

TRANSFORMING MATERNAL HEALTH

Viable solutions to the maternal health crisis





WHAT IS A BIRTH CENTER?

and what it is not



DEFINITION BY FEDERAL LAW

A freestanding birth center (FSBC) is defined at 42 USC §1396d(l)(3)(B) as health facility --

- (i) that is not a hospital;
- (ii) where childbirth is planned to occur away from the pregnant woman's residence;
- (iii) that is licensed or otherwise approved by the State to provide prenatal, labor and delivery or postpartum care and other ambulatory services that are included in the plan; and
- (iv) that complies with such other requirements relating to the health and safety of individuals

WHAT BIRTH CENTERS DO



What we do:

- Care for low-risk pregnancy, birth, postpartum, and newborn care including common ailments, disorders, and emergencies. (up to 90% of all birth)
- Ultrasound, infusion therapy, injections, immunizations, minor procedures
- Lactation
- Gynecological primary care
- Family primary care
- Case management
- Referrals, community resource integration
- Childbirth education

What we don't do:

- Inductions, epidurals, narcotics, cesareans

OVERSIGHT

LICENSURE

ACCREDITATION

MALPRACTICE

PROVIDERS

- Granted and maintained by the state
- Includes 100s of laws & administrative rules
- Granted and maintained by the CABC
- Includes 7,000+ criteria
- Maintained by all contract-seeking birth centers
- Standard 1M/3M policy
- Licensed, Board-certified
- ACNM, OSBN, NARM, OHA/OHLO, LDM-B





ACOG

THE AMERICAN COLLEGE OF
OBSTETRICIANS AND
GYNECOLOGISTS AND THE SOCIETY
OF MATERNAL AND FETAL
MEDICINE BOTH RECOGNIZE
FREESTANDING BIRTH CENTERS AS
FIRST-LINE HEALTHCARE FOR
PREGNANCY AND BIRTH.

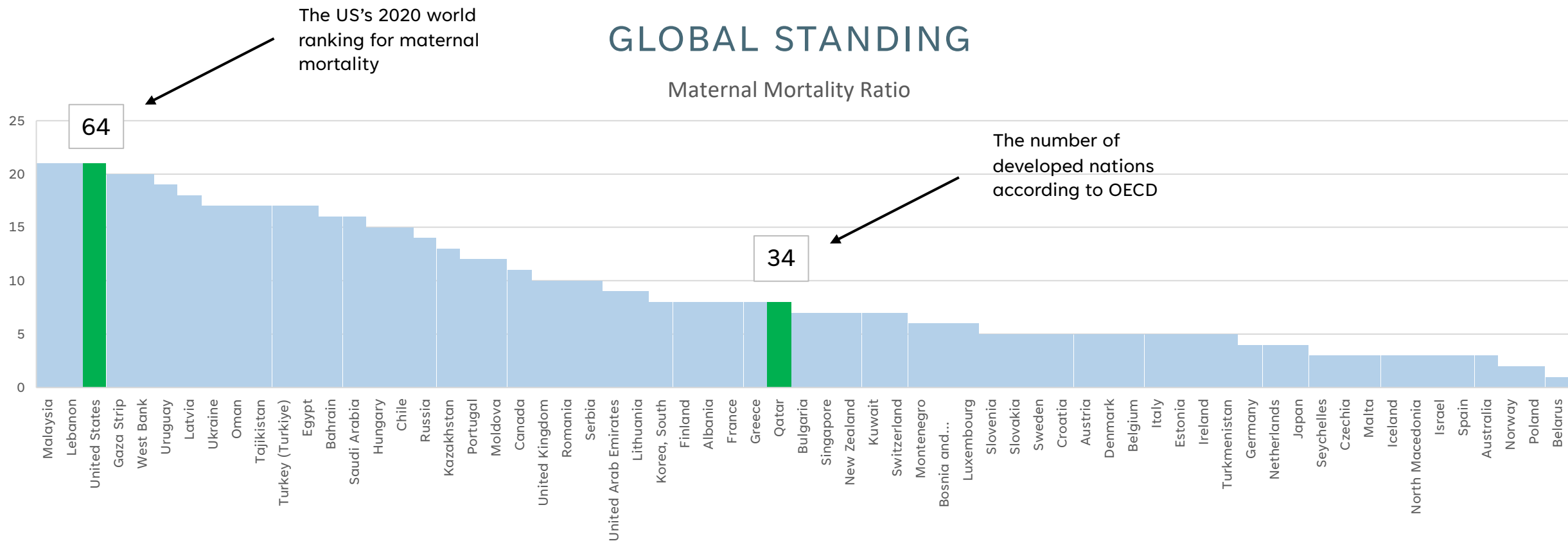




BUT WHY?

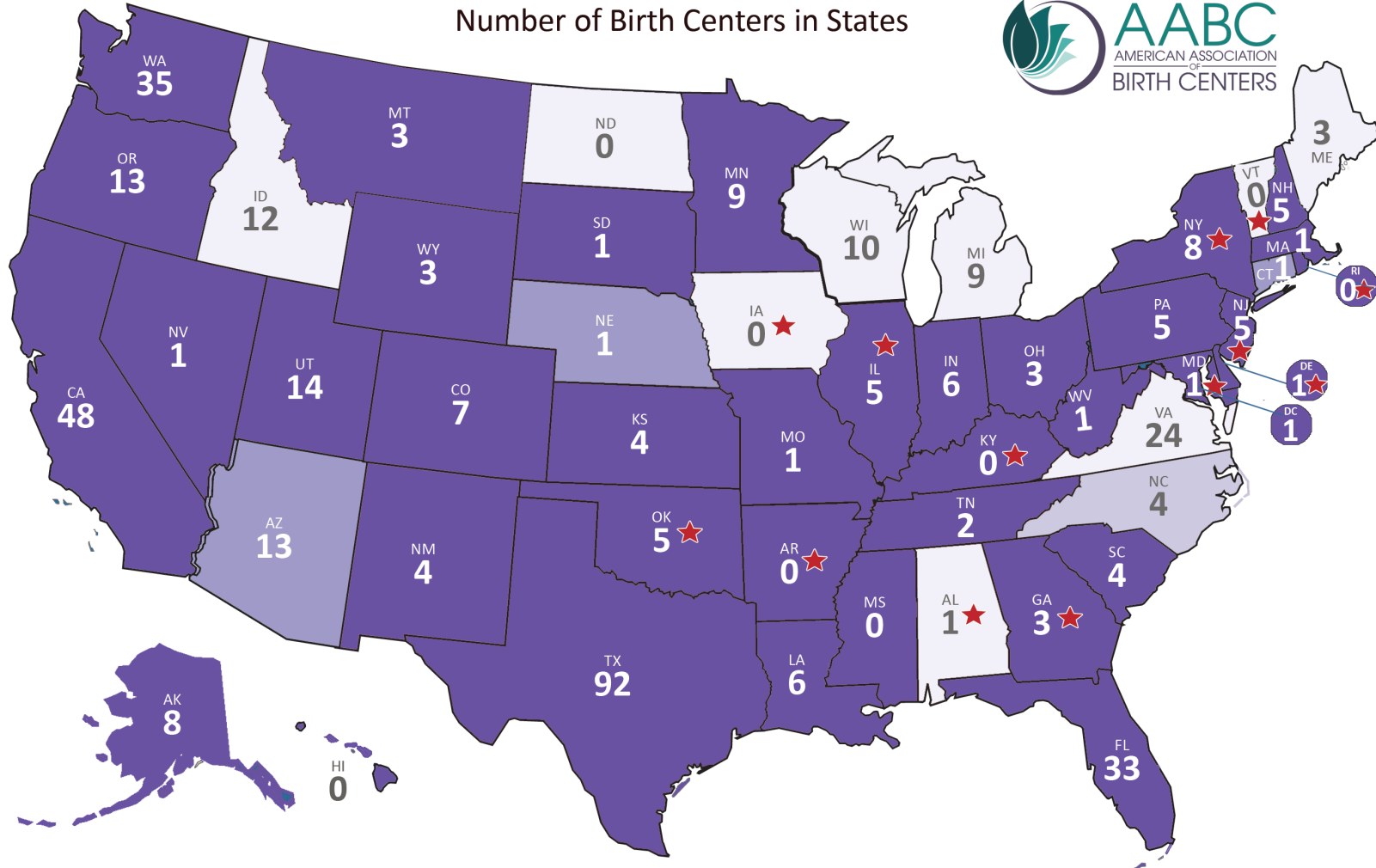
GLOBAL STANDING

Maternal Mortality Ratio



NUMBER OF BIRTH CENTERS

Number of Birth Centers in States



Birth Center Licensure + Medicaid Recognition

BC Specific Regulations Under Other Regulations No Licensure/Recognized by Medicaid No Licensure/No Medicaid Recognition

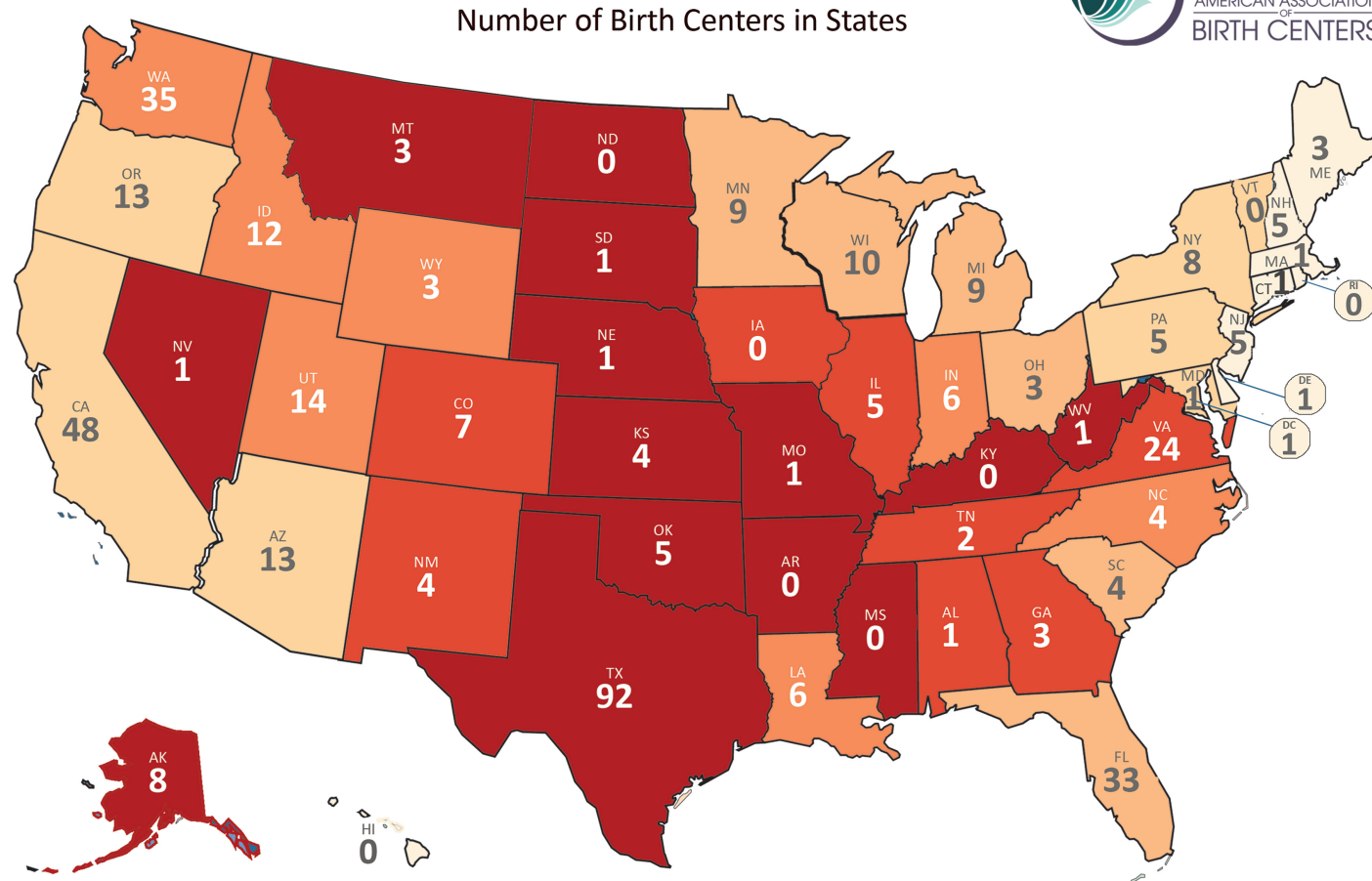
★ Certificate of Need (CON) Required for Birth Center

MATERNITY CARE DESERTS

Oregon Medicaid reports they expect 33% of rural hospitals in the northwest (incl WY and MT) to close in the next three years.

“We have to learn to provide healthcare in another way.”

415 v. 6,120



Percent of Counties in State with Maternity Care Deserts





OUTCOMES

2020	US Birth Centers	US Hospitals
Maternal Mortality	0.7/100,000	21/100,000 (64th in the world)*
Cesarean rate	<6%	33%
Epidural rate	10%	65-80%
NICU admit	2.5%	5.6%
Midwife-attended births	>99%	12%

Birth Centers are also outperforming hospitals for outcomes in: patient satisfaction, infection re-admits, breastfeeding rates, preterm birth, low birth weight, ER visits, VBAC success, episiotomy, provider trust, support for partners, medical literacy

*3/18/2024: the most recent data was released in the American Journal of Preventive Medicine and the MMR is now 31.8 (2020 rate: 21)



- Foundation for Healthcare Quality
- The Commonwealth Fund
- CDC
- WHO
- Surgeon General
- March of Dimes
- ACOG
- Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services
- TMaH
- Every Mother Counts
- The Century Foundation
- March for Moms
- United Nations Populations Fund
- National Institute of Child Health and Human Development
- Maternal Health Task Force
- AWHONN
- Black Mamas Matter Alliance
- National Partnership for Women and Families
- HRSA
- Families USA
- Regence (Value-based Payments for Episodes of Care)
- Health Care Cost Institute
- ACNM, NACPM
- The Blue Distinction
- Blue Cross Blue Shield Association



THE ACA

FACILITIES

Mandates for equal, sustainable access to birth centers.

PROVIDERS

Non-discrimination and reimbursement mandates for different provider types

COMMUNITIES

Supporting tangible change to maternal health

So why aren't there more midwives?
Where are all the birth centers?

SINGLE-VARIABLE COST SAVINGS

Average statewide facility reimbursement for uncomplicated vaginal delivery	14,125
Average statewide facility reimbursement for cesarean delivery	23,558
Number of babies born in Oregon in 2021	42,704
Number of cesarean sections performed that year (25.97%)	11,517
IF ALL OREGON FAMILIES STARTED CARE IN A FREESTANDING BIRTH CENTER	
Freestanding birth center cesarean rate	5.64%
X 42,704 births	2,409
Number of safely avoided c-sections	9,108
SINGLE-VARIABLE COST SAVINGS ANNUALLY	\$85,915,764



	MEDICAID - ALL	Hospital	Birth Centers
807	Vaginal Birth Facility	\$ 5,174.00	\$ 2,686.00
795	Newborn Facility	\$ 2,724.80	\$ -
120	Room & Board	\$ 5,487.33	\$ -
99285	OBED	\$ 905.44	\$ -
	TOTAL	\$ 14,291.57	\$ 2,686.00
			18.8%
		Why Birth Centers are NOT Sustainable	
788	Cesarean	\$ 7,732.00	
	State Cesarean Rate	32.10%	6.10%
100	BIRTHS	\$ 248,197.20	\$ 47,165.20
	SAVINGS		\$ 201,032.00



BUT BIRTH CENTERS ARE NOT HOSPITALS

we know.

Uncomplicated Vaginal Birth - Hospital

- 24 hour nursing staff
- 24 hour provider staff
- Equipment to safely evaluate uncomplicated labor and diagnose complications
- Ability to treat hemorrhages, lacerations, resuscitations, dystocias, and to stabilize and transport to higher acuity facility when needed
- Maintain 1/3M malpractice insurance
- Maintain national accreditation

Uncomplicated Vaginal Birth – Birth Center

- 24 hour nursing staff
- 24 hour provider staff
- Equipment to safely evaluate uncomplicated labor and diagnose complications
- Ability to treat hemorrhages, lacerations, resuscitations, dystocias, and to stabilize and transport to higher acuity facility when needed
- Maintain 1/3M malpractice insurance
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TRIPLE AIM

(institute for health care improvement)

1

fair and equitable access =
Fair and equitable
reimbursements

2

Improved access = improved
outcomes and cost-savings

3

Improved outcomes + cost
savings = bringing the United
States out of last place



SO, HOW DO WE DO THIS?



1. Separate reimbursement for professional and facility fees for parent and baby.
2. **Reimbursement at the same rate regardless of provider or facility type.**
3. Inclusion of all licensed provider types.
4. Standardized facility code sets common to all maternity and newborn services, regardless of location, to prevent misuse of insurance dollars.
5. National recognition of midwives as primary care providers for pregnancy and birth.
6. National recognition of freestanding birth centers as first line of care.

GET IN TOUCH, WE WANT TO HELP

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