF eligible providers), in accordance with
		98.43 and 98.16(o).
	iii.	Has the search of the FBI fingerprint check using Next Generation Identification
		been conducted for all current (existing) child care staff? — Yes
		□ No. Check here to indicate request for time-limited waiver for this
		requirement and enter the expected date of full implementation of this
		requirement. Describe the status of conducting the FBI fingerprint check using Next Generation Identification for current (existing) child care
		CHECK USING MEXI GENERATION IDENTIFICATION TO CULLED TEXISTING CHIM CARE

staff. At a minimum, the description should briefly summarize: 1) efforts to

	iv.	List th	date to implement the requirement for all licensed, regulated and registered providers; and all other providers eligible to deliver CCDF services (e.g., license-exempt CCDF eligible providers); 2) key activities planned toward implementation of this requirement; 3) key challenges to implementing this requirement; and 4) strategies used to address challenges: e citation:
e)	Describ	ne the s	tatus of the requirements, policies and procedures for the search of the
- ,			al Sex Offender Registry.
			mplemented for all prospective and existing required child care providers (all
		-	ed, regulated or registered; and all other providers eligible to deliver CCDF
			es (e.g., license-exempt CCDF eligible providers)). This means that the
			Territory has requirements and procedures in effect, and has conducted the
		search	of the NCIC's NSOR check on all new and existing child care staff.
		i.	Describe how these requirements, policies and procedures apply to all
			licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers, in accordance with
			98.43 and 98.16(o).
		ii.	Describe how these requirements, policies and procedures apply to all other
			providers eligible to deliver CCDF services (e.g., license-exempt CCDF eligible
			providers), in accordance with 98.43 and 98.16(o).
	_	iii.	List the citation:
		-	gress. Check here to indicate request for time-limited waiver for this
		-	rement and enter the expected date of full implementation of this
		and p	rement Describe the status of implementation of requirements, policies rocedures for the NCIC's National Sex Offender Registry. At a minimum, the
			ption should briefly summarize: 1) efforts to date to implement the
		•	ement for all prospective and existing licensed, regulated and registered
		-	ders; and all other providers eligible to deliver CCDF services (e.g., license-
			ot CCDF eligible providers); 2) key activities planned toward implementation of
			equirement; 3) key challenges to implementing this requirement; and 4)
٤١	Dosorik	,	gies used to address challenges:
f)			tatus of the requirements, policies and procedures for the search of the ries or repositories in other states where the child care staff member resided
		•	eceding 5 years, with the use of fingerprints being optional in those other
	states.		ceding 5 years, with the use of imgerprints being optional in those other
			mplemented for all prospective and existing required child care providers (all
	_	•	ed, regulated or registered; and all other providers eligible to deliver CCDF
			es (e.g., license-exempt CCDF eligible providers)). This means that the
			Territory has requirements and procedures in effect, and has conducted the
			state state criminal registry check on all new and existing child care staff.

		i.	Describe how these requirements, policies and procedures apply to all		
			licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers, in accordance with		
			98.43 and 98.16(o).		
		ii.	Describe how these requirements, policies and procedures apply to all other		
			providers eligible to deliver CCDF services (e.g., license-exempt CCDF eligible		
			providers), in accordance with 98.43 and 98.16(o).		
		iii.	List the citation:		
		In prog	gress. Check here to indicate request for time-limited waiver for this		
		require	ement and enter the expected date of full implementation of this		
		require	ement. Describe the status of implementation of requirements, policies		
		and pr	ocedures for the search of the criminal registries or repositories in other		
		states	where the child care staff member resided during the preceding 5 years, with		
		the use	e of fingerprints being optional in those other states. At a minimum, the		
		descrip	otion should briefly summarize: 1) efforts to date to implement the		
		require	ement for all (prospective and existing) licensed, regulated and registered		
		provid	ers; and all providers eligible to provide care for children receiving CCDF; 2)		
			tivities planned toward implementation of this requirement; 3) key challenges		
		to imp	lementing this requirement; and 4) strategies used to address challenges:		
g)	Describe the status of the requirements, policies and procedures for the search of the state				
	sex offender registry or repository in each state where the staff member resided during				
	previous 5 years.				
	☐ Fully implemented for all required child care providers (all licensed, regulate		mplemented for all required child care providers (all licensed, regulated or		
		registe	ered; and all (prospective and existing) child care providers eligible to provide		
		care for children receiving CCDF assistance). This means that the State/Territory			
		requirements and procedures in effect, and has conducted the inter-state state se			
	offender registry check on all new and existing child care staff.				
		i.	Describe how these requirements, policies and procedures apply to all		
			licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers, in accordance with		
			98.43 and 98.16(o).		
		ii.	Describe how these requirements, policies and procedures apply to all		
			providers eligible to care for children receiving CCDF, in accordance with		
			98.43 and 98.16(o).		
		iii.	List the citation:		
			gress. Check here to indicate request for time-limited waiver for this		
			ement and enter the expected date of full implementation of this		
			Describe the status of implementation of requirements, policies		
		-	ocedures for the search of the state sex offender registry or repository in		
			tate where the staff member resided during the previous 5 years. At a		
			um, the description should briefly summarize: 1) efforts to date to implement		
			quirement for all (prospective and existing) licensed, regulated and registered		
		provid	ers; and all providers eligible to provide care for children receiving CCDF; 2)		

h) Describe the status of the requirements, policies and procedures for the search of the state-

key activities planned toward implementation of this requirement; 3) key challenges to implementing this requirement; and 4) strategies used to address challenges:

based c	hild abı	use and neglect registry and database in each State where the staff member		
resided	during	the previous 5 years.		
	Fully implemented for all prospective and existing required child care providers (all licensed, regulated or registered; and all other providers eligible to deliver CCDF services (e.g., license-exempt CCDF eligible providers)). This means that the State/Territory has requirements and procedures in effect, and has conducted the state-based child abuse and neglect registry check on all new and existing child care staff.			
	i. ii.	Describe how these requirements, policies and procedures apply to all licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers, in accordance with 98.43 and 98.16(o). Describe how these requirements, policies and procedures apply to all other providers eligible to deliver CCDF services (e.g., license-exempt CCDF eligible)		
	iii.	providers), in accordance with 98.43 and 98.16(o) List the citation:		
ild care	nrovid	er must submit a request to the appropriate state/territory agency for a		

- 5.4.2 A child care provider must submit a request to the appropriate state/territory agency for a criminal background check for each child care staff member, including prospective child care staff members, prior to the date an individual becomes a child care staff member and at least once every 5 years thereafter. A prospective child care staff member may begin to work on a provisional basis for a child care provider after completing either a Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) fingerprint check or a search of the state/territory criminal registry or repository using fingerprints (in the state/territory where the staff member resides. However, the child care staff member must be supervised at all times pending completion of all the background check components (98.43(d)(4)).
- 5.4.3 Does the state/territory allow prospective staff members to begin work on a provisional basis (if supervised at all times) after completing the FBI fingerprint check or a fingerprint check of the state criminal registry or repository in the state where the child care staff member resides?

	□ No. □ Yes. Describe:
5.4.4	The state/territory must conduct the background checks as quickly as possible and shall not exceed 45 days after the child care provider submitted the request. The state/territory shall provide the results of the background check in a statement that indicates whether the staff member is eligible or ineligible, without revealing specific disqualifying information. If the staff member is ineligible, the state/territory will provide information about each disqualifying crime to the staff member.
5.4.5	Describe the requirements, policies, and procedures in place to respond as expeditiously as possible to other states', territories', and tribes' requests for background check results to accommodate the 45-day timeframe, including any agencies/entities responsible for responding to requests from other states (98.43(a)(1)(iii)).
5.4.6	Child care staff members cannot be employed by a child care provider receiving CCDF subsidy funds if they refuse a background check, make materially false statements in connection with the background check, or are registered or required to be registered on the state or National Sex Offender Registry. Potential staff members also cannot be employed by a provider receiving CCDF funds if they have been convicted of: a felony consisting of murder, child abuse or neglect, crimes against children, spousal abuse, crimes involving rape or sexual assault, kidnapping, arson, physical assault or battery, or—subject to an individual review (at the state/territory's option)—a drug-related offense committed during the preceding 5 years; a violent misdemeanor committed as an adult against a child, including the following crimes—child abuse, child endangerment, or sexual assault; or a misdemeanor involving child pornography (98.43(c)(1)).
	<i>Note:</i> The Lead Agency may not publicly release the results of individual background checks. It may release aggregated data by crime as long as the data do not include personally identifiable information (98.43(e)(2)(iii)).
5.4.7	Does the state/territory disqualify child care staff members based on their conviction for other crimes not specifically listed in 98.43(h)?
	□ No. □ Yes. Describe:
5.4.8	The state/territory has a process for a child care staff member to appeal the results of his or her background check to challenge the accuracy or completeness of the criminal background report, as detailed in 98.43(e)(3). Describe how the Lead Agency ensures the privacy of background checks and provides opportunities for applicants to appeal the results of background checks. In addition, describe whether the state/territory has a review process for individuals disqualified due to a felony drug offense to determine if that individual is still eligible for employment (98.43(e)(2–4)).

5.4.9	ens of p	e State/Territory may not charge fees that exceed the actual costs of processing applications d administering a criminal background check (98.43(f)). Describe how the state/territory sures that fees charged for completing the background checks do not exceed the actual cost processing and administration, regardless of whether they are conducted by the te/territory or a third-party vendor or contractor. Lead Agencies can report that no fees are arged if applicable (98.43(f)).
5.4.10	rec rec ind	deral requirements do not address background check requirements for relative providers who leive CCDF; therefore, States have the flexibility to decide which background check quirements relatives, as defined by CCDF, must meet. <i>Note:</i> This exception only applies if the lividual cares <i>only</i> for relative children. Does the state/territory exempt relatives from ckground checks?
		No, relatives are not exempt from background check requirements. Yes, relatives are exempt from <i>all</i> background check requirements. Yes, relatives are exempt from <i>some</i> background check requirements. If the state/territory
		exempts relatives from some background check requirements, describe which background

6 Recruit and Retain a Qualified and Effective Child Care Workforce

check requirements do not apply to relative providers.

This section covers the state or territory framework for training, professional development, and post-secondary education (98.44(a)); provides a description of strategies used to strengthen the business practices of child care providers (98.16(z)); and addresses early learning and developmental guidelines.

States and territories are required to describe their framework for training, professional development, and post-secondary education for caregivers, teachers, and directors, including those working in school-age care (98.44(a)). States and territories must incorporate their knowledge and application of health and safety standards, early learning guidelines, responses to challenging behavior, and the engagement of families. States and territories are required to establish a progression of professional development opportunities to improve the knowledge and skills of CCDF providers (658E(c)(2)(G)). To the extent practicable, professional development should be appropriate to work with a population of children of different ages, English-language learners, children with disabilities, and Native Americans (98.44(b)(2)(iv). Training and professional development is one of the options that states and territories have for investing their CCDF quality funds (658G(b)(1)).

6.1 Professional Development Framework

6.1.1 Describe how the state/territory developed its training and professional development Each State or Territory must describe their professional development framework for training, professional development, and post-secondary education, which is developed in consultation with the State Advisory Council on Early Childhood Education and Care. The framework should include these components: (1) professional standards and competencies, (2) career pathways, (3) advisory structures, (4) articulation, (5) workforce information, and (6) financing

(98.44(a)(3)). Flexibility is provided on the strategies, breadth, and depth with which states and territories will develop and implement their framework. Describe how the state/territory's framework for training and professional development addresses the following required elements:

• State/territory professional standards and competencies. Describe: _____

		 Career pathways. Describe: Advisory structure. Describe: Articulation. Describe: Workforce information. Describe: Financing. Describe: 		
		e following phrases are optional elements, or elements that should be implemented to the ent practicable, in the training and professional development framework.		
		Continuing education unit trainings and credit-bearing professional development to the extent practicable. Describe:		
6.1.2	rec Cai	scribe how the state/territory developed its training and professional development quirements in consultation with the State Advisory Council on Early Childhood Education and re (if applicable) or with another state or state-designated cross-agency body if there is no C that addresses the professional development, training, and education of child care oviders and staff		
6.1.3		entify how the framework improves the quality, diversity, stability, and retention of regivers, teachers, and directors (98.44(a)(7)). Check and describe all that apply.		
		Financial assistance to attain credentials and post-secondary degrees. Describe:		
		Financial incentives linked to educational attainment and retention. Describe:		
		Financial incentives and compensation improvements. Describe:		
		Registered apprenticeship programs. Describe:		
		Outreach to high school (including career and technical) students. Describe:		
		Policies for paid sick leave. Describe:		
		Policies for paid annual leave. Describe:		
		Policies for health care benefits. Describe:		
		Policies for retirement benefits. Describe:		

	Support for providers' mental health, such as training in reflective practices and stress-reduction techniques and health and mental health consultation services. Describe:
	Other. Describe:
6.2 Tr	raining and Professional Development Requirements
	The state/territory must develop training and professional development requirements, including pre-service or orientation training (to be completed within 3 months) and ongoing requirements designed to enable child care providers to promote the social, emotional, physical, and cognitive development of children and to improve the knowledge and skills of the child care workforce. Such requirements shall be applicable to child care providers caring for children receiving CCDF funds across the entire age span, from birth through age 12 (658E(c)(2)(G)). Ongoing training and professional development should be accessible and appropriate to the setting and age of the children served (98.44(b)(2)).
6.2.1	Describe how the state/territory incorporates the knowledge and application of its early learning and developmental guidelines (where applicable); its health and safety standards (as described in section 5); and social-emotional/behavioral and early childhood mental health intervention models, which can include positive behavior intervention and support models (as described in section 2) in the training and professional development requirements (98.44(b)(2)(ii)).
6.2.2	Describe how the state/territory's training and professional development requirements are accessible to providers supported through Indian tribes or tribal organizations receiving CCDF funds (as applicable) (98.44(b)(2)(vi))
6.2.3	Describe how the state/territory will recruit and facilitate the participation of providers with limited English proficiency and persons with disabilities (98.16(dd)).
6.2.4	If the Lead Agency provides information or services to providers in other non-English languages, please identify the three primary languages offered or specify that the State has the ability to have translation/interpretation in primary and secondary languages
6.2.5	Describe how the state/territory's training and professional development requirements are appropriate, to the extent practicable, for child care providers who care for children receiving child care subsidies, including children of different age groups (such as specialized credentials for providers who care for infants and/or school-age children); English-language learners; children with developmental delays and disabilities; and Native Americans, including Indians and Native Hawaiians (98.44(b)(2)(iii–iv)).
6.2.6	The Lead Agency must provide training and technical assistance to providers and appropriate Lead Agency (or designated entity) staff on identifying and serving homeless children and families (658E(c)(3)(B)(i)).
	a) Describe the state/territory's training and TA efforts for providers in identifying and serving homeless children and their families (relates to question 3.2.2)

	b)	Describe the state/territory's training and TA efforts for Lead Agency (or designated entity) staff in identifying and serving homeless children and their families (connects to question 3.2.2)		
5.2.7	The states and territories are required to describe effective internal controls that are in place to ensure program integrity and accountability (98.68(a)). Describe how the state/territory ensures that all providers for children receiving CCDF funds are informed and trained regarding CCDF requirements and integrity (98.68(a)(3)). Check all that apply.			
		Issue policy change notices Issue new policy manual Staff training Orientations Onsite training Online training Regular check-ins to monitor the implementation of CCDF policies The type of check-ins, including the frequency. Describe: Other. Describe:		
5.2.8	Lead Agencies must develop and implement strategies to strengthen the business per child care providers to expand the supply and to improve the quality of child care see (z)). Describe the state/territory's strategies to strengthen provider's business practical can include training and/or TA efforts.			
	a)	Identify the strategies that the state/territory is developing and implementing for training and TA.		
	b)	Check the topics addressed in the state/territory's strategies. Check all that apply.		
		 □ Fiscal management □ Budgeting □ Recordkeeping □ Hiring, developing, and retaining qualified staff □ Risk management □ Community relationships □ Marketing and public relations □ Parent-provider communications, including who delivers the training, education, and/or technical assistance □ Other. Describe: 		

6.3 Early Learning and Developmental Guidelines

6.3.1 States and territories are required to develop, maintain, or implement early learning and developmental guidelines that are appropriate for children in a forward progression from birth to kindergarten entry (i.e., birth-to-three, three-to-five, birth-to-five), describing what children should know and be able to do and covering the essential domains of early childhood

development. These early learning and developmental guidelines are to be used statewide and territory-wide by child care providers and in the development and implementation of training and professional development (658E(c)(2)(T)). The required essential domains for these guidelines are cognition, including language arts and mathematics; social, emotional, and physical development; and approaches toward learning (98.15(a)(9)). At the option of the state/territory, early learning and developmental guidelines for out-of-school time may be developed. Note: States and territories may use the quality set-aside, discussed in section 7, to improve on the development or implementation of early learning and developmental guidelines.

a)	Describe how the state/territory's early learning and developmental guidelines are research based, developmentally appropriate, culturally and linguistically appropriate, and aligned with kindergarten entry.
b)	Describe how the state/territory's early learning and developmental guidelines are appropriate for all children from birth to kindergarten entry.
c)	Check the domain areas included in the state/territory's early learning and developmental guidelines. Check all that apply.
	Cognition, including language arts and mathematics Social development Emotional development Physical development Approaches toward learning Other. Describe:
d)	Describe how the state/territory's early learning and developmental guidelines are implemented in consultation with the educational agency and the State Advisory Council or other state or state-designated cross-agency body if there is no SAC.
e)	Describe how the state/territory's early learning and developmental guidelines are updated and include the date first issued and/or the frequency of updates.
f)	Provide the Web link to the state/territory's early learning and developmental guidelines.
CCI	OF funds cannot be used to develop or implement an assessment for children that:

6.3.2

- Will be the primary or sole basis to determine a child care provider ineligible to participate in the CCDF,
- Will be used as the primary or sole basis to provide a reward or sanction for an individual provider,
- Will be used as the primary or sole method for assessing program effectiveness,
- Will be used to deny children eligibility to participate in the CCDF (658E(c)(2)(T)(ii)(I); 98.15(a)(2)).

Describe how the state/territory's early learning and developmental guidelines are used.

6.3.3 If quality funds are used to develop, maintain, or implement early learning guidelines, describe the measureable indicators that will be used to evaluate the state/territory's progress in improving the quality of child care programs and services and the data on the extent to which the state/territory has met these measures (98.53(f)(3)).

7 Support Continuous Quality Improvement

Lead Agencies are required to reserve and use a portion of their Child Care and Development Fund program expenditures for activities designed to improve the quality of child care services and to increase parental options for and access to high-quality child care (98.53). The quality activities should be aligned with a statewide or territory-wide assessment of the state's or territory's need to carry out such services and care.

States and territories are required to report on these quality improvement investments through CCDF in three ways:

- 1. In the Plan, states and territories will describe the types of activities supported by quality investments over the 3-year period (658G(b); 98.16(j)).
- 2. ACF will collect annual data on how much CCDF funding is spent on quality activities using the expenditure report (ACF-696). This report will be used to determine compliance with the required quality and infant and toddler spending requirements (658G(d)(1); 98.53(f)).
- 3. For each year of the Plan period, states and territories will submit a separate annual Quality Progress Report that will include a description of activities to be funded by quality expenditures and the measures used by the state/territory to evaluate its progress in improving the quality of child care programs and services within the state/territory (658G(d); 98.53(f)).

States and territories must fund efforts in at least one of the following 10 activities:

- Supporting the training and professional development of the child care workforce
- Improving on the development or implementation of early learning and developmental guidelines
- Developing, implementing, or enhancing a tiered quality rating and improvement system for child care providers and services
- Improving the supply and quality of child care programs and services for infants and toddlers
- Establishing or expanding a statewide system of child care resource and referral services
- Supporting compliance with state/territory requirements for licensing, inspection, monitoring, training, and health and safety (as described in section 5)
- Evaluating the quality of child care programs in the state/territory, including evaluating how programs positively impact children
- Supporting providers in the voluntary pursuit of accreditation
- Supporting the development or adoption of high-quality program standards related to health, mental health, nutrition, physical activity, and physical development
- Performing other activities to improve the quality of child care services, as long as outcome measures relating to improved provider preparedness, child safety, child wellbeing, or kindergarten entry are possible.

Throughout this Plan, states and territories will describe the types of quality improvement activities where CCDF investments are being made, including but not limited to, quality set-aside funds and will describe the measurable indicators of progress used to evaluate state/territory progress in improving the quality of child care services for each expenditure (98.53(f)).

This section covers the quality activities needs assessment and quality improvement activities and indicators of progress for each of the activities undertaken in the state or territory.

7.1 Quality Activities Needs Assessment for Child Care Services

apply.

7.1.1	nee the Des	Lead Agencies must invest in quality activities based on an assessment of the state/territory's needs to carry out those activities. Lead Agencies have the flexibility to design an assessment of their quality activities that best meet their needs, including how often they do the assessment. Describe your state/territory assessment process, including the frequency of assessment (658G(a)(1); 98.53(a)).				
7.1.2		Describe the findings of the assessment and if any overarching goals for quality improvement were identified.				
7.2 U	se of	f Quality	Funds			
7.2.1	Che	eck the q	uality improvement activities in which the state/territory is investing.			
		If check	ing the training and professional development of the child care workforce ed, respond to section 7.3 and indicate which funds will be used for this activity. Il that apply. CCDF funds Other funds			
			oing, maintaining, or implementing early learning and developmental guidelines. If I, respond to section 6.3 and indicate which funds will be used for this activity. Check apply. CCDF funds Other funds			
		Develop	oing, implementing, or enhancing a tiered quality rating and improvement system. If I, respond to 7.4 and indicate which funds will be used for this activity. Check all that CCDF funds Other funds			
		•	ng the supply and quality of child care services for infants and toddlers. If checked, I to 7.5 and indicate which funds will be used for this activity. Check all that apply. CCDF funds Other funds			
			hing or expanding a statewide system of CCR&R services, as discussed in 1.7. If I, respond to 7.6 and indicate which funds will be used for this activity. Check all that			

			CCDF funds			
			Other funds			
		training 7.7 and	ing compliance with state/territory requirements for inspection, monitoring, , and health and safety standards (as described in section 5). If checked, respond to indicate which funds will be used for this activity. Check all that apply.			
			CCDF funds			
	_		Other funds			
			ing and assessing the quality and effectiveness of child care services within the erritory. If checked, respond to 7.8 and indicate which funds will be used for this			
		activity	Check all that apply.			
			CCDF funds			
			Other funds			
			ing accreditation. If checked, respond to 7.9 and indicate which funds will be used activity. Check all that apply.			
			CCDF funds			
			Other funds			
		Support	ing state/territory or local efforts to develop high-quality program standards relating			
		to healt	h, mental health, nutrition, physical activity, and physical development. If checked,			
		respond	to 7.10 and indicate which funds will be used for this activity. Check all that apply.			
			CCDF funds			
			Other funds			
		services	ctivities determined by the state/territory to improve the quality of child care and which measurement of outcomes related to improved provider preparedness, fety, child well-being, or kindergarten entry is possible. If checked, respond to 7.11 icate which funds will be used for this activity. Check all that apply. CCDF funds Other funds			
	• •	rting Tra y Funds	nining and Professional Development of the Child Care Workforce With CCDF			
	edu	ication o	ies can invest in the training, professional development, and post-secondary of the child care workforce as part of a progression of professional development uch as those included at 98.44 in addition to the following (98.53(a)(1)).			
7.3.1	Describe how the state/territory funds the training and professional development of the child care workforce.					
	a)		nd describe which content is included in training and professional development as and describe who or how an entity is funded to address this topic. Check all that			
		incl	moting the social, emotional, physical, and cognitive development of children, uding those efforts related to nutrition and physical activity, using scientifically			

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		П	Implementing behavior management strategies, including positive behavior interventions and support models that promote positive social-emotional development and early childhood mental health and that reduce challenging behaviors, including a reduction in expulsions of preschool-age children from birth to age 5 for such behaviors.
			(See also section 2.5.) Describe: Engaging parents and families in culturally and linguistically appropriate ways to expand their knowledge, skills, and capacity to become meaningful partners in supporting their children's positive development. Describe:
			Implementing developmentally appropriate, culturally and linguistically responsive instruction, and evidence-based curricula and designing learning environments that are aligned with state/territory early learning and developmental standards. Describe:
			Providing onsite or accessible comprehensive services for children and developing community partnerships that promote families' access to services that support their children's learning and development. Describe:
			Using data to guide program evaluation to ensure continuous improvement. Describe:
			Caring for children of families in geographic areas with significant concentrations of poverty and unemployment. Describe:
			Caring for and supporting the development of children with disabilities and developmental delays. Describe:
			Supporting the positive development of school-age children. Describe: Other. Describe:
	b)	sta	eck how the state/territory connects child care providers with available federal and te/territory financial aid or other resources to pursue post-secondary education relevant the early childhood and school-age workforce. Check all that apply.
			Coaches, mentors, consultants, or other specialists available to support access to post- secondary training, including financial aid and academic counseling
			Statewide or territory-wide, coordinated, and easily accessible clearinghouse (i.e., an online calendar, a listing of opportunities) of relevant post-secondary education opportunities
			Financial awards, such as scholarships, grants, loans, or reimbursement for expenses, from the state/territory to complete post-secondary education
722	D.	□ ccrib	Other. Describe:
7.3.2			e the measureable indicators of progress relevant to this use of funds that the erritory will use to evaluate its progress in improving the quality of child care programs
			vices within the state/territory and the data on the extent to which the state or territory
			t these measures.
7.4 Q	ualit	y Ra	ting and Improvement System

Lead Agencies may respond in this section based on other systems of quality improvement, even if not called a QRIS, as long as the other quality improvement system contains the elements of a QRIS.

7.4.1	Does your state/territory have a quality rating and improvement system?			
		Yes, the state/territory has a QRIS operating statewide or territory-wide. Describe how the QRIS is administered (e.g., statewide or locally or through CCR&R entities) and any partners and provide a link, if available.		
		Yes, the state/territory has a QRIS initiative operating as a pilot-test in a few localities or only a few levels but does not have a fully operating initiative on a statewide or territory-wide basis. Provide a link, if available.		
		If Yes, describe the measureable indicators of progress relevant to this use of funds that the state/territory will use to evaluate its progress in improving the quality of child care programs and services within the state/territory and the data on the extent to which the state or territory has met these measures.		
		No, but the state/territory is in the QRIS development phase.		
		No, the state/territory has no plans for QRIS development.		
		No, the state/territory has no plans for Qilis development.		
7.4.2	QR	IS participation.		
	a)	Are providers required to participate in the QRIS?		
		☐ Participation is voluntary.		
		□ Participation is mandatory for providers serving children receiving a subsidy. If checked,		
		describe the relationship between QRIS participation and subsidy (e.g., minimum rating		
		required, reimbursed at higher rates for achieving higher ratings, participation at any level).		
		□ Participation is required for all providers.		
	b)	Which types of settings or distinctive approaches to early childhood education and care participate in the state/territory's QRIS? Check all that apply.		
		☐ Licensed child care centers		
		☐ Licensed family child care homes		
		☐ License-exempt providers		
		☐ Early Head Start programs		
		☐ Head Start programs		
		☐ State prekindergarten or preschool programs		
		☐ Local district-supported prekindergarten programs		
		□ Programs serving infants and toddlers		
		□ Programs serving school-age children		
		☐ Faith-based settings		
		☐ Tribally operated programs		
		Other. Describe:		

7.4.3 Support and assess the quality of child care providers.

7.4.4

7.4.5

☐ Yes. If yes, check all that apply.

The Lead Agency may invest in the development, implementation, or enhancement of a tiered quality rating and improvement system for child care providers and services. *Note:* If a Lead Agency decides to invest CCDF quality dollars in a QRIS, that agency can use the funding to assist in meeting consumer education requirements (98.33). If the Lead Agency has a QRIS, respond to questions 7.4.3 through 7.4.7.

Do the state/territory's quality improvement standards align with or have reciprocity with any of

the following standards? ☐ No. Yes. If yes, check the type of alignment, if any, between the state/territory's quality standards and other standards. Check all that apply. ☐ Programs that meet state/territory preK standards are able to meet all or part of the quality improvement standards (e.g., content of the standards is the same, there is a reciprocal agreement between preK programs and the quality improvement system). Programs that meet federal Head Start Program Performance Standards are able to meet all or part of the quality improvement standards (e.g., content of the standards is the same, there is a reciprocal agreement between Head Start programs and the quality improvement system). Programs that meet national accreditation standards are able to meet all or part of the quality improvement standards (e.g., content of the standards is the same, an alternative pathway exists to meeting the standards). ☐ Other. Describe: ☐ None. Do the state/territory's quality standards build on its licensing requirements and other regulatory requirements? ☐ No. ☐ Yes. If yes, check any links between the state/territory's quality standards and licensing requirements. ☐ Requires that a provider meet basic licensing requirements to qualify for the base level of the QRIS. ☐ Embeds licensing into the QRIS. State/territory license is a "rated" license. Other. Describe: Not linked. Does the state/territory provide financial incentives and other supports designed to expand the full diversity of child care options and help child care providers improve the quality of services that are provided through the QRIS. □ No.

			One time grants, awards, or bonuses		
			Ongoing or periodic quality stipends		
			Higher subsidy payments		
			Training or technical assistance related to QRIS		
			Coaching/mentoring		
			Scholarships, bonuses, or increased compensation for degrees/certificates		
			Materials and supplies		
			Priority access for other grants or programs		
			Tax credits (providers or parents)		
			Payment of fees (e.g., licensing, accreditation)		
			Other:		
			None		
7.4.6	Des	scribe the	e measureable indicators of progress relevant to this use of funds that the		
	sta	te/territo	ory will use to evaluate its progress in improving the quality of child care programs		
	and	services	s within the state/territory and the data on the extent to which the state or territory		
	has	met the	se measures.		
7.5 lm	pro	ving the	Supply and Quality of Child Care Programs and Services for Infants and Toddlers		
		_	ies are encouraged to use the needs assessment to systematically review and		
			e overall quality of care that infants and toddlers receive, the systems in place or		
			upport and enhance the quality of infant and toddler providers, the capacity of the oddler workforce to meet the unique needs of very young children, and the methods		
			ncrease the proportion of infants and toddlers in higher quality care.		
	Lea	ıd Agenci	ies are required to spend 3 percent of their total CCDF expenditures on activities to		
		_	e supply and quality of their infant and toddler care.		
7.5.1			ties are being implemented by the state/territory to improve the supply (see also		
	section 4) and quality of child care programs and services for infants and toddlers? Check all that apply and describe.				
	app	oly and d	escribe.		
		Establis	hing or expanding high-quality community- or neighborhood-based family and child		
		develop	ment centers. These centers can serve as resources to child care providers to		
		improve	e the quality of early childhood services for infants and toddlers from low-income		
		families	and to improve eligible child care providers' capacity to offer high-quality, age-		
		appropr	riate care to infants and toddlers from low-income families. Describe:		
		Establis	hing or expanding the operation of community- or neighborhood-based family child		
		care net	tworks. Describe:		
		Providir	ng training and professional development to enhance child care providers' ability to		
		•	developmentally appropriate services for infants and toddlers. Describe:		
		Providir	ng coaching, mentoring, and/or technical assistance on this age group's unique needs		
		from sta	atewide or territory-wide networks of qualified infant-toddler specialists. Describe:		

	Ц	Coordinating with early intervention specialists who provide services for infants and toddlers with disabilities under Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20		
		U.S.C. 1431 et seq.). Describe:		
		Developing infant and toddler components within the state/territory's QRIS, including		
		classroom inventories and assessments. Describe:		
		Developing infant and toddler components within the state/territory's child care licensing regulations. Describe:		
		Developing infant and toddler components within the early learning and developmental guidelines. Describe:		
		Improving the ability of parents to access transparent and easy-to-understand consumer information about high-quality infant and toddler care that includes information on infant and toddler language, social-emotional, and both early literacy and numeracy cognitive development. Describe:		
		Carrying out other activities determined by the state/territory to improve the quality of infant and toddler care provided within the state/territory and for which there is evidence that the activities will lead to improved infant and toddler health and safety, cognitive and physical development, and/or well-being. Describe:		
		Other. Describe:		
7.5.2	5.2 Describe the measureable indicators of progress relevant to this use of funds that the state/territory will use to evaluate its progress in improving the quality of child care progra and services for infants and toddlers within the state/territory and the data on the extent t which the state or territory has met these measures.			
7.6 Cl	nild (Care Resource and Referral		
	res app or i	ead Agency may expend funds to establish or expand a statewide system of child care ource and referral services (98.53(a)(5)). It can be coordinated, to the extent determined propriate by the Lead Agency, by a statewide public or private non-profit, community-based, regionally based lead child care resource and referral organization (658E(c)(3)(B)(iii)). This port may include activities done by local or regional child care and resource referral agencies, discussed in section 1.7.		
7.6.1	sta and	scribe the measureable indicators of progress relevant to this use of funds that the te/territory will use to evaluate its progress in improving the quality of child care programs d services within the state/territory and the data on the extent to which the state or territory and these measures.		
7.7 Fa	cilit	ating Compliance With State Standards		
7.7.1	pro	nat strategies does your state/territory fund with CCDF quality funds to facilitate child care oviders' compliance with state/territory requirements for inspection, monitoring, training, d health and safety and with state/territory licensing standards? Describe:		
7.7.2		es the state/territory provide financial assistance to support child care providers in complying h minimum health and safety requirements?		

	□ No.				
	☐ Yes. If yes, which types of providers can access this financial assistance?				
	☐ Licensed CCDF providers				
	☐ Licensed non-CCDF providers				
	☐ License-exempt CCDF providers				
	Other. Describe:				
7.7.3	Describe the measureable indicators of progress relevant to this use of funds that the state/territory will use to evaluate its progress in improving the quality of child care programs and services within the state/territory and the data on the extent to which the state or territory has met these measures.				
7.8 EV	valuating and Assessing the Quality and Effectiveness of Child Care Programs and Services				
7.8.1	Describe how the state/territory measures the quality and effectiveness of child care programs and services currently being offered, including any tools used to measure child, family, teacher, classroom, or provider improvements, and how the state/territory evaluates how those tools positively impact children.				
7.8.2	Describe the measureable indicators of progress relevant to this use of funds that the State/Territory will use to evaluate its progress in improving the quality of child care programs and services within the state/territory and the data on the extent to which the state or territory has met these measures.				
7.9 A	ccreditation Support				
7.9.1	Does the state/territory support child care providers in the voluntary pursuit of accreditation by a national accrediting body with demonstrated, valid, and reliable program standards of high quality?				
	 Yes, the state/territory has supports operating statewide or territory-wide. Describe the support efforts for all types of accreditation that the state/territory provides to child care centers and family child care homes to achieve accreditation Yes, the state/territory has supports operating as a pilot-test or in a few localities but not statewide or territory-wide. Describe: 				
	 □ No, but the state/territory is in the accreditation development phase. □ No, the state/territory has no plans for accreditation development. 				
7.9.2	Describe the measureable indicators of progress relevant to this use of funds that the state/territory will use to evaluate its progress in improving the quality of child care programs and services within the state/territory and the data on the extent to which the state or territory has met these measures.				
7.10 Pr	ogram Standards				
7.10.1	How does the state/territory support state/territory or local efforts to develop or adopt high-				

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quality program standards relating to:

	 ☐ Health. Describe the supports: ☐ Mental health. Describe the supports: ☐ Nutrition. Describe the supports: ☐ Physical activity. Describe the supports: ☐ Physical development. Describe the supports: 		
7.10.2	Describe the measureable indicators of progress relevant to this use of funds that the state/territory will use to evaluate its progress in improving the quality of child care programs and services within the state/territory and the data on the extent to which the state or territory has met these measures.		
7.11 O	ther Quality Improvement Activities		
7.11.1	List and describe any other activities that the state/territory provides to improve the quality of child care services, which may include consumer and provider education activities, and describe the measureable indicators of progress relevant to this use of funds that the state/territory will use to evaluate its progress in improving provider preparedness, child safety, child well-being, or kindergarten entry and the data on the extent to which the state or territory has met these measures.		
8 Eı	nsure Grantee Program Integrity and Accountability		
	Program integrity and accountability activities are integral to the effective administration of the CCDF program. Lead Agencies are required to describe in their Plan effective internal controls that ensure integrity and accountability while maintaining the continuity of services (98.16(cc)). These accountability measures should address reducing fraud, waste, and abuse, including program violations and administrative errors.		
	This section includes topics on internal controls to ensure integrity and accountability and processes in place to investigate and recover fraudulent payments and to impose sanctions on clients or providers in response to fraud.		
8.1 In	ternal Controls and Accountability Measures To Help Ensure Program Integrity		
8.1.1	Describe how the Lead Agency ensures that all its staff members and any staff members in other agencies who administer the CCDF program are informed and trained regarding program requirements and integrity. Check all that apply.		
	 □ Issue policy manual □ Issue policy change notices □ Staff training. Describe: □ Ongoing monitoring and assessment of policy implementation. Describe: □ Other. Describe: 		
8.1.2	Lead Agencies must ensure the integrity of the use of funds through sound fiscal management		

		practices for all expenditures of CCDF funds, including the following:				
		Verifying and processing billing records to ensure timely payments to providers. Describe:				
		Fiscal oversight of grants and contracts. Describe: Tracking systems to ensure reasonable and allowable costs. Describe: Other. Describe:				
8.1.3	Check and describe the processes that the Lead Agency will use to identify risk in their CCDF program. Activities can include, but are not limited to, the following:					
		Conduct a risk assessment of policies and procedures. Describe: Establish checks and balances to ensure program integrity. Describe: Use supervisory reviews to ensure accuracy in eligibility determination. Describe: Other. Describe:				
8.1.4	Lead Agencies are required to have processes in place to identify fraud and other program violations to ensure program integrity. Program violations can include intentional and unintentional client and/or provider violations, as defined by the Lead Agency. Administrative errors refer to areas identified through the error-rate review process. Check and describe any activities that the Lead Agency conducts to ensure program integrity.					
	a)	Check which activities that the Lead Agency has chosen to conduct to identify unintentional or intentional program violations.				
		 □ Share/match data from other programs (e.g., TANF program, Child and Adult Care Food Program, Food and Nutrition Service (FNS), Medicaid) or other databases (e.g., State Directory of New Hires, Social Security Administration, Public Assistance Reporting Information System (PARIS)). □ Run system reports that flag errors (include types). Describe: □ Review enrollment documents and attendance or billing records. □ Conduct supervisory staff reviews or quality assurance reviews. □ Audit provider records. □ Train staff on policy and/or audits. □ Other. Describe: 				
	b)	Check which activities the Lead Agency has chosen to conduct to identify administrative errors.				
		☐ Share/match data from other programs (e.g., TANF program, CACFP, FNS, Medicaid) or other databases (e.g., State Directory of New Hires, Social Security Administration, PARIS).				
		 □ Run system reports that flag errors (include types). Describe: □ Review enrollment documents and attendance or billing records. □ Conduct supervisory staff reviews or quality assurance reviews. □ Audit provider records. 				

		Train staff on policy and/or audits.Other. Describe:			
8.1.5	The Lead Agency is required to identify and recover misspent funds as a result of fraud, and it has the option to recover any misspent funds as a result of errors. Check and describe any activities that the Lead Agency uses to investigate and recover improper payments due to program violations or administrative errors, as defined by your state/territory.				
	a)	theck activities that the Lead Agency uses to investigate and recover improper payments ue to intentional program violations or fraud. Activities can include, but are not limited to, he following:			
		Require recovery after a minimum dollar amount of an improper payment and identify the minimum dollar amount. Describe: Coordinate with and refer to the other state/territory agencies (e.g., state/territory collection agency, law enforcement agency). Recover through repayment plans. Reduce payments in subsequent months. Recover through state/territory tax intercepts. Recover through other means. Establish a unit to investigate and collect improper payments and describe the composition of the unit below. Other. Describe:			
	b)	Describe the results of the Lead Agency activities regarding the investigation and recovery of raud or intentional program violations.			
	c)	theck any activities that the Lead Agency will use to investigate and recover improper ayments due to unintentional program violations. Activities can include, but are not limited o, the following:			
		Require recovery after a minimum dollar amount of an improper payment and identify the minimum dollar amount. Describe: Coordinate with and refer to the other state/territory agencies (e.g., state/territory collection agency, law enforcement agency). Recover through repayment plans. Reduce payments in subsequent months. Recover through state/territory tax intercepts. Recover through other means. Establish a unit to investigate and collect improper payments. Describe:			
	d)	theck any activities that the Lead Agency will use to investigate and recover improper ayments due to administrative errors. Require recovery after a minimum dollar amount of an improper payment and identify the minimum dollar amount. Describe:			

	Ц	Coordinate with and refer to the other state/territory agency(les) (e.g., state/territory		
		collection agency, law enforcement agency).		
		Recover through repayment plans.		
		Reduce payments in subsequent months.		
		Recover through state/territory tax intercepts.		
		Recover through other means.		
		Establish a unit to investigate and collect improper payments and describe the		
		composition of the unit below.		
		Other. Describe:		
3.1.6 What type of sanction will the Lead Agency place on clients and providers to help reduce improper payments due to program violations?				
		squalify the client. If checked, describe this process, including a description of the appeal ocess for clients who are disqualified		
		squalify the provider. If checked, describe this process, including a description of the peal process for providers who are disqualified		
	☐ Pr	osecute criminally.		
	□ Ot	her. Describe:		