

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Ride Acceptance GIS App

Flexible Pavement Committee Meeting April 17, 2019

Ride Acceptance GIS App

- What is the FDOT Ride GIS App?
 - Web-based GIS application that provides smoothness information of newly-constructed and resurfaced asphalt pavement
- Why is the Ride App needed?
 - Contractors and vendors may want to compare profiler data with FDOT data
 - Project personnel can review Acceptance data linked to a map
 - Review projects for the Smoothness Committee

Ride Acceptance GIS App

- How do I access the App?
 - https://devgis.fdot.gov/arcgisportal/apps/webappviewer/index.html? id=6cb50ea38ec14029ba3b460eb0b1c6e8
 - A link to the App will also be on the SMO Pavement Condition website soon
 - https://www.fdot.gov/materials/pavement/performance/pcs/index.shtm

App FAQs

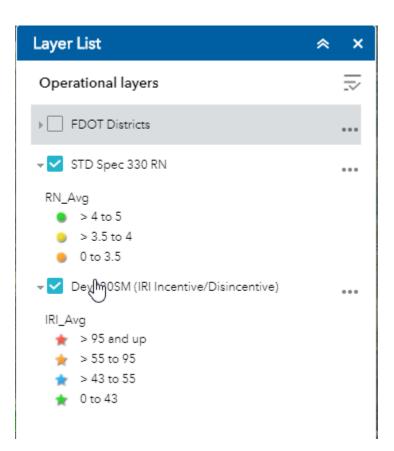
- What data is available?
- What do the colors of the data represent?
- How do I query data?
- How do I export data?

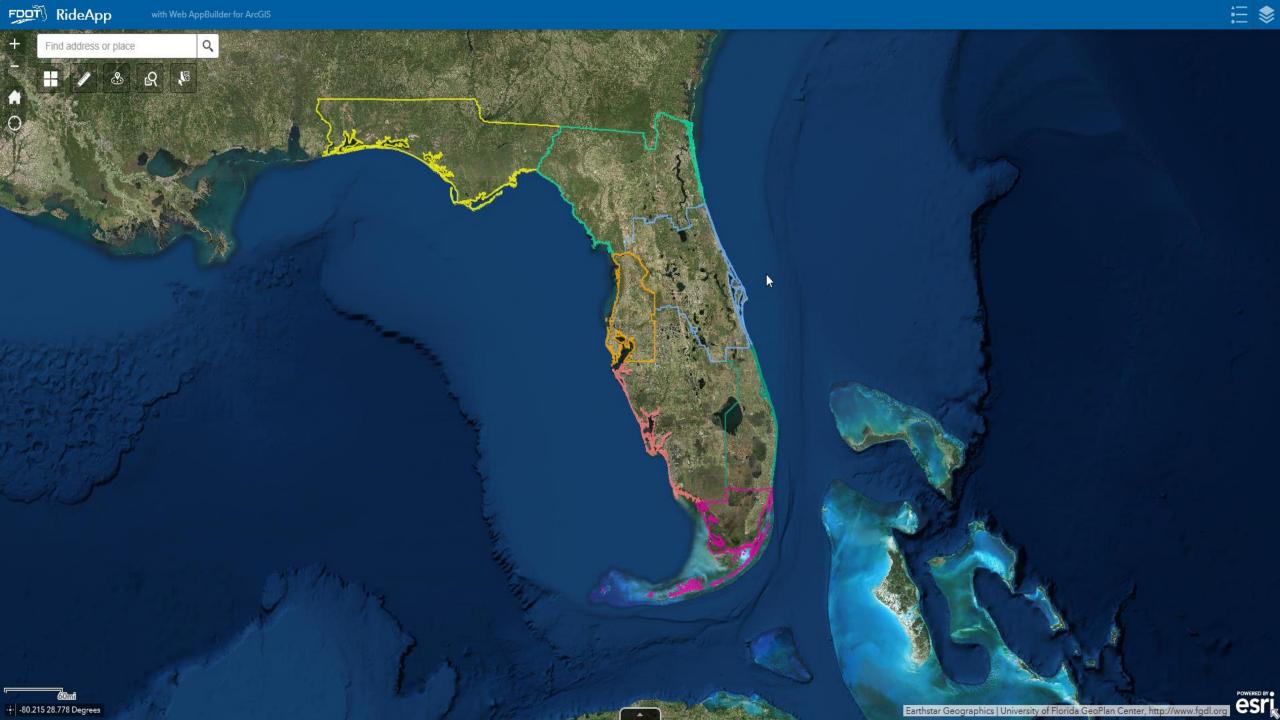
Available Data

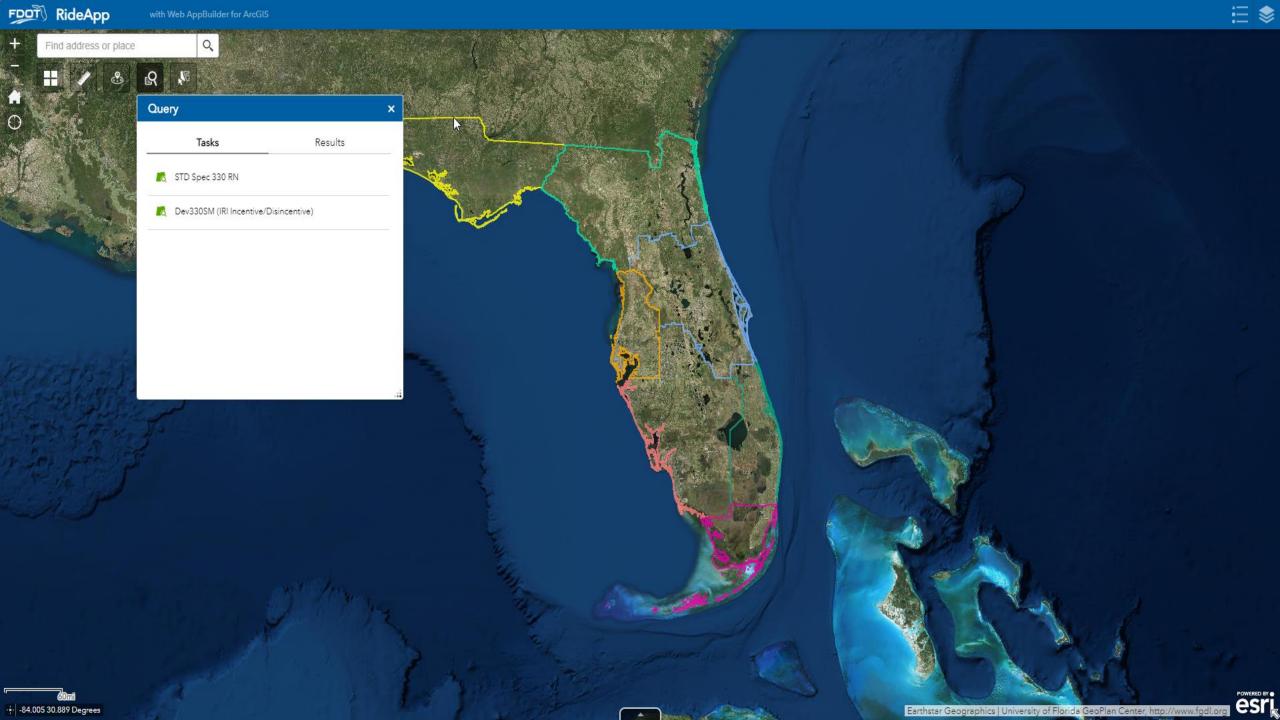
- Data Categories
 - Specification Version
 - Ride Number
 - International Roughness Index (Limited Access Incentive/Disincentive)
- Project Information
 - FIN, District, Roadway ID, State Route, Milepost Limits
- Project Data
 - Rated Lane, LOT Limits (Milepost and GPS)
 - Wheel path and average IRI and RN
 - Date tested

What do the Colors Represent?

- Ride data are in two categories
 - RN and IRI specifications
- Data is color coded according to specification ranges
 - RN spec
 - Full Pay
 - Evaluate 0.01 mile LOTs
 - IRI spec
 - Incentive
 - Full pay
 - Disincentive
 - Remove and replace

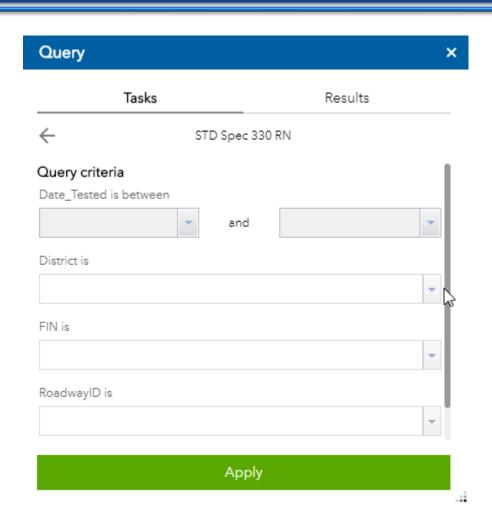




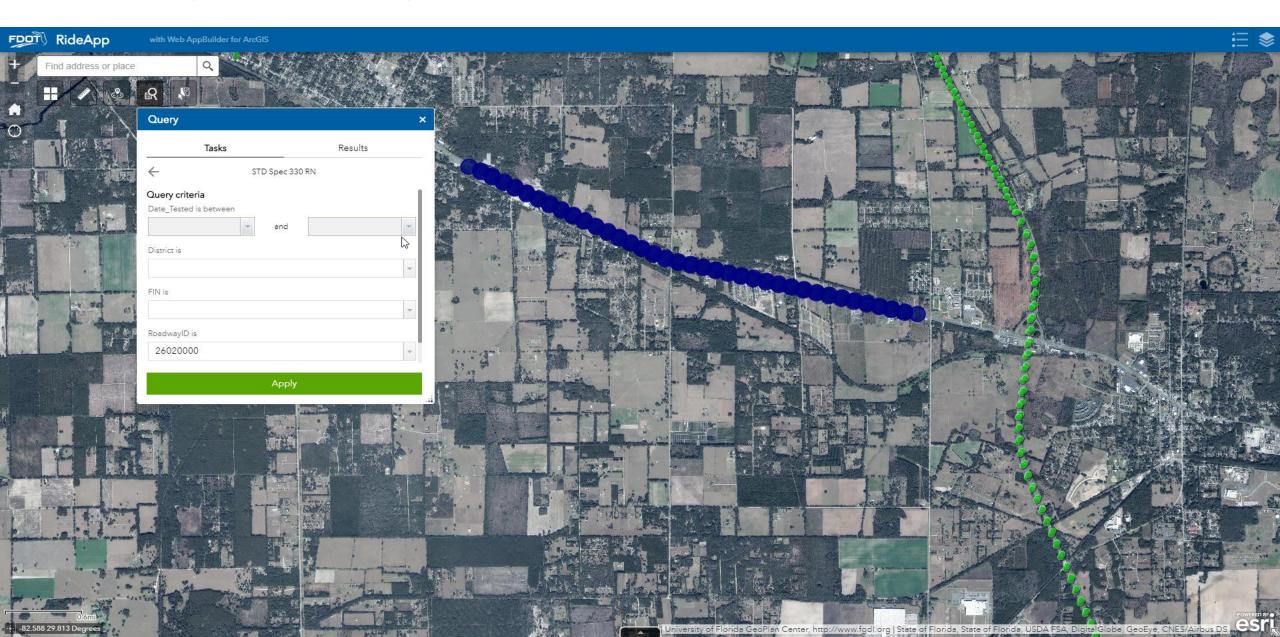


Query Data

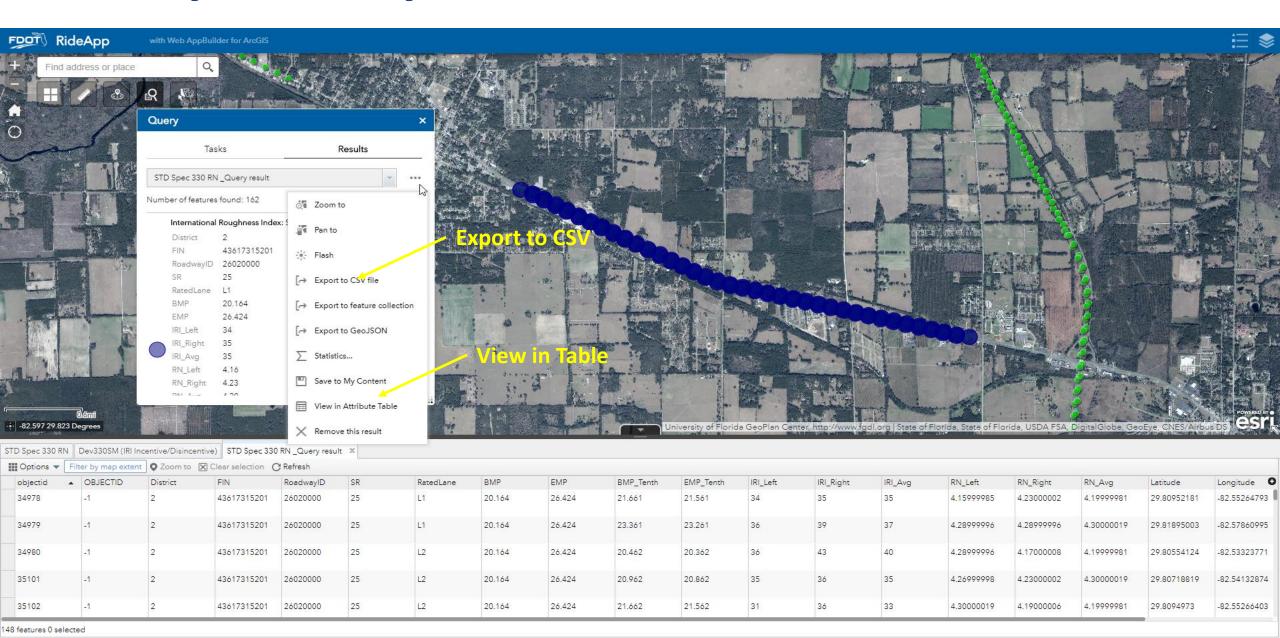
- Click on the Query Button
- Select the specification version
- Select query criteria
 - Date range
 - District
 - FIN
 - Roadway ID



Query Roadway ID = 26020000



Query Roadway ID = 26020000



Other Questions

- What location and value does the data point represent?
 - The data point represents the beginning milepost (BMP_Tenth) and the RN and IRI values correspond to the average value between the BMP_Tenth and the next data point (EMP_Tenth)



